

# THE NEWTON GRAPHIC.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 9.

NEWTON, MASS., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1888.

TERMS—\$2.00 PER YEAR.



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620 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass.

## Special Notice.

We have made arrangements with the manufacturers of Cobb's Soaps, to allow us to distribute to the people of Newton, a limited number of introductory packages in order that the public may test the merits of these valuable soaps.  
The packages you will notice displayed in our window contain:  
2 bars Cobb's Borax Soap at 10 cts per bar, .20  
1 cake Cobb's Complexion Soap, .25  
Total, .45  
We shall sell the packages for a short time for only 25 cts each or about one-half the regular retail price for these goods.  
Not more than 4 PACKAGES sold to any one person.  
The COMPLEXION TOILET SOAP is carefully medicated and delicately perfumed. COBB'S BORAX SOAP is combined with borax in correct proportions. It does not injure the most delicate fabric and is especially adapted for washing BLANKETS and FLANNELS, as it does not shrink them and leaves them soft as new.  
Now is the time to test the merits of these goods.

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where he is prepared with better facilities to execute all orders with the same care and personal supervision as in the past. Having had seventeen years' experience on Back Bay work in the city of Boston, and over six years on some of the best work in the city of Newton, perfect satisfaction is guaranteed.  
Have water attached to the leading modern water closets at store for inspection and information of house owners and others.  
The thorough ventilation of the drainage system of buildings a specialty.

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Jobbing and other work receive personal supervision. Contractor for gas piping. Agent for Portland Stone Ware Co's Drain Pipes, Vases, Etc.  
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**Lehigh Furnace Coal**  
FOR SALE BY  
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## SEAL GARMENTS —AND OTHER— FURS.

We have now open one of the most carefully selected and thoroughly manufactured stocks of  
**FINE FUR GOODS**

to be found in New England, comprising Seal, Sable and Fur-lined Garments.  
Also every description of the smaller furs and fur trimmings, all of the choicest and most reliable character.  
Prices as low as CHOICE goods can be sold.

**Joseph A. Jackson,**  
412 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON. 51  
**NEWTON.**

—Miss Cora M. Lane has returned to Milford.

—Mrs. Moore of Carlton street has been quite seriously ill, but is slowly recovering.

—For Christmas novelties, cards, stationery, etc., go to A. V. Harrington's news agency.

—Officer Baker is off duty this week and is confined to the house, owing to rheumatic troubles.

—Rev. Jonathan Edwards of Wellesley Hills preached in the Eliot Church last Sunday morning.

—Mr. E. H. Hames and family of Walnut Park will spend the next three months in Boston.

—See the bargains at the Newton Bazaar before purchasing in Boston. No trouble to show goods.

—Mr. J. Henry Bacon of Francis Murdoch & Co. is in New York this week buying Christmas goods.

—The election of officers of Nonantum Colony, Pilgrim Fathers, occurs at the last meeting in December.

—Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Page have returned from a visit to Me. Mr. Page's health is much improved.

—The advent lecture in Grace church next Sunday night will be delivered by the Rev. A. F. Washburn of Boston.

—The "H. G. L." of the Newton High School gave a party in Cole's Hall last Saturday evening. It was a pleasant, social affair.

—Mr. John S. Farlow was last Saturday elected president of the Massachusetts Reform Club, and Mr. John W. Carter of West Newton, secretary.

—Mrs. George Manley fell on the sidewalk at Hyde Park, where she was visiting relatives a few days since, and sprained her back. She has since been confined to the house.

—Miss Grace Blodgett returned to Smith College, Monday. She spent her Thanksgiving vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Blodgett.

—The Ladies' Missionary Society of Grace Church will hold its annual sale in the Parish House on next Thursday, Dec. 13, from 2 to 10 p. m. Supper from 6 to 8.

—Ward One made the first election return at the City Hall, Tuesday evening, the ballot box arriving shortly after 9 o'clock, a few minutes earlier than the returns from Ward Four.

—The board of health will have a meeting in the aldermanic room in the City Hall, this (Friday) afternoon, at 4.20 o'clock. The meeting was not held Tuesday on account of the election.

—Mrs. H. A. Crosby and Miss H. F. Morgan will give an invitation exhibition of this season's work in China Decoration and Oil Painting, at No. 8 Eldridge street, Dec. 12, 13 and 14, from 3 to 10 p. m.

—Mr. Joseph Baker of Sargent street was one of the gentlemen who went from Boston to Maine to see the launching of the five masted ship, Gov. Ames. Many Boston men of prominence were of the party.

—The Republican victory was celebrated by the firing of a salute of seven guns, one for every ward, including Ward Five, from the summit of Mt. Ida. The echoes were heard in all the surrounding towns.

—Rev. C. J. Ketchum of Arlington, delivered the first in a series of advent lectures in Grace Church, Sunday evening. The second lecture in the course will be delivered by Rev. A. F. Washburn, next Sunday evening.

—A very handsome brass lamp has been placed over the Eagle Lecture in Grace church. It is a great improvement. There is a prospect, it is rumored, of another one of the same kind being placed over the pulpit.

—The tunnel has been in pretty bad shape this week, owing to the heavy rain fall and it has been necessary to lay heavy planks in order to keep pedestrians out of the water. Some draining process seems to be necessary.

—The brotherhood of Grace church elected Mr. Charles F. Wood president at their annual meeting. The other officers are vice president, Mr. Geo. A. Flint; secretary, Mr. Walter E. Holmes, and treasurer, Mr. Edward Page.

—A particularly pleasant finale to the Fasching in Venice and Jai-Al-Reu entertainments will be the Promenade Concert to be given Saturday evening, December 8th, for which the Harvard Glee Club have very kindly offered their services.

—There is some disappointment that there is to be no weather vane on the steeple of the new Eliot Church. When the weather probabilities are so uncertain, every one likes to know the directions of the wind and make up his own probabilities.

—There is some complaint this week because the girl's evening school is held

in the top story of the Underwood School House, which is very inconvenient for some of those who wish to attend. This may possibly be the reason for there not being a larger attendance.

—Mr. Cyrus N. Campbell, for many years a resident of Newton, died suddenly of heart disease, Tuesday morning. He was nearly 74 years old and a brother of Mrs. O. C. Fisher and Mrs. C. H. Darling. He leaves a widow and daughter, and was buried at Hennessey, N. H., on Friday.

—Some of the boys who frequent the public library have been very disorderly and last week an example was made of one of them, by arresting him and sending him to the House of Correction. There has been a noticeable improvement since in the behavior of the boys at the library.

—A sale of useful and fancy articles will be held by the Mission and in the parlors of the Baptist Church, Newton, on Wednesday, Dec. 12, opening at 3 o'clock p. m., and Thursday evening at 7 o'clock p. m. Admission 10 cents. Supper will be served on Thursday evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

—The meeting of the Natural History Society in Eliot Block, Wednesday evening, was well attended, and Mr. C. J. Maynard gave a very interesting account of his eight months in the West Indies. He also exhibited a fine collection of specimens. The society will probably have the lecture published.

—Katie Donovan, a servant employed in the family of F. C. Morgan, attempted suicide Monday evening. She took an ounce of laudanum but an emetic was promptly administered and she recovered. The reason for the rash act is unknown, but it is believed that the girl was suffering from an attack of melancholia.

—The anniversary of the consecration of Grace Church and also the anniversary of the Brotherhood of the parish was celebrated with interesting services last Friday evening. The choir of men and boys from Christ Church, Cambridge, rendered the musical numbers and the sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. J. F. Spaulding.

—The Channing Literary Union held its first meeting for the season, Thursday evening, taking the form of a reception, which was largely attended. There was some fine singing by the choir, a piano duet by Mr. R. H. Clouston and his son, and a violin solo by Mr. John Cole. Refreshments were served during the evening.

—Postmaster Morgan has had his application for an extra letter carrier granted, and has appointed Fred C. Morgan to the position, which makes five regular carriers on the Newton force. Last month the carriers delivered 55,000 pieces of mail matter, and 5,000 on Monday of this week. This number was just the increase over last month.

—Mr. Sylvester Bowman, who died suddenly on Sunday in Newton at the age of 81, was formerly a resident of the South End, and for many years was proprietor of the largest distillery in New England. He was also engaged in the African trade, and was the organizer and president of the Grace Furnace company. Mr. Bowman lived with Mr. Dexter D. Bowman, on Nonantum Hill.

—Mrs. Hannah Moore, long employed by the government in connection with the Boston customs department, died in Philadelphia last week. The Rev. Dr. Shinn conducted the funeral services at the Forest Hills chapel on Monday. Mrs. Moore was the widow of Captain Moore, and came to Newton to reside, where he has lived since. Personally, he was a man of excellent character and genial disposition, a loving father and husband, and a man generally respected and esteemed. He attended the Unitarian church, with his family, and was always a welcome visitor in social circles. A widow and three children survive him. The funeral takes place from the Unitarian church, Sunday.

—There will be a quarterly convention of the district committee of the Young Men's Christian Association at the Methodist church, corner Centre and Wesley streets, Wednesday, Dec. 12. There will be morning and afternoon sessions of the delegates, and the public are invited for the evening at 7.30. As delegates from many associations will be present, an interesting session may be expected.

—The English Literature class of Channing church discussed the Love poems of Browning on Tuesday evening, and Mrs. Robertson of Charlestown, Rev. Mr. Hornbrooke and Rev. Mr. Spaulding read several selections. At the next meeting Stanford will be studied. For the seven remaining meetings tickets can be had for only 25 cents, at the Newton Bazaar. The class has a large attendance and is arousing considerable interest.

—The Harvard Technology road race will be held next Saturday over a course of about nine miles. The start will be near Newton Corner, and from there the course will wind through West Newton, along sharply through West Newton to the great sign boards, and back to Newton Corner by Beacon and Walnut streets. Harvard's representatives will be Bailey, '91, Barron, '91, Brown, '91, Greenleaf, '92, Holmes, '93, Rogers, '92, and Wirts, '92.

—Channing council, No. 76, R. A., at its last regular meeting elected the following officers for the term ending Dec. 31st, 1888: Past Regent, Charles A. Gregg; Regent, Melville C. Rich; Vice-Regent, John Weir; Orator, Albert I. Wagstaff; Secretary, Jessie G. Taft; Collector, William H. Pearson; Treasurer, Frank L. Clark; Guide, George R. Aston; Chaplain, Madison Bunker; Warden, D. C. Morgan; Secretary, W. L. Stiles.

—The negotiations for the purchase of the Newton Electric Light and Power Co. by the Newton & Watertown Gas Light Co., have been consummated, and the Gas Company took possession December 1. The same force of men, with Mr. Cutler as electrical superintendent, will be retained, and the lighting service will continue as in the past years, with similar prices. Mr. A. W. Learned, the Gas Co. superintendent, will also be the general superintendent of the electric light department.

—The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Sullivan was celebrated Thanksgiving day at the residence of their daughter, Mrs. Francis Markoff. The guests were mostly confined to the children of the venerable couple, and their families, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Sullivan of Newtonville, and Mrs. J. Albert Sullivan of Ashland. Mrs. Sullivan's health was not sufficient for a more elaborate celebration but the important anniversary was very pleasantly commemorated, and their many friends in Newton will wish them many happy returns of the day.

—Champion Leavitt of Newton has broken the record in the swimming contest at the Grand Museum in Boston, doing

ing a half mile in 15m. 43s. nearly a minute better than Captain Webb's famous performance. In a few weeks Mr. Leavitt will go to England with Manager Fred Kyle to engage in swimming matches for the world's championship with Beckwith and other famous swimmers of that country. Mr. Kyle thinks Leavitt has remarkable powers as a swimmer, and as he also managed the unfortunate Webb in many of his contests some years ago, Mr. Kyle ought to know just how good Leavitt is.

—Mr. G. D. Gilman has been suffering for some time with a disease of the arm, and the physicians decided that amputation would have to be resorted to. On Tuesday the operation was performed by Dr. Gay of Boston, and the patient is under the care of his family physician, Dr. Field, and is reported to be doing as well as could be expected. As an illustration of Mr. Gilman's conscientious idea of the duty of a citizen, it might be mentioned that he went to the polls and voted before the operation was performed. All will be sorry to learn of the misfortune and will hope that he may have a speedy recovery to health. Fortunately it was the left arm that was affected, so that Mr. Gilman will suffer as little inconvenience as possible in such a case.

—Ginn & Company have issued a new pamphlet, entitled "Sharing the Profits" by Mary Whiton Calkins, A. M. The preface states that the pamphlet contains an attempt to state, in the shortest and clearest terms, the theory of profit-sharing, to explain its methods and to describe its results. Some of the facts appeared in letters to the Boston Herald and the Congressionalist, but these letters have been enlarged and recast in their present form, for a short course of lectures before the class in political economy at Wellesley College. They present the latest information in regard to profit-sharing in France, where it has been successfully adopted, and also some reference to attempts to introduce it into this country. All interested in this subject will find this little book of great value.

—The Bishop of Wyoming gave a very breezy and interesting description of missionary work in Wyoming and Idaho at Grace Church Sunday morning, and he evidently is well fitted to succeed in that work. He has a fine voice, a magnetic manner, and a great amount of tact, and his description of the way he gives notice of his arrival at a frontier town, and his purpose to hold a meeting, proved his ability to deal with any kind of a congregation. He said that the idea that a man who had failed as a preacher in the east, would make a good missionary, was a very mistaken one, as the qualities which made a man a successful preacher, were the very ones to make him a successful missionary. Some idea of the size of his diocese can be gained from his statement that it is larger than all New England, the Middle States, and three or four southern states thrown in.

—Samuel W. Kendal, Jr., died this morning at his late residence, corner Thornton and Washington streets, at 6.50 o'clock. The deceased was born in Framingham, Oct. 25, 1842, and was 46 years of age. He was an invalid for nearly three years. He was a successful business man, and was formerly with the firm of Muller, Ide & Co., Boston, importers of tailor's trimming goods. He was earnest and conscientious in business matters, and accumulated considerable property. In 1876, he was married to Miss Minerva B. Howe, of South Weymouth, and came to Newton to reside, where he has lived since. Personally, he was a man of excellent character and genial disposition, a loving father and husband, and a man generally respected and esteemed. He attended the Unitarian church, with his family, and was always a welcome visitor in social circles. A widow and three children survive him. The funeral takes place from the Unitarian church, Sunday.

**Y. M. C. A.**

The meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday was of unusual interest to the large number who were present. A praise service of fifteen minutes, as usual, preceded the meeting which began at four o'clock. The meeting was in charge of Mr. J. M. Clapp, of the Baptist church. He stated at the outset, that he intended to preach a sermon, a sort of "three cornered one," or he would call it three sermons, which he divided something as follows: "The Cursedness of Debt," "The Beauty of Simplicity," "The Joy of Independence." The speaker stuck to his texts, and the texts stuck to the audience, as was evidenced by their interest in the forebode and logical manner in which the speaker brought out his ideas which were eminently practical, and contained good, wholesome, christian common sense, and of a kind we ought often to have brought to the attention of young people.

The devotional committee will endeavor to appoint leaders to these four o'clock meetings that will meet the diversified needs of the variety of classes who meet together, and we hope have a still greater interest in the good work which is growing under the influence of them. The meeting next Sunday, at four o'clock, will be of unusual interest. This year being the centennial of the death of Charles Wesley, memorial services through this and other countries will take place on that day and will consist chiefly of song, thus celebrating the genius and piety which inspired the great writer of the many hymns in use by all denominations. Mr. H. Campbell will have charge, and an instructive and entertaining service can be assured. We wish, also, to invite all ladies to meet Mrs. Charles Lawrence in the association rooms, at three o'clock, for the study of the Sunday-school lesson. Mrs. Lawrence has had a wide experience in Bible work, and her broad views and agreeable manner will make the hour spent together altogether too short.

**J. FLETCHER BARBER,**  
President.

**BARGAIN TABLES.** On stepping into the familiar grocery store of Morey, Churchill & Morey, you are continually surprised at its extent and at the variety of new and beautiful things with which their tables are loaded. See their bargain tables.

## POLITICAL ETHICS.

HOW MR. DICKINSON WAS ELECTED.

To the Editor of the GRAPHIC:—

The election of last Tuesday resulted in the defeat of certain candidates for office and it becomes their friends to accept defeat as gracefully and as pleasantly as possible. There are some things which are more valuable than victory and success does not excuse trickery even in politics. Certain methods were employed to elect Mr. John W. Dickinson to the school committee, and it is due the public and all concerned that the truth be told. If the methods were honorable as well as effective, then the public can remember those who employed and reward them with its faith and confidence in the future; if on the other hand, the means were dishonorable and unworthy of an honest man, not to say a gentleman, those who in the desperation of their cause resorted to them deserve, and will no doubt receive the well merited contempt and scorn of all those who value honor more than success and principle more than place. The end does not justify the means even in practical politics.

Before the election, a ballot bearing the heading "Regular Republic Ticket, except for school committee in Ward Two," was prepared by the committee of which the undersigned is chairman, for the convenience of those who wanted to vote for Mr. Burr and Mr. White, for it bore the latter name in place of that of Mr. Dickinson. It is not necessary here to describe the tickets. They were distributed broadcast over the city on Monday afternoon, and no attempt was made to deceive any one as to their character. They were not "sprung" upon the voters. The heading was totally unlike that of the regular Republican ticket. On Tuesday morning the tickets were taken to every polling place, Ward Three among the others. In Ward Three the person who took them to the ward room was obliged to leave them in the room as no one had come to take them when he left for the train. Mr. James T. Allen took these ballots, to which he had no claim whatever, carried them from the ward room and secreted them in a drawer in an ante-room, where they could not be found when wanted. About 500 or 600 of these ballots were put into the West Newton polling place. When questioned about the affair Mr. Allen not only admitted that he had carried off the ballots and hidden them in another room, but said that he was proud of the act. He further declared that it was his ballot, and that he would teach the boys that they could not come into Ward Three and defeat the gentlemen's candidate. He said he would have locked the drawer and thus doubly secured their non-use had he been able to turn the key. To all intents and purposes he looked up 500 ballots which did not belong to him with the avowed intention of preventing the voters expressing their preference. Mr. Allen can not take shelter under the claim that the ballots were fraudulent. They were not, every provision of the law having been complied with, and they were counted all over the city on Tuesday evening. Neither were they "boys' ballots," for they were prepared and placed in the ballot box by the act of legal voters of this city, and it made no difference who was the agent who did the work. Were what Mr. Allen did true, which it was not, the warden, not he, was the man to remove the ballots. Mr. Allen arrogated to himself the powers of the election officers and his action was high handed and totally unwarranted. Few men even in the desperate strait for votes in which Mr. Allen found himself, would stoop to such means to win. We leave it to the fair minded citizens of Newton to say whether Mr. Allen's ballot-grabbing was honorable and a thing to be proud of. The new ballot law comes none too soon if it is possible for a politician to take and secure his opponents' ballots and yet not be liable at law for an action for stealing. The friends of Mr. White do not feel at all cast down about the result. When it is considered that Mr. Burr had 608 majority for mayor and that Mr. Dickinson had only 118 votes in the committee, it is a boy's story, 't i k t h y may well be proud of the fight that they have made. It is evident that had the Citizens ticket run anywhere near that of the Republicans Mr. White would have been elected. Mr. White received a large portion of the Republican vote, as shown by a study of the returns. Mr. Dickinson was elected by a class of voters whose prejudice was appealed to and who were won over by the circulation at the last moment of stories which were false but which could not be contradicted until too late. In order to secure Mr. Dickinson's election, false stories were used and ballots grabbed and secreted. That was the price they paid. We would not pay it and fought the battle honestly and fairly, and feel assured that hereafter the citizens of Newton will look with suspicion on those who use such methods to win. If Mr. Dickinson cannot say he is proud of his office, then, obtained, he is welcome to it. Mr. White's friends are satisfied with the result feeling that in spite of all he made a splendid run. We cannot always win but we can make a stand for what we think is right and for honesty and honorable dealing in elections, as well as in the other affairs of life.

HENRY WHITMORE.

## Newton Hospital Aid Association.

The Annual meeting of the Newton Hospital Aid Association will be held on Tuesday, Dec. 11, in the Baptist church, Newton, at eleven A. M. All persons interested in Hospital work are cordially invited to be present.

## Seal Skins

of the best quality and carefully made, at Joseph A. Jackson's, 412 Washington street, Boston. Also a full assortment of furs, in coats, muffs, and bands.

Winks—"Been keeping yourself mighty scarce since the election, Jinks. Guess you remember that you were to wheel me five squares if Cleveland lost?" Jinks—"No, I haven't forgotten it, but I can't find a rope." Winks—"Rope?" Jinks—"Yes, I always do my wheeling on a tight rope." Winks—"Oh! Well, never mind about the bet. You needn't pay. Ropes are expensive."—[Philadelphia Record.



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 Latest styles in Hats and Bonnets and general  
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**French and Canadian Millinery**  
 Goods and Novelties in all the newest patterns.  
 Cords always in stock and especial attention  
 given to orders for Mourning Goods.  
 \*Old Cate made new by Shriver's patent pro-  
 cess. Hats dyed, pressed and Feathers dried.

and curled at short notice.

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Ellet Block, Elmwood St.,  
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Open Monday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

**GEO. W. BUSH,**  
ivery, Hack and Boarding Stable.  
Particular attention paid to Boarding Horses.  
Hacks at depot for conveyance of passengers to  
all parts of the city. Horses and carriages to  
let for business or pleasure.

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Orders by telephone promptly attended to.

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Would respectfully inform the citizens of Newton  
that he can be found at the above place, and will  
be pleased to attend to all orders personally. Having had over  
twenty years experience in the business, I trust I  
can attend to all calls that may come under my  
direction, to the satisfaction of all parties who  
may require the services of an Undertaker. 11

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**PEERLESS DYES** Are the BEST.  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.



## A LIBRARY CURIOSITY.

A BOSTON PAPER OF THE REVOLUTION.  
1778.

(Written for the GRAPHIC by Hon. Horatio King.)

Through the favor of Mrs. Mary E. H. Stebbins, well known in the literary world, fifty years ago, as Mary E. Hewitt, author of a volume of poems, and who still survives with unclouded intellect at over eighty years of age, I have been put in possession of a valuable revolutionary relic, a description of which can hardly fail to interest the reader. It is a copy of a newspaper bearing the following heading in six lines, mainly in capitals, across the top of the first of four pages, 15-12 by 9-14 inches in size, viz:

"The Independent Chronicle and the Universal Advertiser. Thursday, June 11, 1778. Massachusetts's State: Boston: Printed by Powers and Willis, opposite the new Court House."

In a fancy border, separating this heading in the centre, stands the figure of a soldier, in his right hand a drawn sword, in his left, a scroll inscribed, INDEPENDENCE and over his head another scroll with the words, APPEAL TO HEAVEN. The texture of the paper, now of a yellowish tint, is coarse, its edges ragged, and its columns, three to a page, are separated by double rules.

Over two columns of the first page are filled by a letter which a correspondent, subscribing himself "your constant customer, A. Z.", says he has transcribed for the paper evidently in the hope that it might "afford new light to those who now have the principal subject of it under their serious consideration, especially if it should divert them from the impracticable, and therefore vain project of supporting the credit of fictitious wealth, by a general regulation of commerce."

The letter, without signature, appears to have been prompted by a "desertion upon trade by the Marquis Belloni," which the writer says he had read several times. It is, he observes, an excellent piece, and contains the substance of all the best remarks which have been made by our modern politicians on that subject, with advice to sovereigns relative to the direction of commerce, manufactures and the circulation of money."

It would seem that the Marquis advocated special government, direction of "all those things," while his critic asks if it was not more necessary "to let them take their own way, under proper protection only? How many general and particular manufactures have been established and brought to perfection, by liberty alone, each having been carried on in its own right? \* \* \* How many things are now carried on with tolerable success, merely from hitherto existing a pretended legislative police, which, instead of advancing, retards the progress of industry and improvement. \* \* \* Indeed the removal of obstacles is all that is necessary for the success of trade. It asks nothing of the public, but good judges, the discountenance of monopoly, an equal protection to all the subjects, an inviolable coin, roads and canals: Besides these articles, all other cares are vicious; and this vice is the more pernicious to a State, as it flows from an ill-conducted zeal:—this zeal has partitioned officers in employment and authority, and it requires whole ages to undeceive them of their errors. Trade, the writer continues, is the science of individuals; but a general direction of trade cannot be a science, for it is impossible." He says the directors of trade arrogate to themselves all knowledge relative to the direction of commerce, and that "if this arrogance be faulty, and they consult their caprice more than their understanding, the result will be, laws that cramp commerce, and favours unjustly conferred. \* \* \* It is reported of the great Colbert, Prime minister of Henry IV. of France, that when he convened the several deputies of commerce at his house, and asked what he could do for the benefit of trade? the most sensible and plainest spoken man among them replied in these words, 'Let us alone.' Have we ever reflected upon the good sense of this short answer? \* \* \* If once the multitude are allowed to take their own way, the world will be soon undeceived, to the great advantage of society, and show that the passage of merchandise from one state to another ought to be as that of the air and waters. All Europe (and why not America?) ought to be no other than a general and common fare; the person or nation which should make the best commodity should find the greatest advantage. The difference and expense of carriage are sufficient reasons for any nation to prefer its own goods to those of others; and this judgment the writer clinches with the further assertion that "the custom-house duties will always have a bad effect, for the finances of a nation ought to be raised from the consumption only, as all duties levied upon transportation be they what they will, never fail to distress trade."

These extremely radical free trade doctrines pervade the entire letter.

The next article is headed "The Independent Whig [No. 1]." Its title is supposed to convey the idea of the writer's liberality and love of freedom. It occupies the remainder of the first and over a column of the fourth and last page, skipping the second and third. The writer starts out with the remark that he had "seen in a late Philadelphia paper a speech of the British minister in the House of Commons, introducing two bills relating to the American dispute, of a conciliatory complexion, and he makes a vigorous protest against listening for a moment to any terms of settlement short of complete independence. He congratulates his country on the victory, which, if rightly improved, must produce the most decisive consequences to American independence. To establish and maintain our rank in the scale of nations, we have only to determine if it shall be so. A moderate exertion of good sense, perseverance and vigour, will soon put us in possession of the object of our wishes. The most sanguine of our enemies must now be convinced that the phantom of military conquest has vanished, and that the ministry of Great Britain are making their last effort of despairing impotence. The contrast between their former and present conduct is striking. Instead of boasting promises to lay America at their feet, to reduce her in a single campaign to unconditional submission, they are compelled to adopt the language of mean concession, and hypocritical extenuation. Experience has taught them what all wise men knew from the beginning, and what, if it had been properly attended to, would have deterred them from a profusion of

blood and treasure, to purchase disgrace to themselves and ruin to the nation they have betrayed. \* \* \* What are we to do upon this occasion? Are we to listen to the offers of a delusive and dishonourable compromise. Are we in the moment of triumph to renounce the prize for which we fought and bled—to plead guilty to the charge of rebellion, and accept insulting pardons from men who have done all that vindictive rage would invent to enslave and ruin us? Every patriot's heart must swell with indignation at the idea."

The writer concludes his indignant patriotic protest with the following pointed remarks:

"Were we to come to a compromise with England, the situation of those who have taken an active part in the war, would be truly deplorable. While the enemies to their country would be courted and honored, they would be insulted, persecuted and despised. Abject and miserable at home, we should be still more abject and miserable abroad. No country would afford us an asylum from infamy. American meanness would become proverbial throughout the world, and every nation on earth would point the finger of derision at us, for abandoning, in the full career of success, a work so happily begun, and letting slip the golden opportunity of securing independence to our country, and laying the foundation of an empire, which would be the envy and admiration of mankind."

Surely, this writer had a clear conception of the situation and a vivid foresight of the future magnitude and power of the United States.

Next, we have a proclamation "Given at New York, in the state of Pennsylvania, this Ninth Day of May, Anno Domini, One Thousand, Seven Hundred and Seventy-Eight." Henry Laurens, President, Charles Thomson, Secretary, signing the proceedings. The preamble declares that "violences have been done by American armed vessels to neutral nations, in seizing ships belonging to their subjects under their colors, and in making captures of those of the enemy whilst under the protection of neutral coasts, contrary to the usage and custom of nations;" and this is followed by a solemn warning and threat of condign punishment, against the commission of "such unjustifiable and piratical acts, which reflect dishonour upon the national character of these States."

Following this Proclamation, we have "Extracts of the Minutes, in Congress, May 22, 1778," certified by Charles Thomson, Secretary: "Resolved, That it be recommended to the Legislatures of the respective States, to enact Laws for expelling from Militia Duty all Persons who have deserted, or shall hereafter desert, from the British Army and Navy during the present War," etc.

On the 21st of April news was received at Charlestown, South Carolina, from Georgia, of the capture by "Col. Elbert and Col. White in the Washington and Lee galleys of the State, joined by the Bullock Gally," of several vessels "belonging to the King of England;" and "our galleys are gone to attack the Galleon of war, said to be on shore at Jekyll Island. This ship has long investigated, and interrupted the trade of Georgia and South Carolina. The bulletin further states, 'We are menaced with an expedition from St. Augustine against Georgia, and are sending troops (under command of Col. Charles Cotsworth Pinkney) to the assistance of our sister state.'"

The "Rattlesnake privateer of Philadelphia, Capt. McCulloch," had carried two prizes into Georgia.

It was reported at Poughkeepsie on the 25th of May that provisions, both fresh and salt were very scarce in the city of New York, "and though the prices are limited by martial law, yet the seller generally found means to obtain more; that a good quarter of a veal could be sold for half a joe, and other provisions in proportion; that even the soldiers were stinted to half allowance of salt meat, and it was supposed the scarcity would increase, as 42 transports had just arrived from Philadelphia with invalids and tory inhabitants."

A correspondent, signing himself "Milton," in an address of a column and a quarter, "To the People of Massachusetts," declares earnestly against the laws of the state, by which he declares that "Congregationalism is as certainly established by them as Episcopacy is established by the laws of England," and he goes at length into an argument, adducing facts, to show that the effect of these laws was to compel Christians of other denominations to contribute towards the support of Congregational churches whether they attended such churches or not. "Their estates must be rated and their property be taken from them, to assist in the maintenance of a preacher who they seldom, or never hear. This my countrymen, is to pay something for nothing." As pertinent, he asks leave to introduce a story, which he says he had heard repeated, but "the truth of which I do not affirm."

"A collector of ministerial rates called upon a certain barber for his proportion of the minister's tax. To whom, in great surprise he replied, *I once had nothing, I never attended his preaching; I cannot help that, said the collector, you live in the parish, the doors are open every Sunday, and Mr. — preaches to the congregation; you may attend if you please. The assessor then inquired how much, and I must have the money! The poor barber was accordingly obliged to pay it. The next day he made a visit to the minister himself, and complained of the injustice of forcing him to pay for what he never had. O. S., said the minister, that is your fault, your meeting house is open every Sunday. The barber, finding he could get no relief, went home; and after some months had elapsed, he carried in an account to the minister for shaving him and dressing his wig. He looked at it with astonishment, and with no small degree of resentment, said to him, I owe you nothing, I never employed you. I cannot help that, said the barber, that is your fault, my shop is open all the week, and you may be served if you please."*

The second page closes with two thirds of a column of short advertisements, the first offering for sale "at the wharf of Patrick Tracy, Esq., (Newbury-Port) the Brigantine Sally, about 200 tons—she is fixed for 16 guns, and is very well furnished."

The Schooner Nancy, 70 tons barthen, and a number of carriage guns, swivels, some second-hand sails and small stores belonging to ships, were also on sale at Capt. Brachury Sanders' wharf at Gloucester. Several other vessels are offered, some of them like the above, seeming to be intended for privateering. Touching three of these, and a "near pair of dou de-fortified three pound cannon, six swivels, and twenty casks of essence of spruce," etc., inquiry could be made "of Capt. Bachelor of Newbury-Port, or Capt. Sawyer of Taunton."

John Head of Boston and Leonard Jarvis of Bedford were interested in the sale of "the Snow Robert and her cargo, consisting of about 480 casks of flaxseed and 50 tons tustick." The latter merchant also offers "Alum, Best Bordeaux Claret, New England and West India

Rum, Brandy," etc.

It must have been pleasant in those perilous times to know that "The English Grammar school in State street continues open still, and here the youth of either sex may learn to spell and read, and speak and write the best of languages, as true, correct, and elegantly as they wish to."

News from London up to the 23rd of March had been received, but nothing very important, save that it was expected war would be soon declared against France; Lord Amherst had been "promoted to the rank of General, in order to his taking upon him the command in chief of all the forces in America; and May 17th 'The commissioners (that are to go to America) had meeting at the Earl of Carlisle's and were several hours in consultation."

Under the general head, *America*, are about two columns of interesting news articles worthy of being introduced entire had we room.

At Lancaster, May 24th, "the remains of His Excellency, Thomas Wharton, Jr., Esq., President of the Supreme Executive Council of Pennsylvania, was interred with military honours."

At Fish-Kill, May 31st, the sloop of war, King-Fisher, of 16 guns, was obliged to tow off with precipitation, having been haled several times by well-directed shot, from a couple of guns sent down for the purpose, under the command of Capt. Moodie."

Deserters from the British Army were daily coming in from Philadelphia and New York.

A letter received at Hartford, June 9, states that "a considerable village 40 miles west of Albany is destroyed by the Indians and Tories, which brought on an engagement between the enemy and a party of the Continental troops and militia, who went to the assistance of the former. Our people were defeated, and lost 25 killed and missing."

Also by the way of Hartford, information comes through a gentleman from Gen. Washington's headquarters, "that a large body of the enemy crossed from Philadelphia, at Cooper's Ferry, into Jersey, and that the division of the American Grand Army were under marching orders, and it was expected the enemy designed to march through New Jersey to New York."

About daybreak, Sunday, May 31st, "a party of 150 troops from the house of the command of Major Ayres, landed at the mouth of Fall River, with a design to burn Freetown and the Mills. They set fire to the lower mill, and a house that stood on the shore; but the town and upper mills, by the vigilance of the inhabitants, were saved. A party of the enemy's intention, they took up the bridge and posted themselves behind a wall that commanded it, from whence they kept up a brisk fire on the enemy, that after an engagement of near an hour, and on both sides, they were compelled to retire, leaving behind them one killed and another mortally wounded."

Boston, June 11, Col. Ransaler from Albany, reports "that Major-General Delancey, Colonel Robinson, the late Mayor of the city of Albany, together with two other gentlemen of note, had arrived on the flag from the city of New York, and that the Hon. Governor Clinton, soliciting the protection of the States, with the offer of delivering up all their paternal property to obtain it. They received answer that the pleasure of Congress must first be known before they could be received to march."

The Honorable Brigadier-General Nixon, &c., set off from his house at Framingham, to join his brigade at Fish-Kill."

"Two Tories were lately hanged at Albany, and ten more were to suffer the same on the 30th of June."

"State of Massachusetts Bay.—In the House of Representatives, April 20, 1778." Under this caption follow a preamble and resolution, showing that a number of men who had been drafted as a part of the State's quota, and others absent without leave, and who had returned home without leave, and failed to join the Continental army at Fish-Kill; and it was resolved to appoint superintendents in each county, whose duty it should be to cause said men to be immediately marched to the army, and delivered into the charge of Brigadier Jonathan Warner, appointed by the General Court to receive them. These proceedings were "sent up for concurrence," signed "J. Pitts, Speaker P. T. In Council, April 20, 1778. Read and concurred John Avery, Deputy Secretary, and others appointed were: For Suffolk, Maj. Stephen Badlam; Essex, Hon. Michael Farley, Esq.; Middlesex, Hon. Eleazer Brooks, Esq.; Hampshire, Noah Goodman, Esq.; Plymouth, Maj. David Tilden; Barnstable, Col. Enoch Hallett; Bristol, Maj. James Smith; Worcester, John Frost, Esq.; Worcester, Maj. Seth Wadsworth; Cumberland, Maj. James Johnson; Lincoln, Col. Samuel McCobb; Berkshire, Capt. Isaac Marsh."

The rest of the paper—one column on the third and two on the fourth page—is devoted to various advertisements. N. Cushing, Judge of Court in Middlesex, signs two legal notices of vessels libelled. Samuel Lee of Manchester offers eight dollars reward for "a negro man, named Caesar, about five feet and a half high," who had absconded in a new uniform, home-spun coat, and other clothing not known; and Ephraim Fuller of Middleton, cautions all persons against, and forbids their harboring a runaway "Negro Girl named Venus, in the 19th year of her age, as they would avoid the penalty of the law. Undy Hey, D. Q. M., offers ten dollars reward for a small Assortment of English Goods; and Joseph Burrell, in Union Square, keeps a similar assortment, together with "Brown Sugar, a few Casks of excellent Porter, &c. William Greenleaf sells Garden Seeds on Cornhill; M. Brimmer offers Cheshire and Gloucester Cheese, the Porter, Port Wine, Jesuit's Bark, &c. E. Sigourney, "little above the Market," deals in Paper-Hangings, Ward Ware, Bed Tick, Crockery Ware, &c. John Sebring, corner of Winter street—a "sable and cap-maker claims to have had several years experience in some of the principal shops in London," and is confident of meeting "with the approbation of those Gentlemen and Ladies who favor him with their custom." There is only one regular drugstore advertisement mentioned, that of William Scollay, at his shop in State street, formerly called Brazen Head. (Did he give the name to "Scollay's Square?") Among "a variety of the most approved patent medicines, warranted genuine," he advertises "Lockyer's Pills" in reference to

which Mrs. Stebbins mentions the singular fact of such advertisement, when Lockyer had been in his grave more than two hundred years, having died on the 20th of April 1692, aged 72. Taken also, in connection with the following epitaph, which she has preserved in her album, it is still more curious:

EPITAPH IN ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH, SOUTHWICK.

Here Lockyer lies interred—enough his name Speaks one hath few competitors in fame. A name so great, so general it may seem Inscriptions, which do vulgar tombs adorn. A diminution 'tis to write in verse His eulogies, which most men's mouths rehearse;

His virtues and his Pills are so well known, That ever can't confine them under stone. But they'll survive his dust and not expire Till all things else, at th' universal fire, This verse is lost,—his Pills embalm him safe To future times, without an epitaph.

The following transcribed entire, will speak for itself:

ALL Persons, who are indebted to the Honourable JOHN HANCOCK, Esq., are requested to make immediate Payment to the Subscriber, who is fully empowered to receive his dues; and persons who have Demands upon or accounts open with Mr. HANCOCK, are also desired to bring them in for immediate settlement. Constant Attendance for the above Business, will be given at the Subscriber's House in Tremont street, near the Chapel William Bart, Attorney to the Hon. JOHN HANCOCK, Esq. Continental bills will be received in Payment, in preference to Gold and Silver.

J. Gill, in Court Street, has for sale a book, or pamphlet, price 12s, containing the "Proceedings of a General Court Martial held at Cambridge on Tuesday 20th of January, 1778; Upon trial of Col. David Henley, together with the speeches &c. of General Burgoyne, the Judge Advocate and Col. Henley." A note states: "As this Trial was a matter of much conversation last winter, the printer presumes the Publick will not be displeased at now having it in their power to read the speeches of the extraordinary Personage who makes a principal figure in it and in what manner this Loyal General could address a number of men whom his Master would call a Rebel Court Martial."

One advertisement more, and we will bring our pretty liberal summary to an end. It reads:

To be Sold by T. & J. FLEET, in Cornhill.

THE second edition of Mr. FISKE'S Sermon on the Tragical Death of Mr. Joshua Spooner, who was barbarously murdered at Brookfield by three Ruffians hired for that purpose by his Wife, preached on the day of his interment, from 2 Sam. iii. 31—*As a man fallen before weapons of war, so is he that is slain by the sword.* To which is now added, some Account of the Trial and Condemnation of the Perpetrators of that horrid Deed.

Alluding to the above, Mrs. Stebbins writes: "My mother told us of the execution of this woman and her ruffians, who were British officers. They were hung on Boston Common—the woman in white satin between the two men. [Were only two of the men executed?] Mr. Spooner was found in a well where they used to send their children to see the men hung, and my grandmother sent all her to witness the impressive ceremony. My mother said she herself 'squared down' in the crowd, but her brother John was so impressed as to be sick, in fact for several days."

Is there in my public or private library a copy of Mr. Fiske's sermon?

HORATIO KING.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malaria fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00 per bottle at Arthur Hudson's Drug Store.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY

for 1889 announces as a small part of its attractions for the reading public,

Three Serial Stories:

THE TRAGIC MUSE.

By HENRY JAMES, author of "The Portrait of a Lady," etc.

THE BEYOND'S DAUGHTER.

By E. L. BRYNER, author of "Agnes Surriage," "Penelope's Suitors," etc.

PASSE ROSE.

By ARTHUR SHERBURNE HARDY, author of "But Yet a Woman," etc. This began in the September number, and will continue until April.

The Atlantic for 1889

will contain

Literary, Social, Historical Essays, Stories, Poems, Travel Sketches, Papers on Education, Politics, Art.

By the foremost American writers.

THE BEST REPRESENTATIVE

Of American periodical literature, which appeals to readers by its own charms.—[New York Evening Post.]

MONTH AFTER MONTH

It illustrates practically its well-earned reputation as the foremost literary, magazine in America.—[Providence Journal.]

THE ONE AMERICAN

Magazine in which a regard for letters is a controlling motive.—[The New York Tribune.]

The Atlantic for 1889.

TERMS: \$4.00 a year in advance, postage free; by mail, \$4.50. Single numbers, 15 cts. per copy. The Atlantic will contain an entirely new steel portrait of the poet Whitier.

The November and December numbers of the Atlantic will be sent free of charge to new subscribers whose subscriptions for 1889 are received before December 20th.

Postal Notes and Money are at the risk of the sender, and therefore remittances should be made by money-order, draft, or registered letter, to

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & Co.

4 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

POULTRY Your CHRISTMAS Meat

Can be Enriched in Flavor by using

BELL'S

Spiced Seasoning

WALTHAM  
WATCHES

—AT—

Lowest Prices.

Rings, Jewelry and Chains.

L. D. Whittemore, Jr.,

411 Centre St.

Fine Watch Repairing.

French, English and American clocks put in first-class order.

All work guaranteed.

ALL ORDERS

—FOR THE—

Newton &amp; Watertown Gas Light

COMPANY

left either at the Gas Works or at their office, Brackett's Block, Center street, near the Depot, Newton, will be promptly attended to.

WALDO A. LEARNED, Supt.

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

Comer's Commercial College

Practical Business Preparation.

Young men and women taught the "bread and butter" trade, and put in the way of earning their own living.

NEW PUPILS ADMITTED DAILY.

Book-keeping, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Short-hand, and Type Writing, all taught by specialists. Each student receives individual instruction. Graduates aided to employment. No charge for use of text books. Special three months' course for advanced pupils. Day session 9 to 12; evening session, 7 to 9. Upon this will be found a thoroughly satisfactory school. For terms and full particulars, address

Comer's Commercial College,

666 Washington St., Boston.

—THE—

West Newton Savings Bank

Incorporated 1887.

West Newton, Mass.

AUSTIN R. MITCHELL, President.

JAMES H. NICKERSON, Treasurer.

ALFRED L. BARBOUR, Clerk.

Trustees—Austin R. Mitchell, Benj. F. Houghton, Dwight Chester, Edward L. Pickard, Prescott C. Brigham, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett, Alfred L. Barbour, Edward W. Cate, Adams R. Tolman, C. F. Eddy, Lyman K. Putney.

Committee of Investment—Austin R. Mitchell, Edward L. Pickard, Dwight Chester, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett.

Open for business daily, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Deposits will commence drawing interest on the first days of January, April, July and October.

CAMBRIDGE LAUNDRY.

NEWTON OFFICE:

Summer's Block, opposite Newton National Bank.

Work done well and promptly. Work taken Monday to 2 p.m., and returned Thursday night.

Received after Monday and up to Thursday, returned on Saturday. Hollans and lace curtains a specialty.

NEWTON LAUNDRY

J. FRED RICHARDSON.

Thornton (formerly School) St., near Washington St., Newton.

Best and Most Modern Improved Facilities for Laundering by Steam.

Without injury to clothing of any description. Send postal and team will call for and deliver work.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

CATARRH ELY'S

CREAM BALM

Cleanse the Nasal Passages Alleviate Pain and Inflammation, Heal the sores, Restore the Sense of Taste and Smell.

EASY TO USE

PRICE 50 CENTS

HAY-FEVER Try the Cure

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at drug stores, or by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 36 Warren street, New York.

Refining Pianos

"THE FINEST IN THE WORLD."

HUNT BROS., 34 Essex St., Boston.

O. B. LEAVITT

—DEALER IN—

STOVES &amp; FURNACES.

Agent for the celebrated

Kohler Stoves and Furnaces,

Dexter Block, Newtonville.

FLORIDA

PINE NEEDLE BEDDING,

is pleasant, comfortable, and durable, and you will be more than pleased with its use, whether as a medium for rest, or as a remedy for

ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, ENDOCRINE, NIGHT SWEATS, HAY-FEVER, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUSNESS, ETC.

ALWAYS PURE, SWEET, AND CLEAN.

Ask your dealer for it, or call and see hundreds of testimonials in favor of our MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, and COMFORTERS.

PINO PALMINE CO.,

No. 130 Commercial Street, Boston, Mass.

## CHURCHILL &amp; BEAN

TAILORS &amp; IMPORTERS,

Fall Importations Just Received.

503 Washington St.

BOSTON.

We have obtained the services of MR. J. W. KNOWLES, of Newtonville, a Cutter of high standing.

G. F. CHURCHILL, Newtonville.

J. H. BEAN, Dorchester.

## Francis Murdock &amp; Co.

Foreign &amp; Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Fancy Goods,

Ladies' &amp; Gents' Furnishings.

OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS,

RUGS, TRUNKS,

TRAVELING BAGS, &amp;c.

Agents for the American Steam Laundry Co.

Bacon's New Block, Newton.

## Newton National Bank,

NEWTON, MASS.

BUSINESS HOURS:

From 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.

On Saturdays, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

JOSEPH N. BACON, President

B. FRANKLIN BACON, Cashier.

C. G. NEWCOMB, NEWTON &amp; BOSTON EXPRESS.

Leave Newton 9.30 a. m.; leave Boston 3 p. m.

NEWTON ORDER BOXES: Newton City Market, Post Office, BOSTON OFFICES: 25 Merchants Row, 155 Congress street, 154 Franklin street. Post Office address, Box 420, Newton.

Personal Attention Given Orders.

J. H. Nickerson,

West Newton, Mass.

- Clothing -

We are now prepared to furnish your Winter Suits from the Latest Styles of Goods, made to order or ready made as you may desire.

Some Special Choice Patterns for WINTER OVERCOATS.

Call and see us before purchasing. We shall be glad to show you our goods.

November 1888.



## THE NEWTON GRAPHIC,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

285 WASHINGTON STREET, NEWTON, MASS.

Subscription for one year, \$2.00  
Single Copies, 5 cents  
By mail free of Postage.

Entered as second class matter.

All money sent at the sender's risk. All checks, drafts and money orders should be made payable to

EDWARD D. BALDWIN, Editor and Publisher

TELEPHONE NO. 80.

The GRAPHIC is printed and mailed Friday afternoons, and is for sale at all News Stands in the Newtons, and at the Boston &amp; Albany News Room, Boston Depot.

ALL communications must be accompanied with the name of the writer, and unpublished communications cannot be returned by mail unless stamps are enclosed.

THE NEWTON GRAPHIC HAS BEEN CONSOLIDATED WITH THE GRAPHIC.

## THE CITY ELECTION.

The result of the city election was certainly surprising in the decisive nature of the majority for the head of the ticket, but it only shows what the Newton Republicans can do with a perfectly satisfactory candidate, and when all antagonisms are avoided. They went to work this year in the right spirit, there was no abuse of Mayor Kimball, or any one else, the nominating convention declined to go out of its way to encourage any factional fights, and they asked of the candidates chosen only that they should be good citizens, and not that they should wear any distinctive party label. The wisdom of such a policy is shown by the success which attended the whole ticket. The majority of voters in a municipal election do not ask what a man believes in regard to national politics, but only if he is likely to make a trustworthy official.

Mr. Burr had the advantage of an unexceptionable record in the city government, of a nomination won so fairly that no antagonisms were aroused, and of a large party of enthusiastic friends. Mr. Nickerson on the other hand was handicapped by the lateness of his nomination, and also by the fact that during his years of service as chairman of the highway committee, he has had to bear the responsibility of all the doings of the committee. If a man does not get his street fixed, or does not get employment, he blames the chairman, and men with hopes for a political future are very shy of that office. That he received so large a vote, in spite of the demoralization of the Citizens' party, is a great compliment to him, and shows how widely his upright character and disinterested service in behalf of the city is known and appreciated, in spite of the unpopularity-bringing office he has held.

Mr. Heman M. Burr is the youngest mayor ever chosen to preside over the interests of Newton, but those who have watched his career in the common council are confident that he will be one of the best, and that he will give us a perfectly straightforward and vigorous administration, marked by a strict enforcement of the laws, and wise economy.

He will have the assistance of an excellent city council, surprising such veterans in the city service as Aldermen Peetee, Johnson, Chadwick and Childs, with two new members of high character, Mr. Adams K. Tolman and Mr. W. F. Harbach, and Mr. J. C. Kennedy, who has been promoted from the common council. The latter body promises to maintain the good reputation it made this year, as Councilmen Rice, Fenno, Wiswall, Bond, Moody, Rickett, Hale and Hamblen are returned, and the new members include such able business men as Messrs. A. F. Luke, A. H. Roffe and G. F. Richardson. Messrs. Reuben Forknall, L. A. Hall and E. J. Hyde complete the list of the lower branch, which will probably at once engage in a good-natured contest over the position of president.

## THE SCHOOL BOARD.

The result of the election of the members of the school committee was, on the whole, quite satisfactory, as three new members will be added to the board, and will bring to it fresh ideas, freedom from old prejudices, and a purpose to make the schools what they ought to be.

The only struggle in the election was over the return of Mr. Dickinson, but the popularity of the Republican ticket, and some other means, less creditable, carried him through by a narrow majority. It is reported that the Irish Americans voted solidly against Rev. Mr. White, because they had been told that he was a British American, was bitterly opposed to Roman Catholics, two statements that were perfectly unfounded, but they took Mr. White's friends so entirely by surprise, and were not known until so late in the day, that they had not time to correct them. It is not known who started these rumors, but as the same stories were not circulated against Rev. Dr. Pierce, it is certain that the objection was not to ministers as such upon the school board. It is certainly rather curious to find such stories circulated against a man of Rev. Mr. White's liberal creed, and to find Mr. Dickinson the acceptable candidate of those opposed to Mr. White on such grounds. In ward Three, one Dickinson man went further than this, and taking advantage of the fact that the voter in charge of Mr. White's ballots left the ward room, he seized the ballots and made away with them, so that

nothing but stickers were to be had during the day.

We are sorry to be obliged to chronicle such things as being done in the city of Newton, as they seem to indicate a feeling of desperation, a desire to win at all hazards, which is not complimentary to their cause. It is this spirit which we find fault with in Southern elections, but, evidently, human nature is the same North and South, and with a good many, the end appears to justify the means. Nevertheless, we do not believe that such a condition of affairs exists in our school board, as to call for such extreme measures to preserve the majority that has existed there the past two years.

The supporters of Rev. Mr. White have nothing to regret in their action. They worked fairly and honestly, and they had a candidate in every way the equal of Mr. Dickinson, and one who would have done honor to the board. The course taken by Mr. Dickinson's friends, to secure his election, makes it a matter of regret that they succeeded, irrespective of any other considerations.

## MAYOR KIMBALL

Mayor Kimball's refusal to serve another year as Mayor was not a surprise to his friends, who know with what reluctance he accepted the nomination last year, and he has made no secret of his purpose to retire at the end of the present term. He has served the city well as Mayor for the past five years, giving his whole time to the duties of the office, to the neglect of his private business, and he thought it about time that some other citizen should take up the burden.

Last year the sharp attack made upon Mayor Kimball's administration furnished him a strong incentive to put the matter to the test of a popular vote, and get the judgment of the people, but this year no unfair criticisms have been made and Mayor Kimball can retire with honor, having received for five years a majority of the popular vote for the highest office in Newton. That ought to content the ambition of any man, and Mayor Kimball expresses himself as perfectly satisfied.

He leaves public life now on perfectly friendly terms with all parties, and it is a characteristic of the political wisdom of Mayor Kimball to take advantage of this opportunity to retire from a position in which no more honors are to be gained, and the duties of which had but little attraction for a man who has performed them for five successive years.

## MANUAL TRAINING.

The city of Boston is fortunate in having for its superintendent of schools such a liberal, intelligent and progressive man as Prof. Edwin P. Seaver, whom Newton is glad to claim as a resident. It would be too great good fortune, we suppose, for Newton to have such a superintendent, but it would effect an immense improvement in our school system.

At the dinner of the Boston Boot and Shoe Club, Wednesday evening, Mr. Seaver was called upon to speak about industrial training and made some excellent remarks. He said that he regarded the term manual training as misleading. It is not the training of the hand so much as the training of the mind. There is no complete and thorough training of the mind without a skilful hand. But the speaker's main point was that the public school principle is capable of a very great extension in order to meet the educational requirements of the time, viz., free schools of mechanical arts. When it is urged that the city of Boston must not go so far as to spend the public money for the training of any boy for any special trade it should be remembered that for the past 250 years the Boston Latin school has been going a long way in fitting men for the bar, the pulpit and the learned professions generally. Apprenticeship is a thing of the past. There are hundreds of boys in our city who need industrial education, and are they not entitled to it? Mr. Seaver mentioned as very significant the fact that the locomotive works in Philadelphia, after three years' trial of graduates from the Girard College industrial school, made a standing offer to the effect that any graduates from this college class in the future would be allowed a remission of two years of the five years which ordinary apprentices are required to serve in the establishment. Boys in Girard College who gave but 10 hours a week to technical study were thus declared by hard-headed, practical men, as being as proficient as boys who gave 50 hours a week to acquiring knowledge in their own establishment.

Dr. Baker, the member of the school board from Lower Falls, is in Europe for a year. It is hardly just to allow that portion of the city to be unrepresented, and Dr. Baker should certainly have resigned before leaving the city. His position is vacant, and if the position has any duties it is not right to compel the other members to attend to them. Last year one of the members was absent most of the school year, and it is a very bad habit for members to get into. Probably Dr. Baker, in the hurry of going away, forgot to send in his resignation.

The official figures of the state election give Gov. Ames 180,840 to 152,780 for William E. Russell, a plurality of Ames of 28,060. The governor falls 3043 behind George D. Robinson, presidential elector, and received 5713 votes less than Auditor Ladd, who leads his ticket this year. This post of honor has usually been given to Secretary of State Peirce, but the Springfield man leads the Abington veteran by 33 votes. Mr. Russell runs ahead of the democratic candidate for lieutenant-governor, Mr. Corcoran, by 3781 votes.

The Watertown annexationists are not at all discouraged and their petition for the setting off of part of the town on the south side of the river to Newton has already been filed at the State House. It is signed by Wm. A. Alexander, John W. Tuttle and others. The free delivery system will be an added argument in their favor, as it is absurd for letters to be sent to 290 Galen street, Newton, for instance, when Galen street is in Watertown. Most Newton people will wish the petitioners success, on the ground that any one who is compelled to live in Watertown is deserving of sympathy.

HON. HORATIO KING of West Newton and Washington, has written for the GRAPHIC a very interesting account of a Boston paper of the Revolution, "The Independent Chronicle and Universal Advertiser," dated June 11, 1778. It appears that even at that date people were discussing the question of free trade vs. protection and with a good deal of vigor too. The advertisements are one of the most curious features of the paper and all who wish to gain an idea of how our great-grandfathers lived should read the article.

The indications multiply that General Harrison intends to be president; in fact, as well as in name, and that he does not intend to be the figure-head for any "uncrowned king." General Harrison's fitness for the high position to which he has been chosen is exhibited in his ability to keep silent, in spite of the combined attack of the newspaper interviewers. He has a great opportunity before him, and he seems likely to use it in the wisest manner. The anxious office seekers who are counting upon a clear sweep, will probably be disappointed, as the theory and practice of civil service reform will not be abandoned.

The sticker, the vote pedler, the printing committee, the man that bribes, and all the rest of them have had their last chance, as future elections are to be conducted under the Australian ballot system. No one will know how a man votes, and he will be given a ticket with all the candidates upon it, to pick out those he wants to vote for. Under such a system the best candidates will be apt to come out ahead, so that nominating caucuses and conventions will have to be very careful in their selections.

TUESDAY was a great day for young Harvard graduates, as four cities elected them for their mayors. Newton chose Mr. Burr; Woburn, Mr. Johnson; Fall River, Mr. Jackson, and New Bedford, Mr. Clifford. If they prove as good officials as Mayor Russell of Cambridge, these four cities will have many imitators next year.

COUNCILMAN H. H. POWELL was placed on the Independent ticket for alderman from Ward One, without being notified of the fact and received a large complimentary vote. Mr. Powell was in favor of Alderman Childs' renomination and did some effective work for him at the polls.

It is certainly a rather curious coincidence that Alderman Nickerson received exactly the same number of votes for mayor that were given to Mr. E. W. Wood last year. Ward Three does not seem to be a lucky ward for a candidate for Mayor to hail from.

PRINTERS' ink was popular in the recent election, and the mails were flooded with circulars in behalf of the various candidates. The best thing about them is that all were respectfully worded, and contained nothing unbecoming the campaign.

MR. W. S. HUTCHINSON made a splendid run for alderman from Ward Seven, for a man who did not have a nomination from either party. It would be well to keep an eye upon him for the next contest in that ward.

THE BOSTON GLOBE should not really palm off its old patent medicine cuts as pictures of the newly elected mayors. Its alleged portrait of Mr. Burr bore about as much resemblance to Mr. Burr as it did to the man in the moon.

The country was saved some time ago, the city was saved this week, and we can owe more associate on friendly terms with those who happen to differ with us on political questions.

The young men's candidate for mayor rather swept the field in Tuesday's election, and it shows what the Republican party can do in Newton with a first class candidate.

GOVERNOR AMES has made an excellent selection in appointing President Capen of Tufts College, to succeed the late E. C. Carrigan on the State Board of Education.

A CHARMING sketch of the way primaries were arranged seventy years ago, by one of the GRAPHIC's correspondents, will be found on our second page.

## Newton Cottage Hospital.

The Treasurer acknowledges receipt of the following sums from Newton churches on account of Hospital Sunday: Church of Our Lady, Newton, \$60.00; Congregational Church, Auburndale, 130.45; Baptist Church, Newton, 164.31; Church of the Messiah, Auburndale, 57.14; St. Andrew's Church, Chestnut Hill, 20.00; Baptist Church, Newton, 40.28; 1st Congregational Church, Newton Centre, 105.84; Unitarian Church, Newton Centre, 50.00; North Evangelical Church, Nohantam, 23.00; Grace Church, Newton, 197.38; Total, \$808.02.

GEO. S. BULLEN, Treasurer.

Newton, Dec. 6, 1883.

## MARRIED.

DAVIS-HOLMES-At Newton Lower Falls, Dec. 3, by Rev. A. P. Larp, Wilbur L. Davis of Wichita, Kan., and Lillian F. Holmes of Newton.

WHITCOMB-RAMSDELL-At Littleton, Nov. 21, by Rev. W. J. Clouse, George W. Whitcomb of Littleton, and Fannie L. Ramsdell of Newton.

GREGORY-HOWARD-In Watertown, Dec. 2, by Rev. W. A. Lamb, Chas. A. Gregory and Alma Howard, both of Watertown.

SULLIVAN-MCCORMICK-At Bridgewater, Nov. 27, by Rev. D. Riley, Thomas Sullivan Jr. of Bridgewater, and Annie McCormick of Newton.

DRENNAN-HARVEY-At Newton, Nov. 29, by Rev. Michael Doan, Patrick Drennan and Eliza Harvey, both of Newton.

GOWAN-MCCORMICK-At Newton, Nov. 29, by Rev. J. F. Gilfeather, Patrick Gowan and Mary McCormick both of Newton.

STEWART-HALLORAN-At West Newton, Nov. 26, by Rev. J. A. Barrett, Wm. H. B. Stewart of Boston and Hannah J. Halloran of Newton.

## DIED.

CAMPBELL-In Newton, Dec. 4, Cyrus N. Campbell, aged 73 yrs, 7 mos.

HALL-At Oak Hill, Newton, Dec. 3, Eunice P., widow of David Hall, aged 78 yrs, 9 mos.

FILLMORE-At Newton Centre, Dec. 4, James Fillmore, aged 36 yrs, 5 mos.

BOWMAN-At Newton, Dec. 1, Sylvester Bowman, aged 81 yrs, 8 mos.

FRASER-At Newtonville, Dec. 6, Geo. L. Fraser, aged 39 yrs, 9 mos. Funeral from late residence Court street, Sunday at 3 o'clock.

KENDALL-At Newtonville, Dec. 7, Samuel W. Kendall, Jr., aged 46 yrs. Funeral from the Unitarian Church on Sunday.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

SITUATION WANTED by a man, in private family, to make himself generally useful, understands care of horses and cows. Best of references from last employer. Address Joseph F. Culley, Newton Centre, Mass.

FOR SALE-A thoroughly built, upholstered single sleigh. Enquire at this office. 917

LOST-A week ago Sunday, a black plush lap robe, colored lining. Return to Lock Box 33, Newton Centre.

TO LET-A suite of rooms or the whole of a house containing 11 rooms, to responsible tenants. The situation is one of the best in West Newton, fine neighborhood, centrally located and desirable in every way. Address, Mrs. G. M. Chase, West Newton.

TO LET-Three rooms with board on Thornton Place, Ward One. First-class in every respect. Apply at the second house on the left. 617

FOR SALE-A lot of second hand windows and blinds, to be sold cheap. Apply to Higgins & Nickerson Newtonville.

TO LET-In West Newton, near depot on hill side of railroad, a tenement of 6 rooms, \$15 per month, also a vacant of 7 rooms, \$25 per month. Apply to C. F. Tuttle, Hunter St., or at office, 113 Devonshire St., Boston.

TENEMENTS-To let in Newtonville, Apply to D. P. Sullivan, Cabot street, Newtonville. Telephone 58-2.

TO LET-In Newton, house of 10 rooms and bath, gas, furnace, etc., near depot. Moderate rent. Address G. S. Brazier, 21 Hayward Place, Boston.

FOR SALE-Road horse, six years old, 1600 lbs. Sound and kind. An excellent runner, single or double. Apply to J. Baker, Sergeant St., Newton.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, if desired, in house having modern conveniences, situated on Jefferson Street, Ward 7. Address Mr. Goodwin, Box 878, Newton.

Is made only of strictly pure grape cream of tartar, strictly pure bicarbonate of soda, and a small portion of flour as a preservative, nothing else whatever, and is warranted entirely free from alum, ammonia, phosphates, lime, and all the adulterants frequently found in baking powders. The character of materials used, their purity, and the nicety of their combination, render Cleveland's superior baking powder the most healthful and most economical in use, and it always affords wholesome, nutritious, and delicious food. It is recommended for purity, healthfulness and efficiency by Government and State chemists, chemists of Boards of Health, and professors in institutions of learning throughout the country. Sold only in cans, full weight. CLEVELAND BROTHERS, ALBANY, N. Y.

## GEO. N. BIGELOW &amp; CO.

## FURS

of our own manufacture.



## Seal Sacques, Ulsters &amp; Jackets.

FANCY BOAS and MUFFS of every choice variety. Gentlemen's FUR-LINED OVERCOATS, FUR CAPS, COLLARS and GLOVES. Agent for

Heath's London Hats, Umbrellas and Canes.

407 Washington Street 407 BOSTON.

1852 ESTABLISHED 1887

## HUBBARD &amp; PROCTER,

Successors to

Chas. F. Rogers, BRACKETT'S BLOCK, NEWTON, MASS.

THOMAS SINCLAIR, Practical Upholsterer

Upholstery in all its branches. Hair Mattresses made to order and remade. Window shades made of the best material and only the best fixtures used. Every shade warranted to give satisfaction. Prices as low as is consistent with good work and material.

## Real Estate.

## Mortgages.

## Insurance.

Newton, Newtonville, West Newton, Auburndale. SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to SALE and LEASING of ESTATES in the above villages. Representatives of all the LEADING INSURANCE COMPANIES.

J. C. FULLER, Newtonville Sq. J. FRENCH & SON, 226 Washington Street, Boston.

## Charles F. Rand.

## REAL ESTATE.

## MORTGAGES.

## INSURANCE.

COMPLIMENTS OF

Charles F. Rand,

AUCTIONEER,

REAL ESTATE,

and INSURANCE.

TELEPHONE,

NEWTON-28-3.

417 CENTRE ST.,

Opposite Public Library,

NEWTON.

Office open from 7.30 A. M. to 7 P. M.



CHARLES F. RAND,

AT BOSTON OFFICE,

113 Devonshire Street,

ROOM 23, (Elevator.)

From 10.15 to 11.30 A. M.

(Except Saturdays.)

## Storage of Furniture

I have 20 rooms in Cole's Block, also 10 rooms in Brackett's New Block, opposite the Public Library, fitted up with lock and one key only to each room, which is held by the occupant. These rooms are to rent at all prices from \$1.50 to \$5.00 per month; no better places for Storage in this City.

If in want of rooms to store Pianos, Organs or furniture of any kind, call and examine them.

CHARLES F. RAND, Real Estate Office.

## FOR RENT.

A First-class house of 13 rooms, with Stable, and half an acre of land, situated on Park Street, Ward 7.

## CHARLES F. RAND, AUCTIONEER.

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## A Long Felt Want Supplied.

I will guarantee to cure the worst case of corns and bunions on any Lady's feet who will wear my

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## Kangaroo Skin Boots.

They are soft, fine, and look handsome. They will wear longer than anything else known; they will keep their shape and turn water.

I do not send the measure to the factory to be made up, but make them myself. I will guarantee a perfect fitting and comfortable boot no matter in what shape the feet may be.

Best Kangaroo, Flexible Bottom, no squeak, \$6.50. Dogskin, Flexible bottom, no squeak.

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Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes and Rubbers Custom work a specialty.

Hyde's Block, Centre and Washington Sts., NEWTON.

E. G. Spaulding,

WASHINGTON STREET, NEWTON.

All persons desiring the services of a competent bookkeeper, or Single Entry are requested to call. Will write up complicated accounts, and post: rets. ap, make out bills, do collections, etc. Also if desired would take a few pupils at \$10 for 20 lessons. References given if required.

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made to look handsome by visiting

JOHN T. BURNS'

## Hair Dressing Rooms,

Cole's Block.

A sure cure to prevent the falling out of hair by having it cut out often at J. T. BURNS', Cole's Block. Three artists. Shop open for business from 7 a. m. until 9 p. m. Ladies' Misses and Childrens hair cutting a specialty. Over H. B. Coffin's, Cole's Block.

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## The Hollings Patent Extension.

There is no sham about it; no fraud, and no deceit. It is just what it appears. When finished in BRASS it is formed throughout of that sterling metal, and is not a zinc or iron casting brass plated. Its WROUGHT-IRON is wrought, and not clumsily cast to deceive an inexperienced buyer. There is no masquerading about it. When finished in SILVER, the standard is formed of solid brass triple plated with the more precious metal; it is not made of iron or zinc tinned to resemble silver.

"An honest tale speeds best," and honest work wears longest. The brass on this lamp does not rub off after three months' use, nor does the silver corrode. Both are genuine, a fact which all intelligent buyers will be quick to appreciate. We keep a cheaper line of these goods in order to accommodate a certain class of trade, but we sell them for what they are, and do not represent them as sterling articles. We cannot be undersold by any dealer in goods of the same quality of material, workmanship and design. Inspection most cordially solicited.

## R. HOLLINGS &amp; Co.,

Patentees, Manufacturers and Exporters,

547 Washington St., Boston, next Adams House.



## NEWTONVILLE.

"Prize Babies" on exhibition at Tainter's.

—Mrs. J. C. Jones has gone to Wakefield for a short visit.

—Mr. L. Heffron and wife will spend the coming winter in Vermont.

—The Fair of the Universalist Society will be held on December 19, 20 and 21.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Richards left Thursday with the Raymond excursion party for California.

—Presiding elder, Dr. Chadbourne, will preach in the Methodist church, Sunday evening.

—Mr. Ephraim Douglass, the gate tender at the Walnut street crossing, is quite seriously ill.

—Mr. W. C. Gaudet has a choice supply of Walter M. Lowney's chocolate bonbons and confectionery.

—Mr. A. R. Mitchell's new houses on Court street will be quite an addition to that part of the city.

—The "H. G. L." of the Newton High school held an enjoyable party in Cole's hall, last Saturday evening.

—The hearing over the planing mills to be erected on Crafts street drew quite a crowd to City Hall, Tuesday evening.

—A regular meeting of Newton Royal Arch Chapter, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, this, (Friday) evening.

—Mrs. Short has returned and taken rooms with Mrs. W. T. Johnson, on Austin street, where she will take engagements as nurse.

—Arthur Horsfall, of Yarmouth, N. S., formerly of this city, will give a lecture on a flying visit, this week. He is now engaged in the drug business at Yarmouth.

—The Methodist fair closed last evening. It was quite successful, and it is estimated that about \$500 was made through sales from the tables, and receipts for refreshments.

—Mr. E. George, residing on Washington street, whose face was injured by explosion of powder recently, is recovering. It was at first feared that he would lose his sight.

—Mr. W. H. Lucas, merchant tailor of Boston, formerly of Newtonville, has purchased one of the best pieces of property in the Bay View houses, 519 Beacon street, which he will occupy soon.

—The regular meeting of the Newton Co-operative Bank was held in the office of Mr. J. Cheever Fuller, Tuesday evening. Shares amounting to \$1,400 were sold at a premium of 5 cents per share.

—The second illustrated lecture will be given in the Universalist church Sunday evening, when scenes from the life of Christ will be presented. The service will begin promptly at 6:30, and all interested are invited to be present.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Pickens will attend the marriage of their daughter, Miss Mary F. Pickens, to Mr. William Oliver, at Newark, N. J., Dec. 12. Miss Pickens' many friends in Newtonville, will extend congratulations upon the occasion of her wedding.

—The birthday party described as having been given Miss Curtis of Newtonville avenue, last week, would have been a very interesting event, if it had taken place, but unfortunately for the correctness of the report there was neither a birthday nor a party.

—Tainter's election returns drew a large crowd to the square, Tuesday evening. It was a great satisfaction to get the news so promptly and also a great stroke of good prize for Mr. Tainter. He had the returns from every ward, in most cases before they were received at City Hall.

—There will be a service of song at the Central Congregational Church next Sabbath evening, conducted by the young people. In connection with this singing of familiar hymns, there will be an account of the circumstances under which they were written and an analysis of the thought contained in them.

—Eliot Lodge has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: L. H. Harrison, dictator; G. P. Atkins, vice-dictator; J. H. Walker, assistant dictator; E. E. Stiles, guide; E. A. Richardson, chaplain; E. W. Vose, reporter; A. S. Bryant, financial reporter; Wm. C. Gaudet, treasurer; C. F. Tuttle, guardian; A. H. Sisson, sentinel; G. P. Atkins, D. H. Fitch and J. H. Walker, trustees.

—Murdoch McLeod, a member of Truck Company No. 1, while jumping on to the apparatus when it was on the fire, Monday evening, at Newton Centre, caught his watch chain, and it was at first supposed, lost his watch. A search was made over the route, but the missing time-piece could not be found. The watch was finally discovered upon the box of the truck where it had fallen. Notwithstanding the ride of 2 and 1-2 miles over a hard road, it remained secure in place, finally making its way into the pocket of the happy owner.

—At a meeting of Charles Ward No. 2, held in G. A. R. Hall, Newtonville, last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: S. S. Whitney, commander; George M. Fiske, S. V.; Chas. Sweetland, J. V.; J. L. Sears, surgeon; S. E. Morse, chaplain; S. A. Langley, officer of the guard; E. E. Stiles, quartermaster; A. T. Sylvester, G. M. Fiske, G. C. Patten, delegates to representative council.

—The officers will be installed on the first Thursday evening in January. The installation of officers, old soldiers and comrades of other posts will be invited.

—The ladies of the Methodist church held a successful fair in the vestry this week. It opened Tuesday evening and continued Wednesday and Thursday afternoons and evenings. The tables were very neatly arranged and prettily decorated and were well supplied with beautiful articles both useful and ornamental. The 5-cent table was well patronized by the young folks and in fact the ladies had a very successful sale. The tables reported successful sales. Supper was served each evening from 6 to 8 o'clock. The following ladies and gentlemen were in charge: Fancy art table, Mrs. Wm. J. Towler; Mrs. L. Thayer; paper flower table, Mrs. R. M. Rummery; Mrs. Geo. Bridges; variety table, Mrs. Geo. Bridges; canned fruit table, Mrs. D. Simpson; Mrs. James W. Cheesey; baritone table, Mr. and Mrs. Horatio Carter; Mrs. French; young men's table, (vegetables and fruit) Mr. A. C. Watkins; Mr. C. A. Soden; Mrs. Geo. Bridges and Mr. Fred Stowell; domestic table, Mrs. A. F. Harrington; Mrs. H. N. Hyde; Jr.; young ladies' table (fancy goods) Miss Carrie Gilman; Miss Nellie Wells; Miss Fannie Page; Miss Minnie Page; Miss Nellie Simpson; Miss Minnie Hunt; Miss Cora Cart; Miss Belle Hyde; Miss Florence Johnson; Miss Gertrude Jones.

—The first sociable of the season of Dalmatian Lodge, F. and A. M., was held in Masonic Hall, Central Block, Wednesday evening. It was a very pleasant affair, and a very attractive and enjoyable program was presented, consisting of vocal and instrumental music and readings by the Cheesey Brothers' Concert Company, consisting of Miss Rosamund T. Morris, soprano; Miss Arvilla Forbush, contralto; Mr. George L. Cheesey, tenor and humorist; Mr. James W. Cheesey, baritone and pianist; Sig. Finamara, violin soloist, and Cheesey's orchestra. A special hour was enjoyed at the conclusion of the entertainment, and at 9:30 o'clock, a collation was served in the banquet hall. There was a large attendance, 225 ladies and gentlemen being present. The program of the musical and literary entertainment follows: Overture, orchestra; "Spring Song," Mrs. Morris; violin solo, Master Ralph Marcy, 7 years old; "Cradle Song," Mrs. Forbush; humorous song, Mr. George L.

Cheesey; violin solo, Sig. Finamara; duet, "Till We Meet Again," Miss Morris, and Miss Forbush; baritone solo, Mr. J. W. Cheesey; humorous song, Mr. George L. Cheesey; solo, "The Song That Reached My Heart," Miss Morris; laughing trio, Miss Morris, and the Messrs. Cheesey. The following committee of arrangements looked after the details: Geo. F. Whitmore, chairman; E. A. Whitney, Geo. F. Williams, Frank Fanning, Fred W. Webster, H. A. Thordike, Chas. W. Brown.

## WEST NEWTON.

—Mr. H. Stuart Pratt is at home from his ranch in the far West.

—Officer E. C. Holmes' son is here on a visit from New Hampshire.

—Mr. Fred Warren is making a short visit with Mr. M. N. Wardworth, of Alpine street.

—Mr. and Mrs. George M. Chase contemplate taking up a permanent residence in Philadelphia.

—Mr. William Ludwig, the distinguished baritone soloist, attended services at St. Bernard's church Sunday morning.

—Mr. A. S. Bryant, formerly of Newtonville, has again become a resident of this ward. He resides on Warren avenue.

—This ward had more scattering votes than any other ward in the city, and evidently a large number of voters made up a whole ticket to suit themselves.

—At the recent Mother Goose entertainment at the City Hall, \$80 was cleared. This is to go towards the fund for raising the debt of the Second Congregational church.

—Mr. Fred C. Cook has recovered from his recent illness caused by rheumatic troubles and has been enabled to resume his business duties.

—Miss Lucy Allen has returned to Smith College, having spent her Thanksgiving vacation here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. T. Allen.

—Mr. John W. Conroy has purchased a lot of land of Mrs. Seth Davis, on Washington street, where he contemplates erecting a substantial double house, provided with modern conveniences.

—A meeting of Independents was held in Allen's Hall, Saturday evening, and matters discussed relating to the city and nation. No action was taken, but the candidacy of Mr. H. H. Hunt was endorsed.

—The collection for Hospital Sunday was taken up in St. Bernard's church Sunday morning. Rev. Fr. O'Toole alluded to the blessing derived from the hospital and encouraged a liberal subscription.

—The police have been caused considerable annoyance Sundays, of late, by a crowd of loafers who select new houses in process of erection as a rendezvous, sometimes breaking locks to gain admittance.

—W. H. Mague will run a barge from West Newton, Sundays, to accommodate those who wish to attend services at Grace Church. The barge leaves West Newton at 10:10 a. m.; Newtonville at 10:25 a. m., returning at the close of the services.

—Rev. Mr. Puddefoot will speak upon missions in the Second Congregational church, Sunday morning. The regular missionary service will be held in the evening and the annual contribution will be taken up at both services.

—John Viles was driving up River street, Saturday afternoon in a buggy and collided with an approaching team, considerably damaging his vehicle, but escaping himself without serious injury aside from being shaken up more or less as a result of the accident.

—Ladies who visited the ward room here Tuesday for the purpose of voting for members of the school board, were informed that the Republican ticket was the only one in the field, when the contrary was true. This is carrying party enthusiasm a little too far.

—The Women's Foreign Missionary Society, connected with the Second Congregational church, met in the west parlor Monday afternoon, on Thursday afternoon a meeting of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society was held in the same place. Supper was served from 6:30 to 7:30. The usual sociable followed.

—On Friday evening last, a fellow, supposed to have been intoxicated, visited several houses on Crescent street and tried the doors. At one place, where the inmates were aroused, two shots were fired at the intruder, who was supposed to be a burglar. The case was reported at police headquarters, but no trace of the man could be discovered.

—Messrs. C. T. Cutting, F. M. Dutche, and Robert Bennett have been appointed a committee of Newton Lodge, I. O. O. F., to solicit and ask funds to aid the Massachusetts Odd Fellows State Home, now being established for the benefit of aged and indigent members of the order. The committee is receiving hearty support, and liberal encouragement from all the lodges in the state.

—The pretty new hall of Loyalty Lodge, I. O. G. T., has been inspected by numerous visitors during the week. It is a very attractive apartment, and the furnishings are elegant and suggestive of comfort. The floors are neatly carpeted and every convenience provided for the pleasure of the members. The lodge is in a flourishing condition, and a valuable assistant to the temperance cause.

—Rev. Mr. Puddefoot will speak next Sunday morning upon our country and its wants, in the Congregational church. He has lately returned from a trip to the West, and he will give a vivid picture of his observations. Those who heard him last year will remember his peculiar power in setting forth the perils and the possibilities of the great country beyond the Mississippi.

—Garden City Lodge, K. of H., at the annual meeting Tuesday evening, elected the following officers: H. W. Crafts, dictator; Frank Linnell, vice-dictator; F. T. Burgess, assistant dictator; Geo. F. Williams, guide; E. C. Frost, chaplain; E. W. Bailey, secretary; C. H. Stacy, financial secretary; J. B. Stewart, treasurer; Frank E. Hunter, E. T. Wiswall, W. H. French, trustees.

—There will be a public meeting under auspices of Local Union 275, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, in Nickerson's Hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 13, at 8 o'clock. The following able speakers are to be present: Rev. Samuel W. Sanborn, Chas. W. Cheesey, of Boston; J. G. Clinkard of Boston, C. S. Griffin of Boston, Hugh McKay of East Boston, L. G. Newman of Cambridge. Ladies and all interested are cordially invited.

—Don't forget the concert at the City Hall next Wednesday evening. Edward Baxter Perry, concert pianist and lecturer, is to be one of the artists; also Miss Jennie P. Witte, pupil of Miss Clara E. Munroe. Miss Witte is quite a favorite, and many will desire to hear her sing. This concert is for the benefit of increasing the fund for raising the Congregational Church debt. Tickets can be obtained at Ingraham's and Wright's Apothecary store.

—A meeting of delegates of the several Newton societies of Christian Endeavor was held in the Second Congregational church, Monday evening, and plans discussed for Evangelistic and special religious work. Arrangements were perfected for holding a series of meetings in the various wards. The first meeting was held at Newton Upper Falls, Wednesday evening, and was quite largely attended and successful in creating a great interest in the work.

—A sisterhood branch of the Iron Hall was instituted in K. of H. Hall, last Saturday evening, and the following officers

were elected: Miss Abbie Nettleton, past chief justice; Mrs. Dr. Crockett, chief justice; Mrs. H. B. Stier, vice-chief justice; Mrs. W. E. Glover, prelate; Mrs. B. L. White, adjuter; Miss Annie Lewis, accountant; Mrs. A. E. Trowbridge, cashier. The branch starts off with a membership of 40 ladies, and promises to be a very influential lodge in the order. The membership includes many well known in social circles.

—Hannah McGowan, 17 years of age, a domestic employed in the family of Dr. Talbot, Walnut street, Newtonville, was struck by the 7:30 inward passenger train at the Chestnut street crossing, Monday evening, and was injured in the back and right side. She also received a scalp wound over the right temple. The girl was attended by Drs. Thayer and Hunt, and taken to Dr. Talbot's residence in a hack called Libby. Her injuries are not considered of a serious nature. The accident occurred just below the station where an outward train was waiting for the inward train to pass. When the outward train started to move, the station, the girl thought that she was being carried by the depot and jumped from the platform in front of the engine of the inward train.

—A ticket headed "Regular Republican, except for school committee," was brought into the polling place in this ward Tuesday morning and occasioned a great stir among a few of the Republicans, who looked with horror upon the ballot which they averred was calculated to deceive the voters. Mr. James T. Allen, a member of the Republican ward committee, hid them away, and as a result not a ballot of this description was voted during the day. As a matter of fact the ballot was perfectly legal and could not possibly deceive any voter who was capable of reading the English language. The lines "except for school committee," were printed in a bold face Gothic type, clearly and distinctly, and the general appearance of the ticket was different in every respect from the straight Republican ticket. It was termed a boy's ticket, but the boys who hid the ballots prepared and printed were all voters and had a perfect right to get up a ticket, so long as they complied with the conditions of law imposed in such cases.

## AUBURDALE.

—Mrs. M. H. Cole has gone to Providence, R. I., for a few days.

—Miss Hatch from Dakota is spending a few weeks at Mr. C. B. Bourne's.

—Dr. Porter purchased a handsome trotter in Boston, the past week.

—Mr. C. B. Kendall has gone to San Francisco, Cal., on a business trip.

—Mrs. Chandler's dancing class will meet Monday, Dec. 10th, instead of Wednesday.

—Mr. Staples, the general clerk at the Woodland Park Hotel, has recovered from his recent illness.

—In the police court, Monday, Patrick McGowan was fined \$10.00 for the larceny of a blanket from Capt. Ranlett.

—An extract from Rev. Calvin Cutler's Temperance sermon last Sunday will be found on the second page.

—Mrs. Guiney's St. Bernard dog vanquished a bull terrier owned by Harry Newell, Saturday morning. Newell's dog was badly used up.

—Mrs. H. A. Thordike started Tuesday, Dec. 4th, for Austin, Texas, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Wheelock and son; she intends to spend several weeks there.

—The ladies of the Methodist society are making preparations for the annual fair preceding the holidays. It will be held during the latter part of the present month.

—Mrs. S. H. Kimball's table of useful and interesting facts, which she has proved to be most attractive, she having had to replenish it several times, shows that her friends appreciate the beautiful and exquisite paintings, and unique designs.

—The returns from Ward 4 arrived at the City Hall at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. For the first time in several years, the ward failed to be the first to get the returns of the election. Ward 1 was first this time, the City Hall box arriving at the City Hall at 6:26 p. m.

—Isaac Dillingham met with a peculiar accident recently while skating. He fell on the ice and struck his knee, but was not aware at first that he had met with any serious injury and proceeded to skate again. He gradually became exhausted, from loss of blood and had difficulty in getting home. Upon summoning a physician it was found that he had split the flesh across the knee, shattering the bone. The wound was dressed, and the young man has since been confined to his house.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Robinson celebrated the fortieth anniversary of their marriage Wednesday evening, Dec. 5, at their house on Lexington street. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Robinson, Newton; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warren, Mr. A. E. Warren from Stowe, Mass.; Mrs. E. M. Hildred; Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Hildred; Mr. G. M. Fiske; Mr. and Mrs. Brainard; Mr. and Miss Burdett; Mr. J. M. Gorham; Mr. and Miss Ware; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Burr; many other friends called during the evening, helping to make the occasion most pleasant and enjoyable.

—As some of the Committee of One Hundred are very desirous that a tariff reform movement may be started in Newton, the executive committee have arranged for a social meeting of the members of the full committee and some of their Newton friends, for the purpose of bringing the dependents into closer acquaintance with each other, and of giving an opportunity for a free and easy interchange of opinion as to the plan above mentioned. An informal dinner will therefore be given at the Woodland Park Hotel, Monday, Dec. 10, at 1 p. m. Tickets at 50 cents. The range of opinion of Messrs. H. E. Bothfield, Newton; Geo. A. Mead, Newtonville; C. W. Shepard, West Newton; L. B. Bridgman, Auburdales; Samuel Shaw, Newton Highlands; G. E. Gilbert, Newton; Stephen Thacher, 85 Milk street, Boston. The following committee of arrangements has been appointed: Messrs. Samuel Shaw, Stephen Thacher, Chas. W. Shepard, R. L. Bridgman.

## Lasell Notes.

Mr. Frederiek R. Huntington, of Watertown, N. Y., was the guest of his sister, Grace, during the Thanksgiving vacation.

The subject for the demonstration lecture in cooking, on Monday, Dec. 10, will be meat broth, oatmeal, tapioca cream, apples.

Mr. Frank Heffelfinger of Phillip's Exeter, and Mr. Walter G. Heffelfinger, of Yale University, were the guests of their sister, Nellie, the past week.

Several of the young ladies, chaperoned by Mr. Bragdon, attended the Harvard-Yale freshmen football game, on Jarvis field, last Saturday, and witnessed the crushing defeat of the Harvards.

Thanksgiving day, at Lasell, was very pleasantly spent. Dinner was served in the dining room at two o'clock. The tables, beautifully decorated with flowers, were arranged in a hollow square, and covers were laid for seventy. Among the guests, were Mr. and Mrs. Parkhurst, Mr. and Mrs. Knos, Miss Stafford, Miss Case, Mr. Haight and Mr. Harry Haight, Mr. and Mrs. Luquien and son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Winslow, Mrs. Dr. Crawford, Mr. Warner, and Mr. Heffelfinger. The menu was quite an elaborate one, with all the accessories, and the menu cards bore an appropriate verse. After dinner, the time was very enjoyably spent in the gymnasium, with games and dancing.

Prof. J. B. Southworth gave an illustrated lecture on "The Tiber and the Nile"

in the chapel at Lasell, on Wednesday evening. It would be difficult to imagine anything more beautiful, and all who attended felt themselves amply repaid. The following is an outline of the program: I. Introductory Views. II. Ancient Rome, its Temples and Ruins. III. Heathen Myths and Christian Truths. IV. The Colosseum and its Martyrs, with wonderful transformation scenes. V. The city of the great makers and the "Collemies"; Modern phases of Egyptian life. VI. Cairo, its surprises and contrasts. Pyramids and Temple tricks. Wonders of the Bonag Museum. VII. Colossal ruins of the Nile. Scenic view of "Great Find" of the bodies of 31 kings and queens of the Pharaonic dynasty in 1881. VIII. The genuine mummy of Rameses II. The Pharaoh of the oppression, photographed in 1886, and others, nearly 4,000 years old. "The last where it is always afternoon." IX. Rock-hewn temples and gigantic statues. The Beauties of Philae. X. Where Moses went to school. The oldest book in the world. XI. Enchanting transformation scenes.

## NON ANTUM.

—The young men of the North Church are making arrangements for an entertainment to be given Tuesday evening, Dec. 18.

—The platform around the pulpit of the No. Church is being enlarged and remodeled by Mr. S. F. Stearns of Watertown.

—The coffer-dam at the bridge, which was washed away by the high waters, has been repaired, and work began again this week.

—Councilman-Elect Forknall received the congratulations of a large share of the voters of this section, at his residence on California street, Wednesday night.

—The collection taken last Sabbath at the North Church, for the Newton Hospital, amounted to \$23, considerable of an increase over last year, which shows more interest in the good work.

—A large stone has been placed on the bridge which crosses the river at Galen street, with an inscription giving date, etc. Perhaps it would be well to place a memorial stone with an inscription upon the new bridge being built between Bemis and Nonantum.

## A Protest well Protested.

To the Editor of the GRAPHIC:

We desire to extend our sincere and hearty thanks for the generous support accorded our candidate for aldermanic honors from Ward 7, Mr. Winfield S. Hutchinson. It is very gratifying to be assured that nearly forty per cent of those voters who exercised their right of suffrage, believed in breaking away from party ties in order to make a protest against those reckless and unscrupulous political managers who are endeavoring to dictate nominations, in accordance with their own selfish desires, without regard to the best interests of the citizens at large.

It was decided on last Thursday morning to present Mr. Hutchinson's name as an independent candidate for alderman from Ward 7, simply with the intention of making a protest against the nomination of J. C. Kennedy. His managers at first decided only to circulate "stickers" bearing his name in Wards 1 and 7, but on being advised of the intention of circulating against Mr. Kennedy in other parts of the city, "stickers," and later, independent ballots were circulated in all the wards.

The time being so short before election day, and Mr. Hutchinson being so lit on his feet, and his name as a protest, it was found impossible to complete an organization in every ward, and canvass the city in order to bring out voters; therefore all the work that was done, was done at the polls. We had no hope of electing Mr. Hutchinson. All that we wanted and needed was a protest, we made one, and it was a good one, against a nomination we considered neither judicious, wise or sensible. Mr. Kennedy had received two nominations, he had back of him all the political machinery and political workers of both the Republican and Citizen organizations. We were therefore most agreeably surprised at the immense vote Mr. Hutchinson received when he, as an independent candidate, labored under so many disadvantages.

We consider that this vote for our candidate is a severe and stinging rebuke to both the Republican and Citizen parties for attempting to crowd upon the citizens of this city a man for alderman obnoxious to their best tastes and interests. It shows most clearly the folly of the Citizens' Mass Caucus in disregarding the voice of Wards 1 and 7, when the gentlemen there nominated and voted down, takes the field as an independent candidate and polls eleven more votes than his candidate for mayor. We beg to ask, would not Mr. Hutchinson's name on that ticket have strengthened it?

It is high time more interest was taken by our citizens in municipal matters. If you want good nominations, attend the caucuses. Half the battle is fought there.

WARDS 1 AND 7 INDEPENDENT VOTERS.

## Free Voting.

The "free and independent" voter is a better citizen than the voter who is dazzled or intimidated by banners, badges and words without meaning. There is no sincerity in the partisan abuse showered upon such a voter. The abuse is meant to produce the effect of trepidation upon the man who sees clearly and votes straight to the mark every time. But year by year the trepidation is less apparent, and the partisan scolding more of a sham. The greatest scolds are notoriously partisans who have themselves scratched and bolted whenever it was their interest or pleasure to do so. The time appears to be approaching when he will be regarded as a poor creature indeed who is governed in his voting for municipal, State, or national candidates by the good or ill opinion of some other person, rather than by his own conscientious convictions. If the "whipper-in" should permanently succeed, and voting at all elections should be a matter of precedent, habit, or domination of mere party names, it would be time to despair of the republican experiment in the New World. The caucus and the boss would have supplanted free, representative government.—[The Century for December.

## Mechanic's Hall, Fasching in Venice

—FOR THE—  
BENEFIT OF THE  
Woman's Educational and Industrial Union,  
Under the direction of  
Prof. Carl Marwig, of New York,  
will be given on the  
Evenings of Dec. 6 and 7,  
AND THE  
Afternoon of Dec. 8.

PANTOMINE,  
DANCE, CHORUS.  
Tickets, \$2, \$1.50 and \$1,  
according to location. For sale on and after Nov. 26, only at the rooms of the Union, 74 Boylston street.  
On Saturday afternoon, children of 15 years and under will be admitted at half price.

The Jahrmarkt.  
Open in Exhibition Hall for the sale of FANCY ARTICLES, daily from 10 a. m. till 5 p. m.  
Tickets 25 cents.

Grand Promenade Concert,  
SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 8, at 8 o'clock.  
Harvard Glee Club  
AND THE  
Salem Cadet Band.

Tickets to the Jahrmarkt and Concert, only 50 cents.  
Evening performance at 8 o'clock. Saturday matinee at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. R. Oldreive.  
SPECIALTIES:  
All Diseases of the Eye,  
Including BLINDNESS.

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Patients visited at their Homes by appointment.

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FINE  
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White, Cross & Co.,  
Successors to  
C. C. MOULTON & CO.,  
592 Washington Street, Boston.  
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"The cry is still there come." Young Mrs. Blaine is reported as having made up her mind to go on the stage.

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## BARBARA.

PART I.

Barbara was somewhat of a care to the elder girls of the academy. Many of them were rather seriously minded girls with ideals, who had a deep respect, not unmingled with awe, for life in general, and the intellectual life in particular, as I suppose it was only right that they should have. Their favorite teacher, Miss Miriam Faulkner, encouraged this tendency a good deal. She was a handsome, very clever woman, who had taken firsts all her life, and translated Euripides for her leisure hours, and quoted Plato and Marcus Aurelius a great deal, as if she were doing them a favor rather than otherwise. She said she had a twofold nature, on the one hand pining for the spontaneity and fullness of the old Greek civilization, on the other sternly impelling her to self-renunciation and asceticism. Perhaps it is not uncommon to have this kind of nature, but she seemed to think hers was unique, and talked first like a heathen, and then like a medieval monk on the strength of it. It was the ascetic view of life, however, on which she insisted to her pupils, since she thought it the more suitable. She took an interest in humanity, which even embraced Barbara. She had a certain barely concealed contempt for the girl; still, as it was part of her programme in life (a clause in which she owned to being somewhat remiss) to suffer fools gladly, she promised, when she found that some of her favorite students were troubled by Barbara's apparent lack of ideals, to ask her to tea. Now ideals are excellent things; but it is not conducive to a peaceful existence for the people who are rich in them to be always distributing them like tracts. However, it is part of the price we pay for the higher life.

It was at a tea-party consisting of Miss Faulkner and half-a-dozen seriously minded girls that the resolution was come to that Barbara should be asked to tea. They had fallen into the fatal error but unprincipled habit of illustrating the higher life by the persons who didn't live it, and Barbara furnished a beautiful illustration.

"I can't feel, you know," said girl No. One, with an air of regretful candor, "as if she had any conception of the life here's being a preparation for the true work of life. I don't fancy she has realized the true work of life."

"Life isn't only frivolous, and suppers, parties, and seeing your friends, and having a lovely time, is it now?" said No. Two. "Especially when one thinks about people who have no nice times. Why, it would almost be wrong to enjoy oneself if you didn't feel that it was somehow shrinking away from your responsibilities and your lot in life not to take all the nice times you could get when you can't help other people's not having them, and you wish they had."

There was a murmur of sympathy and a pause.

"I don't know," said No. Three, the only one of the six, apparently, who had any sense of humor. "I don't see why you all want Barbara to worry about things. What's the good? Nobody does anything. Besides, she's so young; and people's souls aren't expected to wake at the same time."

"She does remind one of Undine," said No. Four, struck with the happy psychological observation. "Or Galatea."

But Miriam shook her head. Galatea, being a classic, was evidently too good for Barbara.

"She's a nice child," said No. Three. "I dare say her soul would wake up if Miss Faulkner were to ask her to tea. Maybe it had better stop asleep," she added thoughtfully.

"Ah, n," said Miriam pensively. "Ain't it the soul's birthright."

"Yes," said No. Three, "souls give you neuralgia. I wish they didn't."

"I fear physical pain," said Miss Faulkner. "There is something of the Sybarite in my nature. Yet it seems trivial at the first contact with any supreme anguish."

She spoke as one who had experienced all kinds.

"Yes," said No. Three vaguely. "But it doesn't do you don't. It's all right. I'll be glad for Barbara's soul to wake up more if you all think it's necessary, but I do hope it won't give her neuralgia, or any awful mental agonies or make her cry and horrid all day, like some people," she added remorsefully.

"I don't think the effects of my asking her to tea will be so disastrous," said Miriam, laughing. "I shall only talk things over with her a little. I fancy, as you all think, that she has come here purely to enjoy herself, and though enjoyment is a feature, and a necessary feature, of this life, it must have reference to the future, and to the complete design."

She spoke so fluently and confidentially that some lazy notion of a moral guidebook floated through No. Three's mind, but she was so neurotic, and knew she was so cross, and that Miss Faulkner was really such a good woman, that she judged it was wiser to say nothing. Still, she could not help being a little sorry for poor Barbara, who was to be asked to tea the next day.

Barbara went to tea accordingly, with Miss Faulkner, at half past four. She found her translating Euripides, with no idea of what time it was; and the fire was low and the kettle had no water in it; and the crumpets which she had ordered had come, but were not toasted, and there wasn't any lump-sugar. Miss Faulkner sprang up, with a pang of self-reproach, yet not without a lurking consciousness that it was not everybody who could be absorbed in Euripides to the entire forgetfulness of time.

"Is it half past four?" she said regretfully. "How can you believe me if I tell you I am glad to see you?" (Barbara didn't.) "This is the worst of my wretchedly impractical mind. At three I looked at the clock and gave myself another hour. Then I forgot time altogether in translating an exquisite passage."

"Oh, it doesn't matter," said Barbara, feeling terribly ashamed. "Let me come another time, when you are not so busy. Faulkner negatively this emphatically."

"I'll get tea ready—I can do that. There, what does it matter? You go on with your Euripides, and let silly stupid people like me see about the other things."

"Ah," said Miss Faulkner, relapsing, "but true womanly perfection cannot be gained by a merely one-sided cultivation of the faculties. These trivial details," she looked at the kettle, "are just what I need to dwell upon."

"Very well," said Barbara; "you will have lots of time to boil the kettle. Only let me do it now."

She took the tiny bellows, and presently a bright fire sprang up. Then she

filled the kettle and set it on, and began to toast the crumpets. Miriam resigned herself to watching her dreamily from the armchair, musing on the possibilities of this undeveloped soul. Meanwhile, Barbara's face, with its anæsthetic of soft, bright, wavy hair, was attractive enough without a soul. Presently tea was ready, and afterwards they sat by the fire and talked. At least Miriam did.

"What are you going to do when you leave the academy?" she asked Barbara; "shall you teach?"

"No," said Barbara; "father says there's no need for me to teach. I shall stay at home. I'm the eldest girl but one, you know, and she's married."

"Oh, then, you will make yourself generally useful," said Miriam a little discontentedly, though there seemed no reasonable objection to this.

"Yes, I suppose so," said Barbara, who was very frightened again now that the tea was over. She suspected that Miss Faulkner had not asked her to tea purely for her own pleasure. But things turned out better than she and expected, and Miriam, as sometimes happened when she began with the intention of drawing out people's inner lives out of them, ended by unrolling her own.

"Your life will be very peaceful," she said, with some contemptuous tolerance for a nature that didn't yearn after the unattainable. "In turbulent natures the outward calm would be deepened the inward conflict. In half a dozen years one might be capable of such an existence, of letting one's tired soul merely expand in the arms of nature. As it is, it would be soothing for a fortnight—no more."

Barbara was a good deal impressed at this outbreak of inner life, not having been accustomed to make her own a staple topic of conversation.

"Come and stay with us if you like," she said timidly. "I wish you would. Only maybe it wouldn't be quite as quiet as you expected. There are four boys and two girls, and father and mother, and the servants, and me, and there's a small town, not a village. There are six thousand inhabitants," she added gravely.

"Oh, I see," said Miss Faulkner, only half-conscious, however, of what Barbara was saying. "I have long wished to experience life in the country. Almost all my own has been lived in towns. But perhaps I have hardly earned the right to complete tranquility. Just now I am exhausted. I have succeeded, to some extent, for the last two months, in living for the moment. It is a hard trial to one of my disposition. Still I know that it is necessary to gather strength for the conflict."

Barbara was awed with the idea that something very dreadful was awaiting Miss Faulkner. Really, there was nothing much the matter. She had not a very pleasant home. She was the only member of her family with any ideal to speak of. Her father was impetuous, and frequently in debt. She had to go out shopping with her mother, which her soul recoiled from; and she had a number of younger sisters who interrupted her when she wanted to do Greek. Moreover, she had to help to pay their expenses, and really very little money. Still, there was no cause for fiery anguish; though from what cause she had, she managed to extract the greatest possible amount of misery. But then she was conscious of a vocation with which the happiness of her life was bound up, and failure wherein was her equivalent for what the loss of her dearest friend would be to people like Barbara, who would have been sadly embarrassed by a vocation. Not but what vocations also are a necessary evil, though they are not universal. But Barbara could never have understood Miriam's conflicts and victories and defeats, waged on a ground so different from her own.

"Won't you come and stay at Norwood first?" she said sympathetically. "I'm sure it would rest you."

"I should delight in it," said Miriam, artistically appreciative of herself, with her soul expanding in the arms of nature. "May I let you know in a week? My life needs these quiet hours; there is too little modulation in it."

"I think so many of you here," she said humbly and with hesitation, "seem to have got hold of your lives as if they were cirelwork—or marble," she added hastily, conscious that cirelwork was not a dignified illustration—and you are shaping them into a design. I wish I could."

"My dear child, you can," said Miriam, suddenly remembering her position of mentor. "Why not?"

"Oh, I'm all a jumble of different wools," said Barbara, not able to hit upon the appropriate simile in sculpture.

"Yet some noble pattern may lie hid under the apparent confusion," said Miriam encouragingly.

"Oh dear," sighed Barbara. "I hope not. I mean I should never get at it, and that would be worse and worse. I believe I'm meant for a kind of crazy patchwork. I'm not clever. I know you all know it, though everybody tries to be kind; but with so many intellectual persons all round, one's shallowness is exposed. You see I've nothing exceptional. There's Annie Jenkins writes such beautiful verses; she's something to lay hold of."

"You can make your life a poem," said Miriam, conscious that this remark was not stamped with the originality of her character.

"Oh my gracious!" said Barbara. "I shouldn't like to have read it. I should think," she went on desperately, "you'd make your life an epic."

"Why," said Miriam, feeling however that the remark was natural.

"Oh, I don't know," said Barbara. "Only you seem to have such command over it."

"Surely we are not to drift with the stream," Miriam said gravely.

"If you're not clever," said Barbara, feeling miserable and ashamed and incoherent, "you—you see just as many pretty things going down as up."

"But there is no value in resistance?" asked Miriam, half-a-dozen quotations from distinguished authors surging into her mind, all of which, she felt confident, would be wasted on Barbara.

"It depends," said Barbara, clinging desperately to the stream metaphor, "where you want to be."

There was clearly no use in argument at that. Miss Faulkner let Barbara go; she did not think she had hurt her, rather having gathered from their conversation that the girl was incapable of feeling the sting of her words. All the same Barbara shed a few hot tears that night over her own inadequacy. No was conscious that though she fulfilled her tasks like the rest her soul was not in the work. This was not remarkable, if indeed, as No. Four suspected, she hadn't got a soul. However, she pulled down Walker's political economy and tried to fling her soul into that, and then, as her work was, fell to dreaming.

"What's the use?" she said. "Professor Walker says the only remedy is co-operation. I shall put that in my studies. There's Lily Maitland says she studies with every fibre of her body. Doesn't that make you feel ashamed? But it's no use expecting a person to be clever who has red cheeks and fuzzy hair. I

wish I hadn't come here. I wish I were thin like Miss Faulkner, then maybe I'd take a trip. I do respect her, but I can't love her. If I could make my life a poem, I shouldn't like to be an epic; besides, Paradise Lost is dry, except about Satan, and that's not the part you're expected to imitate. I'd like to be an old ballad, but I shan't be anything! There's one thing, I believe some people don't like girls any worse for not being intellectual."

Here she resigned herself to gazing into the fire.

Miriam went home with Barbara at the beginning of the vacation. Things do not always turn out as we expect, and nature really came to play a very unimportant part in the drama. There was but after the first night, but only, Barbara said, friends of the family—two second cousins, and a young doctor, who had been staying in Norwood the last six months to recruit his health, but really belonged to the great city. He had played lawn tennis with them a good deal.

"He is very clever," said Barbara, "so you will be sure to like him."

Miriam felt some doubt as to Barbara's power of correct judgment, especially as her voice became embarrassed just then, but after the first night, but only, Barbara said, friends of the family—two second cousins, and a young doctor, who had been staying in Norwood the last six months to recruit his health, but really belonged to the great city. He had played lawn tennis with them a good deal.

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He himself was very handsome, and quietly aware of the fact. There was a gleam of humor, too, in his eyes that made Miriam conscious that it would be unwise to play the ascetic side of her nature, and that the higher life, which she did nothing of the kind. She talked a little more lightly and cynically than Barbara had ever heard her, but well, and even brilliantly. Barbara seemed like a little girl beside her, she sat silent and abashed when Miriam and Dr. Alexander began to talk of the higher life, and she understood half of what they said.

Then music was called for, and Miriam sang. There were a few, like Barbara, who never cared for her singing; nevertheless she had a magnificent contralto voice, and she sang with the same air of mastery that distinguished her quotations from the Bible and from Shakespeare. Dr. Alexander left Barbara on the sofa, and went to turn the pages. He cared a good deal for music—as much as he could without loving it. Barbara could neither play nor sing.

Perhaps Dr. Alexander was a little too well balanced, though a bright and genial manner partly concealed this. For some time he had been drifting towards an engagement with Barbara. She was so pretty, so winning and graceful, so fit to go to shine in the charming society. Her health, too, was robust, and Dr. Alexander looked on marriage with something of a professional eye. Still there was, as we say, nothing definite. Nothing but friendship; but two people, we know, may go on for years, with a difference. If it were so with Barbara and Dr. Alexander, we may say the latter the justice to say that he was unconscious of the fact. Moreover, Barbara's behavior, both before and after Miriam came to Norwood, was so good, though she was not a nature to make him conscious; and Miriam fascinated him. In short, something happened which Miss Faulkner expressed to herself in phrases frequently beginning (since she found it so good to think and unconsciously, "The magnetism of two strong souls."

I can express it no better. I do not know if the process could exactly have been described as falling in love, but in one way or another they forgot about Barbara. But when the fortnight was just over Miriam had thought her of Barbara, and was not of a nature to make him conscious; and Miriam fascinated him. In short, something happened which Miss Faulkner expressed to herself in phrases frequently beginning (since she found it so good to think and unconsciously, "The magnetism of two strong souls."

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carelessly. It is a terrible power for good or evil."

"No, I can't understand," Barbara owned meekly. "That is quite true. I should think any one would be afraid who had a nature like that. Love would mean so much to them, wouldn't it? So much more than to other people."

"Yes, indeed," said Miriam. "But hush, dear, or let us talk about you. Such things are for you to dream of, not for me. Isn't there any one you care for?"

"No-o," said Barbara reflectively. "Not in that way."

And it was very clear, thought Miriam, that she was speaking the truth.

"Your time will come," she said. "Yet I think your life will be peaceful."

Barbara joined her hands, and bent forward, gazing into the fire.

"Yes," she said, "I think it will. I don't think I shall ever care for anybody enough to be very miserable, so as to spoil my life. And I dare say you look down on me, with a character like yours; but after all you do need some happy stupid people in the world. It wouldn't do if everybody had a very strong, passionate nature, and could suffer a great deal."

"Indeed it would not," answered Miriam. "You may be thankful if you are spared."

"Yes," said Barbara, still reflectively. "I may be thankful—that I am spared."

Then Miriam rose and left her.

"Good-night!" she said, kissing her with somewhat tolerant affection. "You are a dear child."

"Oh," said Barbara, in her pretty, deprecating way, "I'm glad you think so."

Miriam stayed on when the fortnight was over, she stayed the whole five weeks of the vacation. Some time before the end of the next term Dr. Alexander and she were formally engaged.

If there were a change in Barbara, hardly any one noticed it. Her teachers said she was working harder; yet she was as gay as ever, and still earned a reputation for frivolity; but she shrank herself up in her own room a great deal, though I think all the time she spent there was not spent in work. As she had dreamed before she dreamed now, she had dreamed of the future, and she had dreamed of the past. It would not have seemed strangely far away, came before her with renewed vividness, but as if they had all happened to another person whose history she was never tired of reliving upon. Yet how often, even when she had fancied her small world hopelessly shipwrecked! But things had come right so many times that she had grown into the way of fancying they might come right again. The odd thing was to wake in the morning and know that she had dreamed of the future, and she had dreamed of the past. 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## Miscellaneous.

A man last week sat up in his coffin and took charge of his own funeral, ordering the same to be indefinitely postponed. All surprise vanishes when it is known that he was an Ohio man. —[San Francisco Alta.]

In demolishing an old building in Stockton for the purpose of erecting a new one, it was found that the foundation rested upon the hull of a vessel, which upon investigation proved to be the Peruvian brigantine Adelaide, 300 tons burden. She was anchored at her present resting place in 1850, and now lies several blocks from the water. —[San Francisco Call.]

—We fear that the marriage fees brought to the Camden ministers by Pennsylvania couples who have reasons for avoiding the scrutiny and deliberation made necessary by the marriage license law of this state have dimmed the perception of some of them to the proprieties and even decency of their sacred calling. A minister who toils for weddings by distributing his cards among ferry hucksters, has certainly missed his true vocation. —[Philadelphia Press.]

Father—My son, stop! You must not dispute your mother that way. But she is in the wrong. Father—That makes no difference; and you might as well learn, my child, once for all, that when a lady says a thing is so, it is so; and then he added earnestly, even if it isn't so! —[Chicago Globe.]

After the recent storm experience one may be pardoned for reviving the old joke that "Old Probabilities" is called "Old Probs" because he is destitute of abilities.

Economical theorist—"Three cigars a day, it saved, would supply your family with food." Practical man of family—"But my family doesn't live on pork and beans."

Mrs. John Clinch of New Mexico practised with a revolver until she could hit a dime at ten paces, and then locked herself in a closet while a one-armed thief spent two hours in robbing the house.

A London paper attributes the following hyperbole to a lecturer speaking on the great fire of London: "It is not too much to say, gentlemen, that when the news of that awful event became known, the poles, north and south, leaped from their sockets and stared aghast at the equator!"

Experienced tramp—"Hello, we're in luck. I hear a husband treated him to a herring in this house. I'll wait until he comes out." Fresh tramp—"What good'll that do?" Experienced tramp—"I'll tell him I'm a wanderer over the face of the earth because I can't live with my wife, and he'll give me a dollar." —[Philadelphia Record.]

If any doubt existed as to the claim to Washington Territory, it was set at rest by a recent interview with ex-Governor Squire of that Territory. Said this statesman: "Should she come in as a State? Well, I should reckon so! Why, Seattle has a cable road five miles long. . . . We produce 100,000,000 bushels of wheat a year in Washington Territory. Should she come in? Well, I reckon so."

A young clergyman, receiving a visit from his clerical father, treated him to a rather long sermon at the Sunday morning service. "What did you think of my sermon this morning, father?" he asked of his reverend parent at the dinner table on their return home. "Intolerably long, my son. I wouldn't blame any parishioner for going to sleep over such an infliction." "That's what I thought when you first preached it, father. I dug it up out of your barrel this morning." —[Religious Herald.]

## Ballot Reform.

This is one of the reforms which must come, for without it our system of popular government cannot be maintained. Every election, especially in our large cities, shows that until this reform is secured all other reforms are impossible of accomplishment. The control of the election machinery, of the printing and distributing of the ballots, must be taken from the politicians and put into the hands of the State. That is, we must take the power to control our elections away from the men who have no responsibility and no interest in government save extravagance and corruption, and put it into the hands of officials who are sworn to do their duty. Of what use is it to try to get honest men nominated for office when we leave in the hands of the political workers the power to defeat them at the polls by distributing fraudulent or defective ballots or by making "deals" and "dickers" which cheat the people of their will? We have talked for years about reforming the primaries and the nominating conventions, but not one particle of progress has been made. Under the Massachusetts law any 400 voters, in case of a candidate for State office, and any 100 voters, in case of a candidate for a lesser office, by uniting in a petition in behalf of a candidate of their choice, can have his name printed upon the official ballots and have those ballots distributed at the polls, at the public expense. What more certain way of reforming the primaries could be devised than this? If there were such a law in New York City there would be an end to the astonishing spectacle which is there so often presented of a "boss" setting up a candidate of his own for office in spite of all opposition. Under such a law both "bosses" and primaries would in a very short time lose their present dominance in our own politics.

In fact, there is scarcely a form of iniquity known to our election methods which a good ballot law would not eradicate. We should be rid at one stroke of the assessments upon candidates, of the bribing and bullying of voters, of the nomination of notoriously unfit candidates, of "deals" and "dickers" and "trades" at the polls. All these would disappear, for the simple reason that the machinery of elections would be taken out of the hands of irresponsible and often dishonest men. Such an obvious and imperative reform as this cannot be longer delayed. —[The Century for December.]

## Imagination.

The theory is now advanced that a cold is simply a disease of the imagination. We doubt it. When a man's cranium feels as big as a bushel basket; when he feels a perennial spring has opened in his head, those who like may credit that state of affairs to the imagination. What is better, however, is to try to imagine something that will cure it. Ingalls' Throat and Lung Specific does not work upon the imagination, but it can and does cure colds and resultant difficulties. After a trial I imagine you will never want to be without it.

## The New States.

What shall their names be? The election makes this question a timely one. Most of the names on our roll of States are very good, and the nation is fortunate in their general fitness, melody and excellence. Thirty of the 38 few could wish to change. The mistakes have been in the compound names which use the adjectives New, North, South and West. Every one of these is bad, and their repetition anywhere should not be permitted. Any local consideration or clamor ought not to weigh against this sufficient reason for ruling out any North or South Dakota as names.

An unwritten law of our State nomenclature has been, "no personal names." This has served us well in defending the capital quality of our roll and it should not be violated, now or ever. If we were to begin with a Washington and Lincoln, Grant would soon follow, and then, who? The time to defend ourselves from such questions and such a letting down of our standard is at the outset, and by refusing the first wrong step. This reason is effectively reinforced by the fact that the name of Washington has and is assuming more and more a prominence in our system of names for counties, cities and towns, and the confusion in postal and other matters would be serious if the new Pacific Commonwealth were permitted to take the same name.

There is no good reason why these considerations should not have force. Our best names are those which are native, having a local fitness and flavor of the soil. Such names await adoption for these new States, as good as the best, and it would be a mistake to miss our opportunity to adopt them, as it was to take West Virginia instead of Kenawha and North Carolina for Rome. "Utah" would be as fine a name as any State has, and the coming State should not be forbidden to adopt that name of one of its grandest mountains, certainly not because one of its towns happens to bear the same. The fortunes of that town would not be bettered by one iota because the State took the name, and the jealousy of any rival town should not influence in the least a statesmanlike decision of this question at Washington.

The same is true of Pembina. For either half of the divided Dakota, this would be a thoroughly good name, and either should prefer it infinitely rather than inflict upon their children any North and South jargon, a perpetual reminder that their native State was only a fraction of something. Dakota, what would be just as good and would find just as good a market if it were raised in Pembina. Indeed, it might still bear the same name. The opinions and the feeling of the people in these Territories should have just consideration, but they should not have decisive weight. They are less than a million, the rest of us are sixty millions, and our interest in a proper selection of names is just as great as theirs. It is a question for the nation to decide through its representatives, and congressmen cannot be absolved from their responsibility by any unwise local jealousy and clamor. —[Boston Advertiser.]

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## List of New Books.

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| Becker, A. Auf Waldwegen; mit einer Einleitung von J. Kuer-schmer.   | 43.77   |
| Besant, W. The World Went very Well then.  | 65.613  |
| Corbin, D. F. M. Life of Matthew Fontaine Maury, U. S. N. and C. S. N.   | 95.391  |
| This life of the author of "Physical Geography of the Sea and its Meteorology," (1861) was compiled by his daughter.   |         |
| Ferrier, J. F. Philosophical Works. 3 vols.  | 54.468  |
| Contents. Vol. 1. Institutes of Metaphysics; the Theory of Knowing and Being. Vols. 2, 3. Lectures on Greek Philosophy, etc.   |         |
| Fiske, H. A. Electricity in Theory and Practice; or the Elements of Electrical Engineering.  | 105.338 |
| Freeman, M. The Economic Crisis.   | 84.133  |
| Gibbons, J. Tenure and Property; or Rights and Wrongs of Toil and Labor.   | 84.132  |
| The author thinks the deserving poor should be afforded means to build homes, since home-owners are safe-guarded against social disturbances. The theories of Dr. McGlynn and Henry George are criticized.                                     |         |
| Gore, J. E. Planetary and Stellar Systems, or Short Papers on the Planets, Stars and Nebulae.  | 101.295 |
| Guiney, L. L. Brownies and Boggles. The author describes the water-kelpies of Scotland, the troll and necken of Sweden, the German kobolds, the English fairies, pixies and elves, the Irish leprechauns and a score of other "little people." | 51.439  |
| Harrison, Mrs. (Lucas Malet). Little Peter; a Christmas Morality for Children of Any Age.  | 66.692  |
| Hering, C. Practical Directions for Winding Magnets for Dynamoes.  | 102.337 |
| Holmes, R. Realistic Idealism in Philosophy itself. 2 vols.  | 55.330  |
| Hosmer, J. K. Life of Young Sir Henry Van Governor of Massachusetts Bay, and Leader of the Long Parliament; with a Consideration of the English Commonwealth as a Forerunner of America.   | 95.389  |
| Latimer, S. F. The English in Canary Isles; being a Journal in Tenerife and Gran Canaria.  | 32.387  |
| LeRow, C. B. "The Young Idea," or Common School Culture.   | 81.131  |
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| Panin, I. Thoughts. 2 vols.  | 51.436  |
| Aphorisms on misfortune, charity, death, conduct of life, literature and art, truth, wisdom and folly, pride, etc.   |         |
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| Quincey, J. P. The Peckster Professorship: an Episode in the History of Fictional Literature.  | 61.679  |
| Randolph, H. F. ed. The Book of Latter-Day Ballads, 1838-1888. The object is to indicate the growth and extent of English and American ballad literature during the last thirty years.   | 51.440  |
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| Shower, C. L. A missing Chapter of the Indian Myth.  | 74.214  |
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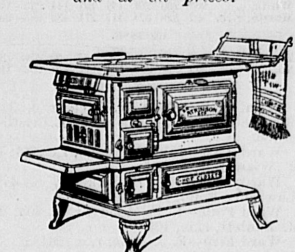
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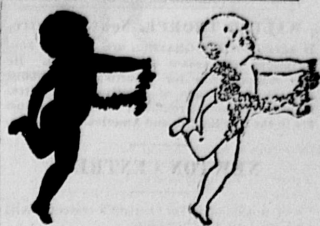
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And soft, velvety face, hands, and skin, is not in trying to beautify it with Powders, Comedics, Creams, and strong Alkaline Soaps. If of which in the end do more harm than good, and in time completely ruin the natural life and activity of the skin.

PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION to, and first investigate the purity of the soap you are daily using. It is of the utmost importance.

IN MANY CASES where you see a sallow, thick, puffy skin, it is the result of the use of impure soap (or no soap at all), which has not kept the face real clean nor the pores open, so as to allow the secretions to escape.

HOP TOILET SOAP is praised and recommended by all.

WE ASK NO ONE to purchase a second cake of HOP SOAP if the effects of the first are not entirely satisfactory. It will give the skin a fresh, healthy glow, and the complexion a natural color that will last.

TEST ITS PURITY, and see how clear the face will become and how clean it will feel after its use.

SOLD BY ALL

Druggists, Dry Goods Dealers and Fancy Grocers.

Manufactured by

HOP REMEDIES CO.,

99 Broad Street, Boston, Mass.

Mail 10c for sample. 81y

## J. J. JOHNSON,

## FLORIST.

CONSERVATORIES.

School Street, Newton.

Floral Decorations for Weddings, Receptions, etc., etc.

Cut Flowers and Bedding Plants.

## E. C. MORRIS &amp; CO'S

New Improved Round Corner

Eight Flange Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

(Formerly the Morris & Ireland Safe.)

Over 100,000 of these Safes now in use

and contain more improvements than any safe made—such as the

Champion Record

In the Great

Chicago, Boston, Haverhill and

Eastport Fires,

and contain more improvements than any safe made—such as the

Eight Flanges, Angle Fronts and

Backs, Patent Inside Bolt

Work, Inside Iron Lining, and

Four Wheel Locks.

These Safes are the Best, Cheapest and most reliable made.

A large line of Second Hand Safes of all makes on hand and for sale Cheap.

Before giving your order for any other safe, send for our prices and sizes.

E. C. Morris & Co.,

64 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.

36

## MILK! PURE MILK!

The undersigned is prepared to supply a few more families. I sell none except what is drawn from my own Jersey and grade cows, therefore know it is CLEAN and PURE. Reference is made to any one who has taken milk of me the past two years. Orders may be sent to Lock Box 3, Newton, or to me at Waltham, Box 292

H. COLDWELL.

34-41

## THE

## Photographer!

Nearly opposite the B. & A. R. R. Station, Newton, Mass.

## HOWARD BROS.,

## ICE DEALERS.

We are now prepared to furnish the citizens of Newton and Watertown with

PURE POND ICE.

AT LOWEST MARKET RATES

To Wholesalers, Hotels, Markets, etc., at Wholesale and Retail.

ORDER BOX.—At W. Henry Brackett's provision store, City Market and Post Office, Newton and City's Grocery Store, Watertown.

Post Office Address: Watertown, where orders may be left.

F. H. HOWARD. W. O. HOWARD.

PROPRIETORS.

## E. P. BURNHAM,

## DEALER IN

## Bicycles and Tricycles

For Cash or on Installments.

Bicycles and Tricycles to

let. Boys' Tricycles a spe-



**WALTER THORPE, Newton Centre,**  
Is agent for the GRAPHIC, and receives subscriptions and makes collections for it. He also makes terms for advertising, hand-bills, and all other kinds of printing. Also, Real Estate to sell and to rent, and insurance against fire in the best English and American companies.

### NEWTON CENTRE.

A notice of Miss Cousen's concert will be found on another page.

There will be special music at the Unitarian church tomorrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Chester have returned from Albany, New York.

Mr. F. C. Lamb has rented Mr. Geo. P. Clark's house on Ripley street.

Mrs. Davis of Franklin Falls, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John H. Sanborn.

Mr. George L. Hawes is again at his home on Elgin street, where he will remain some little time.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nickerson, left yesterday (the 6th) for Pasadena, California, for the winter.

Mr. Pope of Needham has moved into his new house on Ridge avenue with his family, this week.

We understand that Mr. Bray has bought the house on Cypress street, occupied by Mr. C. A. Smith.

Geo. Linder, Jr., and N. B. Knowles had coops of very fine birds at this week's Walpole poultry show.

Miss Flora and Miss Edith Hazleton of New York are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Hazleton, here.

There was the usual animated discussion at the polls on Tuesday between Mr. Barton and Mr. Linder.

The "Six of Clubs" was entertained on Monday afternoon by Miss Marion Nickerson, Institution avenue.

The dry-goods store in Farnham's Block is undergoing thorough repairs, and will be fitted up in an attractive manner.

J. M. W. Farnham of this village, now at Amherst College, class of '91, has been elected a member of the "Amherst Glee Club."

Mr. Edward F. Hamlin of Crescent avenue, and family, returned on Tuesday, from New York, where they have been visiting.

Miss Mary Fennessy left, on Tuesday, for Newburg, N. Y., where she will stay for a short time with her sister, Miss Anne Fennessy.

Mr. Elbert Gammans of Brooklyn had a daughter born on Thanksgiving day. Mr. Gammans is a son of Mr. James Gammans of this place.

The "Little Helpers" of the Unitarian Sunday school held a very successful sale on Monday of this week at Mrs. H. N. Smith's, Beacon street.

It is rumored that the Republicans are taking up a contribution to get money to take down the Democratic skeleton from the top of Associates' Hall.

Mr. D. W. Eagles declined to accept a nomination for the common council, and so Messrs. Richardson and Royle were the candidates of both parties.

Phillip Turner who has been at work on the streets in Newton, by a fall in Boston a day or two ago, broke his leg and injured his arm. He has a family in this village.

McWain has a choice lot of second hand book-cases as new, the biggest bargains ever offered in Newton. Must be sold within two weeks to make room for new goods.

The fourth meeting of the Unitarian club will be held Monday evening next at a place to be announced on Sunday. It is hoped that all will be present at this meeting who were kept away by the storm of a month ago.

Numerous friends of Mr. Burr went over to Chestnut Hill, Tuesday evening, to congratulate him over his election. They found there a large number of friends from the other wards of Newton, on the same errand.

While Dr. Corken was driving on Sunday with his little girl and sister-in-law, the horse became frightened and dashed over a stone wall. The handmaiden carriage was entirely demolished while the occupants fortunately escaped with bruises only.

The alarm from box 72, at 7.45 o'clock Monday evening, was for a fire in Michael Riley's barn, Beacon street. The barn and its contents, consisting of a number of tools and six tons of hay, were destroyed. A valuable cow also perished in the flames. Cause unknown; damage about \$500.

The "Neighbors' Club" met on Monday evening, at the residence of Prof. English on Beacon street. Hon. Alden Speare gave an essay, taking for his subject a topic of great interest, "Canada, Republicity, Commercial Union, Annexation." After the reading came a general discussion.

The fair given by the "Little Helpers" at Mrs. Herbert N. Smith's on Beacon street on Wednesday was a success. The proceeds are to be used for charitable purposes. The little helpers are a body of good girls who have been working for two years under the instruction of Mrs. James Gammans, and by the many useful and fancy articles made by them it would appear that they have been very successful.

The annual catalogue of Newton Theological Institution is issued. The faculty consists of seven professors. The students are 73 in number; Graduates, 2; Senior Class, 17; Middle Class, 18; Junior Class, 22; not in the regular course, 11. Prof. Shaler Matthews, of Colby University, has been secured for the second term to give additional instruction in the New Testament Department.

Attention is called to a notice in another column, of two free lectures to be given by Mrs. F. J. Miller of Boston, in small hall, Pleasant street, Dec. 12 and 17. Subject, "Spiritual Physiology or Mental Healing." The understanding of the science of our own being, which teaches us how the mind can control the physical body. Many diseases, both acute and chronic, have been successfully treated by Mrs. Miller in this village, and her patients are to be found in several of our best families. It is hoped that many ladies will avail themselves of this rare opportunity to listen to the explanation of the subject.

Dr. S. F. Smith preached in the new Baptist church Sunday morning. His text was the words of our Lord in the last three verses of Matthew. After speaking of the impressiveness of the last words of our Lord, he dwelt upon the words of Christ the Lord's own five-fold testimony to His divinity. Christ asserted for Himself all power; authority to supplant all the religions of the world; to introduce a new and binding rite; equal dignity with the Father and the Spirit; omnipresence, involving omniscience and omnipotence. In view of such claims upon us, made not by a creed but by Christ Himself, let us maintain strict obedience in all things, and "make principles of all the nations." In the ripeness of his four score years, Dr. Smith stood forth without a scrap of note-paper and delivered this fresh and crowning message. The new house would not have been adequately occupied as the church house without his eloquent and luminous presentation of the deity of our Lord by the mouth of the man who became pastor of the church forty-seven years ago.

### NEWTON HIGHLANDS.

Mrs. S. C. Cobb, who has been ill for several days, is out again.

Mr. E. Moulton has been confined to the house by illness for the past few days.

The contribution of the Congregational church for the Cottage Hospital last Sunday was \$51.53.

Mr. L. A. Ross, the builder, is putting in a cellar for a house on Hillside avenue, near Walnut street.

The Chautauqua club held their session with Miss Thompson. Mrs. Tyler will receive the club next week.

The Monday Club this week was with Mrs. Nash. The next meeting will be with Mrs. E. H. Greenwood.

Has anyone noticed that no malaria appeared in Newton Highlands, until after the streets began to be watered.

The barn of Mr. Riley, near Waban, was burned on Monday evening. A horse, cow, hay and other property were burned.

Mrs. Brown, oldest daughter of Mr. Geo. May, who has been spending the summer here, will leave for Washington this week.

Has the matter of ventilation been provided for in the plans for the new hall? If not, now is the time to secure it before the building is finished.

The New West Commission Cause will be presented by Virginia Cox, who has been laboring in Utah, at the Congregational church next Sunday.

Mr. Henry Hodson has purchased a lot of land of Mr. Watson, on the corner of Lincoln and Chester street, and will immediately commence the erection of a house for his own occupancy.

The Sewing Circle met at the Congregational church on Wednesday afternoon. A bountiful supper was served at 6.30. In the evening an entertainment was provided, the first number of which was "Christmastime Wishes." Mr. S. W. Jones took notes which were to be sent to the Christmas forwarding house. As all were promised their wishes, some remarkable experiences may be expected in the coming holidays. Guy Gott then recited "Grandmother," which elicited so much applause, that in response he preached a plain sermon. Misses Lillie and Kate Manson rendered a piano and violin duet, which richly deserved the encore it received, and to which they responded by another selection. After this Prof. Stubbs from Wayback delivered a historical address, which for profound research and logical acumen cannot be excelled. Miss F. C. Smith then read Whittier's "Mary Garvin" in a most effective manner, the attention of her audience closely to her subject to the close of the poem.

### NEWTON UPPER FALLS.

Mr. L. P. Everett is serving as a member of the board jury.

The election passed off very quietly, a very small vote comparatively being thrown.

The Ladies' Circle of the Methodist society purpose to hold their annual sale Wednesday evening, Dec. 19.

Rev. A. Dight of Lynn will preach at the Methodist church here next Sunday, an exchange with Mr. Peterson.

Miss Mary Scott, who was so severely injured at the Eliot station a few weeks ago, is able to be about again.

Mrs. Fred A. Perry, daughter of Mrs. C. S. Robinson, formerly of this village, died at Chetwynd, Florida, Nov. 30, at the age of 34.

A Union Love Feast of all the Methodist churches of Newton will be held at the Upper Falls Methodist church next Tuesday evening, Dec. 11, at 7.30. All cordially invited.

Prof. Turner of Boston gave a very interesting and instructive lecture, aided by the stereopticon at the Baptist church, last Tuesday evening, his subject being Ireland, England and Scotland.

Rev. Mr. Higgins of Somerville occupied the pulpit at the Baptist church on Sunday last. He will preach next Sunday at 10.45 a. m., subject, "God waiting to be gracious." Also at 6.30 p. m., a sermon to those not professing to be Christians. Prayer meeting after evening preaching service; Sunday school after morning service.

The young people of the Y. P. S. C. E. had an unusual pleasure as well as opportunity last Wednesday evening. The play presented was conducted by Bro. Charles W. Davidson of Newtonville, who was assisted by some fifteen other visiting friends, members of the Newton C. E. Union. An unusually interesting meeting was the result. It is expected that the meeting of next Wednesday evening will be of a similar character. It will be in the Baptist vestry and all are cordially invited, young or old, members and others.

### NEWTON LOWER FALLS.

Lower Falls is all right this time as the citizens voted almost without exception for the new mayor.

The great question of the day, or rather of the night, is who has charge of our street lighting? The lighting is, at present, the worst on record.

The mission at St. John's church, which has been attended by great numbers of people during the past week, closed on Monday with very impressive services. The church being filled beyond its seating capacity.

Each of the employees of the firm of Crehore & Son received a nice plump turkey for their Thanksgiving dinner, according to a long established custom with that company, one of the employees receiving his forty-third turkey.

In a fracas which took place on the Wellesley side on Sunday evening, a man, by the name of Moor, rather badly punished one of the men who is working on the new bridge, for which offence, he was fined by Judge Washburn the sum of ten dollars and costs.

Our claims to a councilman was ignored by the Ward 4 committee of the Citizen's caucus. But the voters of the village were magnanimous and allowed the Citizen's ticket 3 votes and went to their funeral in the evening. The Lower Falls vote was cast almost solidly for Burr, and a very large vote was cast against Childs and Kennedy.

Miss Lillian F. Holmes and Mr. Wilbur L. Davis were married at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Henry E. Morgan, Grove street, Monday evening. Rev. Dr. Allen, of Portsmouth, assisted by Rev. A. P. Stone, of Newton Lower Falls, officiated. The ceremony was witnessed by numerous relatives of the bride and groom. The young couple were the recipients of numerous elegant gifts including a silver service, silver cake basket, silver tray and other articles both useful and ornamental. The bride wore a beautiful white silk, and carried a handsome bouquet of roses. Mr. and Mrs. Davis started for Wichita, Kansas, Thursday evening, on the 9.15 train on the Boston & Albany railroad. The groom is engaged in the apothecary business in that city.

Great reduction Sale of boots, shoes and rubbers, at 25 Essex street, Boston, next door to Globe Theatre. The stock of Geo. A. Denham will be sold for 50 cents on a dollar.

### MR. BURR WINS.

And Every Republican Candidate Elected.

MAJORITY RANGE FROM 607 FOR BURR TO 118 FOR DICKINSON.

The board of aldermen met at City Hall, Tuesday evening, to receive the returns, and there was the usual large attendance of spectators, the bulletin in the hall way drawing such a crowd that it was almost impossible to get into the aldermanic chamber. Aldermen Nickerson, Johnson, Chadwick, Childs and Ward were present.

There was as usual a long delay, waiting for the returns from Ward Three, all the other wards reporting before Ward Three was heard from. The delay was said to be due to the greater number of scratched ballots, and scattering votes in that ward, although other wards had their full share.

The meeting was held to order by Mayor Kimball and the returns were as follows:

FOR MAYOR.		Wards.		Total.	
Burr, r.	277	237	237	514	514
Nickerson, c.	114	274	284	147	54
					108-1078

FOR ALDERMEN.		Wards.		Total.	
Childs, r.	345	456	361	222	264
Powell, j.	27	33	99	105	1
Chadwick, r.	511	474	384	276	406
Tolson, r.	281	238	294	125	346
Hunt, c.	161	234	233	194	151
Johnson, r.	332	503	475	401	278
Peterson, r.	131	515	475	400	268
Harbach, c.	292	516	474	403	278
Kennedy, r.	287	216	312	238	114
Hutchinson, j.	201	159	149	39	281

FOR SCHOOL COMMITTEE.		Wards.		Total.	
Peterson, r.	306	535	478	275	418
Holts, r.	397	536	522	418	432
Dickinson, r.	186	234	332	242	153
White, c.	297	299	201	174	127
Martin, r.	397	520	524	417	271

FOR COMMON COUNCIL.		Wards.		Total.	
Ward One—Albert W. Rice, r.	380				
Reuben Forknall, r.	209				
John E. Briston, c.	185				
Ward Two—John A. Fenno, r.	516				
T. Wiswall, c.	515				
Ward Three—A. F. Luke, r.	472				
Lambert, c.	469				
Ward Four—E. E. Moody, r.	402				
J. Ranlett, r.	403				
Ward Five—F. J. Hale, r.	264				
Hyde, r.	263				
Ward Six—A. H. Royle, 305					
Richardson, 373					
Ward Seven—S. H. Hambley, r.	352				
L. A. Hall, r.	184				
U. C. Crosby, c.	175				

A hearing was given on Mr. Fitzpatrick's petition for license to erect a planing mill on Crafts street.

Mr. A. R. Mitchell objected to a license being granted, and said he would have objected to Mr. Ross's being given a license had he known of the application. He did not think such mills should be allowed in places where so many houses were being built, and where the noise, dust and smoke would prove such a nuisance. He was building three houses and he owned two others near there, and the vicinity of the planing mills would be a great nuisance to him, as they would interfere with the renting of the houses, and also injure the sale.

Mr. Fred C. Perry said that he owned a house on Court street, on which he had expended considerable money, and the noise from the mills would be a serious objection. He was not aware of Mr. Ross's application or he would have been present to oppose it. He found that the Electric Light station was a serious nuisance. The noise of planing mill machinery could be heard a mile away. He owned a lot on Walnut street, but a carpenter shop adjacent reduced its value so much that it was not worth while to build upon it.

Mr. Mitchell said that he hoped if the license was granted, the board would have the buildings made fire-proof, and would not allow any more watered buildings there. Mr. Fitzpatrick said that a wooden building would be just as safe as one of brick or stone, the noise was just the same. The building would be in the middle of a lot containing 5,200 feet, and the noise from the mills would be just as much as if it were a wooden building. The residents on Church street, where his old mill was located, all said that they were never disturbed by the noise, and their only objection was the possible danger from fire. The nearest house or stable to the new building would be some 500 feet distance.

The hearing was then closed and the committee on license took the petition under consideration.

On recommendation of Chief Bixby, Isaac S. Jefferson was appointed hoseman of No 1 Engine company.

THE NEWTON NATIONAL BANK LAND. City Solicitor Slocum sent in a communication regarding the land of the Newton National bank in Ward 7, and stated that Centre street was widened in that place by the County Commissioners in 1801, so that the strip of land there clearly belonged to the city. In regard to the triangular land claimed by the bank, under a deed of 1848, the land had been open to the public for a long time, and he could not say whether the bank's claim was well founded or not. The question, he thought, would have to be decided by the courts.

Highway work. Alderman Nickerson from the Highway committee read a long list of work done upon the highways in response to petitions.

Jennison and Judkins streets. Petitions were received for the laying out of Judkins street from Crafts to Jennison street, 40 feet wide, and also Jennison street, same width, and orders were passed granting hearings to property owners interested, before the aldermen, Dec. 24, and before the common council, Dec. 31st.

THE STREET LIGHTING. Mayor Kimball sent a communication to the board, asking for a plan and cost of lighting the streets in 1889, before approving the appropriation of \$27,000. He also recommended that the streets be lighted at night, as it would add so much to the safety of the streets, and assist the police in their work of preserving order. The communication was referred to the lamp committee.

MR. ROSS'S ENGINE. A hearing was given on Mr. Ross's application for a 40 horse-power engine and boiler in his building on Crafts street.

Mr. A. R. Mitchell protested, and said that it was the duty of the board to protect the interests of the people. He paid taxes on some \$20,000 worth of property in that section, which would be seriously damaged if these mills should be built. He didn't suppose the assessors would reduce the valuation of the property, even if it was not worth half as much.

Mr. Perry said that he agreed with Mr. Mitchell. His taxes had been increased from \$104 to \$150, on account of improvements he had made on his place, but if these mills were built, his place would be damaged seriously.

Mr. Ross said that Mr. Mitchell bought the land he owned there, two or three years ago, for a nominal sum, and as a director of the Electric Light Company, he had the electric light station built without a thought of its harming his property. In the face of that, he had gone ahead and built some small houses there. If he did not object to the 400 horse-power engine, the Electric Light Company, he did not see how he could object to a 40 horse-power engine.

Mr. Mitchell replied that he did object to the location of the electric light station but his objection was overruled. The houses were good houses, costing about \$4,500 each.

After more testimony of a more or less personal nature, the hearing was closed, and the matter referred to the license committee.

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# THE NEWTON GRAPHIC.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 10.

NEWTON, MASS., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1888.

TERMS—\$2.00 PER YEAR.



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Importers, Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers.

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Choice designs of their own manufacture and a rare assortment of foreign garments personally selected in

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Wholesale Establishment with spacious

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BOSTON.



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Cape Overcoat, introduced by us, has become the prevailing favorite of the season for Children and Young Lads' wear.

The Cape is detachable, and the materials are of strong Irish, Scotch and American Tweed fabrics, manufactured exclusively for us, as adaptable for this particular style of garment, in taste and fashionable plaids; are exceedingly warm and comfortable, and impervious to rain and snow.

The distinctive feature of this Overgarment is that it can be used with or without Cape, and we recommend it with great confidence as economically advantageous, it being equally suitable for School or Dress Wear, at

\$5, 6, 7, 8, 10,  
12, \$15.

## A. SHUMAN & CO.,

Manufacturing Retailers,

440 WASHINGTON ST.,

Cor. Sumner St., Boston. 1021

CLARA D. REED, M. D.  
RESIDENCE AND OFFICE,  
Centre Street, Cor. Richardson, Newton.  
Hours—1 to 3 and 7 P. M.

W. B. BEAL,  
Newton & Boston Express.  
Boston: 48 Chatham and 75 Kilby Streets.  
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Leave Newton, 10 A. M., Boston at 3 P. M.  
Furniture and Piano Moving.

A. J. MACOMBER,  
Jeweller and Optician.  
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21 Beach St., Boston, near Washington.

HARRIS E. JOHNNOT.  
Private residences fitted with  
Electric Call Bells,  
Gas Lighting Apparatus, etc.

Repairing a specialty. Orders sent by mail or left with Barber Bros., Newton, will receive prompt attention. P. O. Box 173, Newton, Mass.

FREDERICK F. MOORE, M. D.  
(Harvard Medical College, 1876.)  
Specialty: Diseases of the Rectum  
(Piles, Fistula, etc.)  
Residence and Office: Thornton street, near Washington street, Newton. Hours, 8 to 9 A. M., 7 to 8 P. M.

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THOMAS SINCLAIR,  
Practical Upholsterer

Upholstery in all its branches. Hair Mattresses made to order and remade. Window shades made of the best material and only the best fixtures used. Every shade warranted to give satisfaction. Prices as low as is consistent with good work and material.

## SEAL GARMENTS —AND OTHER— FURS.

We have now open one of the most carefully selected and thoroughly manufactured stocks of  
FINE FUR GOODS

to be found in New England, comprising  
Seal, Sable and Fur-lined Garments,

Also every description of the smaller furs and fur trimmings, all of the choicest and most reliable character.  
Prices as low as CHOICE goods can be sold.

Joseph A. Jackson,

412 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON. 51

NEWTON.

—Mr. I. T. Burr is in Washington on a business trip.

—Many complaints have been made of the dark streets the past week.

—Miss Kitty Hills left on Thursday for Baltimore to remain a few weeks.

—It is said that "The Players" will produce Gilbert's "Engaged" at their next performance.

—All the latest cards, booklets and calendars, also bargains in books, toys, games, at the Newton Bazaar.

—Mrs. James Sloan of Walnut Park had an attack of paralysis last week, but is now somewhat improved.

—The Newton Tennis Club will have a party in Armory Hall, Thursday evening Dec. 27th. Dancing from 8 to 12.

—A quantity of carpenter's tools were stolen from J. W. Brackett's new house, Bellevue street, some time Thursday.

—Officer Henthorn found a pocket book containing \$2.35 and railroad tickets on the 9.15 passenger train, Wednesday.

—F. Murdoch & Co. are receiving this week their second purchase of rich holiday goods direct from the New York market.

—Mrs. C. B. Prescott has sold one of her cottages at Wianno, to Mr. Henry Putnam of Boston, who will occupy it next summer.

—Mr. J. D. Gilman is improving in a way very satisfactory to his friends, and it is expected that he will soon be able to sit up.

—An incipient fire was discovered in Dr. Reed's house Wednesday evening, and was extinguished by members of steamer one's company.

—Have you seen the great variety of goods that F. Murdoch & Co. offer for the holiday trade on their bargain counters in the basement of their store.

—The Christmas service of Channing Sunday school will take place on Sunday, Dec. 23rd, at 3.30 p. m. Singing by the school and recitations and readings. All are invited.

—The Y. M. C. A. meeting next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, will be a social meeting of praise and prayer, and will be led by Mr. Ball. The praise service begins at 3.45.

—Mr. Rand has sold one of the Miller lots on Oak street to Mrs. Frances E. Farro of Michigan, and she intends to have a house built upon it at once for her own residence.

—The house of Mr. E. W. Converse, Jr., on Fairmont avenue, was entered by thieves some time Wednesday night. Several shirts were stolen, but the burglars made their escape without securing anything of great value.

—The Ladies' Missionary Society of Grace church held its annual sale in the parish house, Thursday afternoon and evening. The usual variety of useful and fancy articles were displayed and the sales were quite satisfactory.

—The Eliot Society of Christian Endeavor held a very pleasant social in Eliot Hall, last evening. There was quite a large number present, including visitors from other societies and the usual social features were enjoyed.

—The Cladin Guards will have a sociable, Friday evening, Dec. 21st, at their armory. Rollinson's orchestra of Boston will furnish music. Tickets are limited in number and may be procured from members.

—Bradshaw's Home Made Candy is getting to be a popular Newton institution and it is worth making a trip to Newtonville, to get a box of his holiday novelties. It is always fresh and is perfectly pure.

—Mr. Charles F. Rand is dividing up the Allison estate on California street into house lots, and they will be soon placed in the market. The estate comprises seven acres of the most desirable land in that part of the city.

—Luther D. Scales, coming from school Wednesday noon, through the Park, playing with other boys, got a severe strain of the muscles and ligaments of the left thigh, which will lay him up for a few days.

—Mrs. Katharine Graham died at her daughter's residence in Hopkinton, Wednesday. The deceased was an old resident of Newton and was a successful nurse, having been employed in many families in this city. She was a lady of estimable character and esteemed by a wide circle of people in this community.

—The choir of the Channing church will give their first Vesper service of the season on Sunday of next month. The choir are working faithfully together, and consist of the same members who gave so much pleasure at the vespers last season.

—The following are the officers elect of Local Branch, No. 322, O. E. F.: P. C. J. I. B. Harrington; C. J. O., S. W. Bailey; V. J., B. F. Barlow; Acet., A. W. B. Huff; Cashier, J. G. Taft; Adj., R. A. Brackett; Prel., J. H. Maynard; Her., J. H. Lewis; Watch, G. F. Williams; Ved.,

J. F. Warren; Trustees, A. S. Bryant, H. Collins, W. H. Pearson; Med. Ex., F. W. Webber, M. D.

—Mr. D. B. Emerson's horse became frightened while passing over the Centre street crossing Wednesday, just as an express train was approaching. The gate-man kept the gates up and Mr. Emerson led the horse across safely, in time to avert an accident.

—Great preparations are being made for the entertainments of the Channing Literary Union this winter, the first one occurring the 27th inst, when a performance will be given of Dickens' "Cricket on the Hearth," with a fine cast of characters. Those who have not obtained their season tickets can procure them at the Misses Parker's Newton Bazar.

—The fair and sale under the auspices of the Mission Society in the Baptist church, Wednesday and Thursday afternoon and evening, was quite successful, and many articles were disposed of. The refreshment room proved a successful attraction and was liberally patronized. Miss Leonard's collection of paintings were much admired, and several fine pictures were sold for a considerable sum.

—The funeral of Samuel W. Kendall, Jr., took place from the Channing church, Newton, Sunday afternoon, and was largely attended, many relatives and friends attending the services. Rev. F. B. Hornbrook officiated and alluded to the excellent character of the deceased. The floral tributes were numerous and very beautiful, the pulpit platform being laden with exquisite designs from the family and friends. Selections were finely rendered by the quartet of Channing Church, the numbers "Come unto me," "There is a balm for those who weep," and "Thy Will be Done" being given. The service was interspersed with a family lot in the Newton cemetery.

—The 60-hour swimming match between Leavitt and Stone at the Boston Grand Museum was finished last Saturday evening, at 10 o'clock. At that hour Leavitt had covered the remarkable distance of 50 miles 11 laps, breaking all previous records, and Stone made 36 miles and 1 lap. When the men had concluded their task, Referee Robertson mounted the platform, and in a very neat speech, presented Leavitt with \$600 in bills, the reward of his week's labor, and Stone was given the loser's portion of the purse, \$100. Nearly 1000 people were present during the presentation. Leavitt has started another six-day contest against Simpson, the champion long distance swimmer of England.

—The bicycle clubs of Harvard and Technology met on Watertown street, last Saturday afternoon, and held their much talked of road race. Tech entered eight riders and Harvard six. The race was decided on points scored by the first five of each club, and resulted in a victory for Harvard by 31 to 24. Greenleaf of Harvard finished first, doing the nine miles in 30m. 23.45s., scoring 10 points for Harvard. Norton of Tech was second, a wheel behind him, scoring nine points, with Williston of Tech a yard in the rear, scoring eight points. The rest of the riders were delayed at the railroad crossing, but finished in the following order: Brown of Harvard, Bacon of Harvard, Rogers of Harvard, Webster of Tech, Holmes of Harvard, Warner of Tech, Hutchins of Tech, Bradley, Tech's crack rider, was in the first bunch about an eighth of a mile from the finish, but took a violent header and was not able to continue. The race was run for a pennant, subscribed for by both clubs. Greenleaf also got a cup for winning first place. The referee was Davis, Harvard, '91. Judges, H. M. Waite and F. C. Jarecki.

—The private exhibition of china decoration and oil painting, given by Mrs. H. A. Crosby and Miss H. E. Morgan at the former's residence on Eldridge street, furnished a rare treat to their friends this week, and on Wednesday and Thursday the parlors were filled with admiring guests. The exhibition closes this evening. In one parlor is a collection of china, decorated by Mrs. Crosby the past season, and in the double parlors are shown Miss Morgan's work in oil painting. The china embraces plates, rose and biscuit jars, pitchers, vases, and odd shaped dishes, some of it the Trenton china, the first made in America suitable for decoration. The decorations consist of flowers, leaves and fruits, in colors, and also in gilt, bronze and raised work, and every piece bears testimony to the skill of the artist. Such a beautiful collection would be worth a long journey to see. The paintings of Miss Morgan embrace fruit, flower and landscape pieces, with some exquisitely delicate paintings on silk and tissue, and several pieces of tapestry done with rare skill. One three leaved screen, the frame of which was designed by Miss Morgan, is a beautiful thing, as it is growing in Mr. Fenlow's conservatory. The colors and shading are very skilfully done. The near approach of holiday time perhaps makes the paintings on silk of the greatest interest to lady guests, as they cover slumber cushions and pillows in lovely shapes. The fruit and flower pieces and the landscape representing scenes in Watertown, Hyde Park and other places, are also worthy of careful study; and it is hardly possible to do justice to them in a news paper item. The pupils of Miss Morgan are certainly fortunate in having so talented a teacher and such finely executed models to study.

Y. M. C. A. Convention.  
The seventy-sixth quarterly convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of Eastern Massachusetts took place Wednesday at Newton, and was attended by the representatives of the Young Men's Christian Associations from 15 societies, including Malden, Natick, Cambridge, Boston, Lynn, Woburn, Brockton, Somerville, Jamaica Plain, Everett, Watertown, Waltham, Charlestown District and Newton. The morning and afternoon sessions were held in the Methodist church and the evening session in Eliot Hall. After devotional service, opening at 10 o'clock, the report of the committee on rules was made. Encouraging reports from associations were then made by the State Secretary, R. M. Armstrong, and at 11.30 o'clock a discussion of "Educational Work" was opened by C. H. Schofield, General Secretary, Hyde Park, who presented some practical ideas of how the best results might be accomplished.

After a collation, provided by the members of the Newton Y. M. C. A., the afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock

with a Bible reading and a short discussion of how women may help the association in the prosecution of its work. A very entertaining address was then made by Mr. Francis Batchelder, president of the Everett Young Men's Christian Association, on "How We Got Our Building," detailing the manner quite fully. The "question drawer" was then opened and conducted by Wm. P. Taylor, General Secretary of Jamaica Plain, and Mr. G. L. Richards of Malden gave an entertaining, instructive paper upon "How We Got Young Men Into Our Rooms." C. L. Pierce, acting General Secretary, Brockton, then presented the topic, "The Spiritual Work of the Association," which was followed by discussion.

After an abundant collation served by smiling ladies and girls, the convention adjourned to Eliot Hall for the evening session. This was opened by a service of song under the leadership of Mr. Campbell, which included a solo by Mr. Fisher. Prayer was then offered by Mr. Houdlette. Next in order came the report of the credential committee, which stated that sixteen associations were represented by ninety-one delegates. The committee on resolutions in their turn reported, thanking the Association for its cordial welcome, the ladies and several churches for the abundant collations.

Mr. W. M. Armstrong read a spirited and interesting paper on the "General Secretary and his Work." He was followed by pointed remarks from the president, Mr. D. F. Barber. Mr. W. M. Armstrong next introduced Mr. Stowell, who gave a three minute talk on "International work," followed by Wm. P. Taylor on "State," and Mr. White of Somerville on "District Work." Mr. Armstrong made an address on general work, followed by a collection.

Work was explained in its social and physical aspects. Mr. Allen of Waltham depicted the social needs of young men and the way the association may meet them. Prof. H. L. Chadwick of the gymnasium of the B. Y. M. C. A., with a power made plain the physical scope of our work and illustrated his talk by a class drill of members of his class.

A CARD.  
Newton Y. M. C. A.: the committee of arrangements for the convention of the Eastern District Committee Y. M. C. A., most cordially thank all the ladies and others, who by their contributions of refreshments, or by their personal assistance, so ably and successfully seconded the committee in their efforts to entertain the visitors.

B. L. GOODWIN, Sec'y.  
A CARD.  
We wish to publicly thank the many friends who so generously donated for the two collations at the district convention of the Y. M. C. A. It will be gratifying for them to know that the delegates were very much pleased at the reception.

D. FLETCHER BARBER, Pres.,  
in behalf Newton Y. M. C. A.

## NEWTON'S 200TH ANNIVERSARY.

THE ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR THE COMING CELEBRATION.

The 200th anniversary of the incorporation of Newton will be celebrated on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 27th, 1888, by appropriate exercises in the City Hall, West Newton, commencing at half-past two o'clock, and by a dinner at Woodland Park Hotel, Auburndale, at half-past six o'clock. Addresses will be made at the City Hall by distinguished speakers to be announced in our next issue. His Excellency, the Governor and His Honor, the Lieut.-Governor, will be present with members of the Governor's staff, also the Mayors of the several cities of the Commonwealth. Music will be furnished by the Germania band. At the dinner there will be vocal selections by one of the best male quartettes and interesting post prandial exercises. Tickets for the dinner may be obtained from any member of the committee and of the city clerk, at the price of \$2.50 each. The capacity of the dining room being limited to 250, early application should be made by those who desire to attend the dinner.

J. WESLEY KIMBALL, Mayor,  
GEORGE PETTEE, Alder-  
EDWIN O. CHILDS, men.  
JOHN WARD,  
HEMAN M. BURR, Council-  
EPHRAIM S. HAMBLIN, men.  
FRANK J. HALE,  
LAWRENCE BOND,  
Committee of the City Government.

## The Coming Yale Concert.

The manager of an entertainment given in Newton during the past year is reported to have said, as he looked out upon the empty seats, "the only thing that the people of Newton will patronize is a college glee club concert." The manager might with truth have added "because the managers of such concerts get the best to be had and then let every one in Newton know of it."

The Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo Clubs will give a concert four days after Christmas, on the twenty-ninth of December, at Eliot Hall, Newton. The indications are that the coming concert will be fully as successful as the last, and that those who enjoyed the one given last spring will find that those who were unable to buy tickets then will buy them so readily now that the only way to be sure of a seat is to buy tickets at once. Newton people do not need to be told of the excellence of the singing of the Yale boys as they all heard of the concert last April. In regard to the coming concert there is however one word to be said and that is that it promises to excel that of the past. The price of the tickets are 75 and 50 cents, and they have been placed on sale at Hubbard & Procter's, Newton, Gaudet's, Newtonville, A. F. Wright, West Newton, Alfred Brush, Auburndale, E. J. Williams, Newton Highlands, and John J. Noble, Newton Centre. Remember if you wish to attend buy tickets at once.

CHRISTMAS—Do you want presents for Christmas and New Year? Go to Morey, Churchill and Morey, 155 Friend street, Boston, and you can find just what heart can desire: lamps, china ware, cups and saucers, vases, ornaments of all kinds, royal Worcester and other time pieces. Their bargain tables are rich.

## —OUR—UNRIVALED— FIRE-PROOF SAFES,

WITH NON-PICKABLE COMBINATION LOCKS.

New, Useful and Ornamental.

No One Can Afford to be Without It.

The Best Security and Cheapest Insurance.

PRICE, FROM \$30 TO \$75.

Expressly meant to Supply an Urgent Demand from All Classes for

FIRST-CLASS SAFES AT LOW PRICES.

For Particulars, Address,

Alpine Safe Co. Chas. A. Kellogg, Agt.,

620 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass.

## Special Notice.

We have made arrangements with the manufacturers of Cobb's Soap, to allow us to distribute to the people of Newton, a limited number of Introductory Packages in order that the public may test the merits of these valuable soaps.

The packages you will notice displayed in our window contain:  
3 bars Cobb's Borax Soap at 10 cts per bar, .20  
1 cake Cobb's Complexion Soap, .25  
Total, .45

We shall sell the packages for a short time for only 25 cts each or about one-half the regular retail price for these goods.

Not more than 4 PACKAGES sold to any one person.

The COMPLEXION TOILET SOAP is carefully medicated and delicately perfumed. COBB'S BORAX SOAP is combined with borax in correct proportions.

It does not injure the most delicate fabric and is especially adapted for washing BLANKETS and FLANNELS, as it does not shrink them and leaves them soft as new.

Now is the time to test the merits of these goods.

Gamaliel P. Atkins,  
FINE GROCERIES.

273 and 275 Washington Street.

Agent for Glen Mills Cereals.

Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook,  
BANKERS,  
CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.

HENRY E. COBB, ARTHUR L. SWEETSER,  
CHARLES E. EDDY, C. H. WATSON,  
791 ARTHUR F. ESTABROOK

C. E. WHITMORE, D. W. COOLIDGE,  
C. E. WHITMORE & CO.  
BROKERS.

Stocks & Bonds, also Grain & Provisions.  
131 Devonshire Street, Boston,  
Rooms 18 and 19. Private Wires. Telephone.

Lehigh Furnace Coal  
FOR SALE BY

Newton Coal Company,  
Office, Elliot Block, Newton. 21f

## JOHN S. SUMNER, —DEALER IN— FURNACES, RANGES and STOVES.

The Magee Boston Heater furnace has no equal, the Magee Mystic Range with its patent grate makes one of the most perfect ranges ever invented. The Mistletoe Parlor Stove is one of the prettiest ever put on the market and its working is superior to all others. Repair pieces of any pattern furnished at short notice. General jobbing done in a thorough manner.

Centre St., Newton.

MR. S. R. E. CROSSLEY,  
NURSE,  
HYDE'S BLOCK, NEWTON. 503m

CHARLIE CHING,  
Quick Laundry.

THE BEST WORK AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

315 Centre St., Hyde's Block, Newton.

Clothes Repaired Free.

Charles S. Holbrook,  
Fire, Life & Accident Insurance.

No. 44 KILBY STREET, BOSTON.  
POSTOFFICE BOX 241, NEWTON.

Insurance placed in reliable companies at lowest rates.

DOMESTIC BAKERY.  
Hot Brown Bread and Beans Saturday  
Night and Sunday Morning.

Sumner's Block, Centre Street.  
Opposite Newton National Bank.

Home-Made Bread, Rolls, Cake and Pastry.  
Orders filled at short notice.

Dr. F. L. MCINTOSH,  
Corner of Washington and Jewett Sts.,  
(Office of the late Dr. Keith).

Office Hours: 4 to 7 P. M. Usually at home until 9 A. M.

Refers to Dr. W. P. Wesselhoft, and Dr. James K. Bell.

Telephone, Newtonville, 46-2.

ELIOT HALL, Dec. 29, '88.

THE FAMOUS YALE

Apollo and Banjo Clubs,

Tickets 50 & 75 cts. All seats reserved.

FOR SALE BY

Hubbard & Procter, Newton. Gaudet, Newtonville. A. F. Wright, West Newton. Alfred Brush, Auburndale. John J. Noble, Newton Centre.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, Concert at begins 7.45.



## THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

## THE ALDERMEN HEAR TESTIMONY ABOUT PLANNING MILLS.

Both branches of the city government were in session Monday night. In the board of aldermen, Mayor Kimball presided, and Aldermen Johnson, Nickerson, Chadwick, Childs and Ward were present. The reading of the records was dispensed with and Alderman Nickerson reported from the highway committee on the laying out of the extension of Bennington street, stating that the objections had been withdrawn, and an order was passed for the laying out of 205 feet, and acceptance as a public highway. Alderman Nickerson stated that the extension had been all constructed and graded, and was in good condition.

## GROVE HILL PARK.

The highway committee also reported favorably on laying out the new street on Grove Hill Park, in ward two, Prospect avenue, Lake View avenue, Beaumont avenue and Grove Hill avenue, and orders were presented for the laying out and acceptance of these streets; and Dec. 31, at 8 o'clock, before the board of aldermen, and 8.15 o'clock of the same day, before the common council, were appointed for hearings of any property owners interested.

## RIVER STREET.

Alderman Nickerson also reported favorably on the acceptance of River street, between Waltham and Cherry streets, which was laid out Dec. 31, 1888, under the betterment act, and the highway committee were instructed to report the amount of betterments on each estate, and those on which betterments could be legally assessed.

## THE VOTE DECLARED.

The city clerk then declared the officials elected at the recent election, and stated that no notices of a contest had been received.

## FOR NEXT YEAR'S COUNCIL.

Alderman Chadwick reported from the public property committee on the petition from the school board for two new school houses, one near the corner of Beacon and Walnut streets, and one in the rear of the Clafin school house, and moved that they be referred to the next city government.

Alderman Johnson reported from the claims committee on the petition of Charles Harrington for abatement of \$73 from his water bill, and on that of Thomas O'Sullivan for injuries received, and both were referred to the next city government.

B. W. Neal gave notice of intention to build a house on Hammond street, John Jones one on Crescent street, ward one, and Henry Hodson one on Lincoln street, ward five.

## STREET LIGHTING.

Alderman Ward stated that at the last meeting the Mayor had sent in a communication in regard to the lighting of the city, and for the sake of getting information, he had written to the Newton & Watertown Gas Company, asking if they were willing to fulfill the contract they offered to make last summer, and what the additional cost of lighting the streets all night would be. He had received the following answer:

NEWTON, Mass., Dec. 8, 1888.

John Ward, Esq., Chairman of Committee on Fuel and Street Lighting.  
Dear Sir:—In reply to your communication of the 15th inst., I would say that this company having acquired, on the 1st inst., the property of Newton Electric Light and Power Company, and the basis of our estimates and proposals referred to by you being thus entirely changed, it will be impossible to make a definite proposal to the City until we have determined upon some plan for utilizing and enlarging the property and the expense of the same. This the company will proceed at once to do, and will be glad to confer with your committee at an early date in relation to the same. It is impracticable to tabulate the necessary lines for lighting the whole city during the winter months, and we shall be ready, without doubt, to supply the city as soon as the season will admit of the necessary construction. This company would undoubtedly in any event receive any proposition of the Newton Electric Light and Power Co., and I believe their proposal for all night lighting was \$5 extra for each incandescent lamp per annum. You may be assured that it is the desire and intention of this company to offer to supply the city at the lowest paying point, and as before stated we cannot determine the same definitely without further consideration.

Respectfully yours,

JOSEPH N. BACON,

Pres't N. and W. Gas Light Co.

Alderman Ward said that the conditions had changed in that they had now no competitor, as they had obtained control of the Electric Light Company. This company offered to do the work for \$27,000 and the gas company offered to do the same work for \$24,500, with 10 per cent. off, which would make the price \$22,000. Now they say that they will not charge more than the electric light company offered to do the work for.

Alderman Chadwick said that the street light committee ought to drive a sharp bargain, as the electric light company had no plant when they made their offer last summer, but now that they controlled both plants they ought to be able to do the work for \$20,000 at least.

Alderman Johnson moved that the whole matter be referred to the street light committee, with instructions to confer with the gas company and find out what offer they were willing to make to do the work till some permanent arrangement can be made for the same. The streets now are being lighted at the long price and it was rather expensive. The matter was so referred.

## THE PLANNING MILL HEARING.

The hearing on Mr. Fitzpatrick's petition for license to put up a 60 horse power engine and boiler in his planing mill on Crafts street was then opened, a large number of the residents in the vicinity being present.

Mr. A. R. Mitchell was the first remonstrant and said that he could only repeat what he had said at the previous meeting. He had started to improve that locality, by building three houses there and owned two more, all of which were within 500 feet of the proposed planing mills. It was a desirable locality for people of moderate means, and one of the very few now left vacant within easy reach of the railroad station. He hoped that the board would not grant any such permit, but if they did feel obliged to do so, he hoped they would require the buildings to be made fire-proof, so that we should not have any great fire there. The smoke and noise from a planing mill would be disagreeable to the residents and do much to lower the value of

property in that locality. He would like to have the board look over the ground before they came to any decision. Mr. Perry asked if it was the object of the board to increase taxable property. Also if they did not wish to have the unoccupied house-lots built upon. In this locality, there was 400 feet of land adjoining the planing mill, within 100 feet of it. On the other side of the street, 400 feet more, making 800 in all. On Court street there was one hundred and twenty-five feet more, and next to Mr. Lyford's 100 feet more, and on the corner adjoining the planing mill, 800 feet, in all some six acres, suitable for building purposes. The board had left the matter out to two men to decide whether there should be two planing mills built in this locality. It was a matter which the full board should decide. Last week, it was plain that the aldermen considered that it was no funeral of theirs, although if such mills were to be built in front of any alderman's house, they would object to some purpose, as that would be bringing the case near home. But the decision was left to two men, one of whom was in the same kind of business, and they knew Mr. Ross and did not know us, and so were inclined to make it a matter of personal friendship. A man who builds a house merely to sell it, indulges merely in barter for the sake of gain; but a man who builds a house for an investment has some permanent interest in the improvement of the locality. Last week I asked Mr. Ross if he would build a house for himself so near to his planing mill as mine, and he said that if he wanted a cheap house he would. I paid \$7,000 for my house, and I have spent \$3,000 in improvements, every cent of which is paid for. He lives in a better house, and in a better locality. It is his good fortune in owning a house, which he paid for in being unfortunate. Mr. Ross and Mr. Fitzpatrick are at loggerheads, but the latter has contracted to lease his steam power to Ross, and if you refuse one permit, neither mill will be built. It is to be a lumber yard as well as a mill, and what kind of a place that will be you can see by going down Walnut street, one minute's walk from the railroad. We were on the ground first; we built and improved our homes, and we ought to be considered. Mr. Mitchell pays heavy taxes, his houses are an ornament to the city, and he ought to be considered. The electric light station is bad enough, but to allow two planing mills to be placed there is devilish. One mill is more than we want, and will decrease the value of all the surrounding property. If you refuse one permit, the other mill will not be built. John Stanley said that he owned a little place on Washington street, opposite the site of the planing mill. The smoke and steam from the laundry building now used by Mr. Fitzpatrick was very disagreeable. The Newton papers had noticed the keeping of swine, and Mr. Stanley said that he had a lot of swine, but these planing mills would be much more of a nuisance than any cows or swine could be. If it was an American neighborhood no permit would be given.

Thomas Stanley said he was an abutment to the planing mill lot. He owned land that extended all along the lot, which he had improved and filled in, and intended to build upon, but if the planing mills were put up there, his land would be good for nothing and some one must pay him for the damage. He had already lost a tenant who paid \$20 a month, because the planing mills were to be built. To ruin others was not justice nor right. It was not just to benefit one man at the loss of others.

Mr. J. B. Goehrich said that as the electric light station was extraordinary property it was hardly becoming in the gas company to object, but the owners of the station were considering their own status. It was a matter of prudence for the gas company to take reasonable time to consider the condition of the property as well as the contract for street lighting. The gas company would give satisfactory terms. The company could not make any other response than they had made to Alderman Ward. They came into possession of the electric light plant a week ago, and they had to find out what they could do, and they were also considering the erection of a fire-proof building for their own protection. He thought it would be a good policy to require fire-proof buildings to be put up.

Mr. Fitzpatrick said he did not intend to insult any one, and least of all the members of the board who would do what was right in the matter. The hearing to-night was on the engine and boiler, and not on the building. Some of the buildings proved to be better than his mill than he supposed. In seeking a location for manufacturing purposes, it was necessary to have cheap land, to be in a central location, and to be near a freight yard. The Crafts street lot met all those requirements, and would do less injury to adjoining property there than anywhere else in the city. There would be objections made, no matter where such a mill was located, but he proposed to put in a 50 foot smokestack, to have the exhaust pipe at the top of the building and the steam and smoke would not be as bad as the present engine he used, and which he could keep on using. He did not wish to injure any one, but houses could not be built without a planing mill, and the land about the mill was marsh land and could not be built on for many years. He was willing to do anything in reason. The owners of low land had some rights, and he only asked of the board what was just and right. If the residents did not object to the electric light station running 80 trains a day on the railroad, he did not see how they could object to the planing mill engine.

John Purcell said there was noise and smoke enough now, they did not want any more. The electric light station ran all night and with the planing mill running all day, they would have no chance to rest at all.

Mr. Perry said he wondered that the planing mill was not built at Newton Center, but a resident there said that what they wanted to locate a nuisance they went to Newtonville for it.

## OTHER MATTERS.

Alderman Childs presented an order which was passed, transferring \$575 from the appropriation for temporary loans to the appropriation for elections and registration of voters. This was made necessary by the two special elections.

An order was passed, allowing \$130 as interest on the Kenrick fund, and charging the same to appropriation for interest on temporary loans.

A number of bills were read and approved. John F. Farrar was granted a license for a barn on West street, and John Leahy a barn on Pearl street.

The ordinances providing for pensioning members of the fire department and police force, if permanently disabled, were read and passed to be enrolled.

In the common council, all the members were present except Councilmen Hamblin and Read. Concurrent business was transacted and an adjournment taken to Monday evening, Dec. 31.

## THE NEWTON INDEPENDENTS.

THEY MEET, DINE AND TAKE STEPS TOWARDS THE ORGANIZATION OF A REFORM CLUB.

About 45 gentlemen of the committee of one hundred, Newton Independents, enjoyed one of Lee's excellent dinners at the Woodland Park Hotel, Auburndale, Monday evening. The occasion was planned by a committee, consisting of Messrs. Samuel Shaw, Stephen Thacher, Charles W. Shepard and R. L. Bridgman, for the purpose of bringing the Independents into closer relationship and of giving an opportunity for an interchange of opinion in regard to starting a tariff reform movement or organization in this city. After the material features had been fully discussed, Mr. John S. Farlow rapped to order and made a pleasant, but brief address. He alluded to the several bills that have been presented to Congress with the object of securing a revision of the tariff.

Six years ago, he said, the Morrison bill was introduced and was finally killed. Some two years later Mr. Morrison introduced a new bill. It was voted to consider it, but it was ultimately defeated. Two years ago the Mills' bill came up for attention and criticism. The recent action of the Senate in regard to the Mills' bill is familiar in the minds of most of us. That body has now brought in what is termed the Senate bill, not however until the adjourned session of Congress and are now making a great fuss about it. The Republican party says that the tariff needs revision, but if the tariff must be revised it says it must be done by Republicans and not by Democrats. The Independents don't care which party undertakes the reform so long as it is carried out. We are the same Independents as of old, and would just as cordially support Gen. Harrison in any steps which he might take in the way of a necessary reform as we did President Cleveland in his efforts to promote the principles of civil service and tariff reform. [Applause.]

The most of us were originally Republicans. We could not swallow the candidate of the Republican party in 1884, Mr. James G. Blaine, and we therefore stood out and asserted our independence. We hope that Gen. Harrison will have the necessary amount of backbone to stand up firmly for principle, but we fear that he will be unable to withstand the pressure of the Republican spoilsman, Senator Ingalls and others of like ilk, who probably say that civil service reform is a mere bagatelle. They will urge that all the Democrats should be turned out of office as soon after the fourth of March as possible.

The Independents believe in civil service reform, in revision of the tariff, and in ballot box reform as well. When we see corruption creeping into politics as in the presidential election, we stand up to protest and to fight against it. We will not stand by and see every chance that we get. [Applause.]

The committee who arranged this social and informal dinner desire to form a club pledged to carry out measures of reform, a combination that will have a good effect in the future. For so sure as the sun rises and sets the principles we advocate shall surely prevail. We are justified in an independent course in the interest of pure and good government, and possess the privilege of exercising our right of "scratching" wherever we may please. [The committee who called us together have a report to make and I will call upon Mr. Stephen Thacher for information concerning it.]

Mr. Thacher said that at a meeting of Independents, held Nov. 10, it was voted to consider the expediency of starting a tariff reform movement in Newton.

A social meeting was therefore arranged and invitations sent out to various gentlemen to attend an informal dinner at the Woodland Park Hotel. Many of those to whom the committee wrote are good and true citizens, and we are glad to present this evening and to have them able to attend. Letters of regret have been received from Messrs. L. D. Barnes, C. E. Huzzey, J. M. Gould, Rev. N. P. Gilman, Rev. John Worcester, Dr. Crehore, Dr. L. H. Stone and others who have signified their interest in the movement to make. It has been suggested that we form an organization as a branch of the Tariff Reform League and send out circulars to all Independents and to the Republican party, known to be in sympathy with the policy of a revision of the tariff, stating what we propose to do. It has also been suggested that we appoint a committee to look up a name to the tariff reform.

The committee is of the view that the Tariff Reform League is an excellent organization in the interest of the progress of the movement. At the conclusion of Mr. Thacher's remarks, Mr. Farlow spoke briefly, and then called upon Mr. E. C. Phillips, who made a short address. He said that the Independents had not been defeated in any sense. The cause of tariff reform is still going on and is really stronger with every day. The people of this country to-day than ever before. The Republicans feel as strongly on this question as we do and have no hesitation in saying that if the Republican party fails to come to time on this important question that they will desert the ranks. I should be glad to see the Republican party carry on this reform.

The only thing that makes such a tariff as we have at present endurable is the fact that we have so much free trade going on among ourselves. The time must come when the revision of the tariff will be demanded. It is a question of time, or after a storm, perhaps not until after another financial disturbance in this country. In regard to the formation of a club, I think it is an excellent idea. It is by the organization of such clubs and the correspondence with similar organizations in various parts of the country that one of the most efficient means of promoting tariff reform measures may be brought about.

Rev. Mr. Spaulding was the next speaker. He alluded particularly to the necessity of ballot reform, and said that the amount of corruption and bribery in the recent national election was simply astounding. In order to elevate politics this dangerous tendency must be checked. It was essential that the people be educated in regard to the evils of bribery and dishonesty in elections. The speaker then cited the case of a Unitarian minister who lost his position because he possessed the courage of his convictions and dared to speak at an Inde-

pendent meeting. We ought to protest against such things. It seems to me important that work be done in the way of elevating and purifying politics.

Mr. Bruce R. Ware was next called upon by Mr. Farlow, and alluded to the surprisingly heavy vote cast for Mr. Hutchinson, the Independent candidate for alderman from Ward 7. Mr. Hutchinson accepted the nomination after being strongly urged to do so on the ground of duty, and is entitled to more credit than anybody else for possessing the courage to stand up to be knocked down. Mr. Hutchinson's vote was a vigorous protest against poor nominations.

Remarks were also made by Mr. George Linder, Mr. E. P. Bond and others.

At the conclusion of the speech-making, on motion of Mr. Wilson of Newton Centre, the chairman, Mr. Farlow, was authorized to appoint a committee, including the chairman and one gentleman from each ward, to consider the subject of the formation of a reform club, and to report in regard to the same at some future time. Mr. Farlow asked for time for consideration, and the names of the gentlemen of the committee will be announced at some future meeting. At 10.30 o'clock, after pleasant social interchanges, the gentlemen departed for their homes.

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## GEORGE W. MORSE,



## CHARLES RIVER.

THE PROPOSED DREDGING TO THE GALEN STREET BRIDGE.

The last report of the Bureau of Harbor and River Improvements, in speaking of Charles River says: "The natural channel of this river has been widened, straightened and deepened, so that from its mouth up to Western-avenue bridge, a distance of four and one half miles, the channel has a width of 200 feet and a depth of seven feet at mean low water; thence to Arsenal-street bridge, two and one half miles, the channel has a least width of 80 feet and a least depth of six feet."

Western-avenue bridge is the last bridge on the river in Cambridge; the Arsenal-street bridge is the first in the town of Watertown; the intermediate bridges being in Brighton. What is called the Arsenal-street bridge is across what was years ago Western avenue, a toll-bearing avenue from Watertown to Boston through Cambridge and below the original Arsenal wharf. The only tide-water bridge above this is the one on what is now North Beacon street, on the old Milldam road.

Before the abolishing of tolls on the several Charles-river bridges and the Milldam, a person leaving Watertown en route for Boston would be confronted by two huge signs raised on high posts at the sharp angle near the residence of Tyler Bigelow, each pointing out the best road to Boston and giving the rates of toll. One pointing over Western avenue through Cambridge, and the other through Brighton over the Milldam.

The site for the present U. S. Arsenal in Watertown was selected because it was approachable by water for a certain class of vessels and too far from the harbor of Boston to admit the passage of an armed vessel, and too far off to be reached by shell from an invading fleet. The old Arsenal wharf between the two upper drawbridges is still remembered by many old inhabitants.

Watertown is the extreme limit of tide water; and for nearly the last hundred years all sorts of plans have been conceived and proposed, to make the town of Watertown a port of entry for coastwise vessels. Watertown, at the beginning of the present century, had a valuable fish privilege, which it maintained for years; the catch of shad and alewives at times being enormous. There is no doubt that if there had been a unit of interest Watertown to-day would have a full claim upon the government for a complete maintenance of a navigable river. In this the city of Newton would have had a large share, as in one sense it controls the best shore above the Arsenal.

Some thirty odd years ago Albert Brackett, the principal dealer in boats in Boston, did have a wharf at which he landed coal, brought up in barges in tow from Boston. This movement of Mr. Brackett arrested the attention of Nathaniel Whiting, a wealthy resident of Watertown, and for years one of the most successful dry goods merchants of Boston, a partner of Hall J. Howe, and better known in connection with Boston wharf and the leveling of Fort Hill.

Mr. Whiting's idea was to dredge the channel of Charles river above the upper drawbridge as far as Watertown at an own expense, but considering that the sub-material—the best of gravel—would fully compensate for the immediate outlay, and that the enhanced value of real estate in and around the business centre of Watertown would justify the expectations of the projectors. Nor was he far out of the way, for one of the largest manufacturing interests now in full operation both in Watertown and Newton, within a radius of three miles from the proposed head of navigation.

The passengers of the Boston & Albany railroad, as they passed the Faneuil station a few days since, were surprised to see a two-masted vessel, a schooner, discharging lumber at a wharf above the North Beacon street drawbridge. It seems that Mr. John E. Cassidy, who owns all the riparian right on the river on the Faneuil side as far as the Newton line, and a large portion of the Watertown side, or as far as the Stickey estate, conceived the idea of building a wharf, part solid, part pile. The same gentleman has recently decided to erect a number of first-class dwelling-houses on some twenty acres of his land situated in Watertown, between North Beacon street and Arsenal street, and has made large purchases of lumber in the eastern market for this purpose.

This fact is perhaps incidental to the object of this article. Mr. Cassidy, like Mr. Whitney, has been willing to show his belief in the advantages of making Charles river navigable, as much less so than it was intended, by risking a personal outlay.

One can hardly appreciate the value to the manufacturing interest of the towns above named should Mr. Cassidy's example be followed and the channel deepened and widened from North Beacon street bridge to Galen street bridge in Watertown.—[Boston Traveller.

## Public Sentiment in Virginia.

An occasional correspondent of the GRAPHIC from Richmond, Va., sends the following:

The newspapers here are more bitter than ever since the Democratic defeat. Even the "Central Presbyterian," a religious weekly, has such sentences as these: "The Anglo-Saxon, after centuries of civilization, finds himself under the thrall of barbarians of recent remove from equatorial Africa.—A million of men, the best and bravest, butchered each other, that a dull and besotted alien race might hold the balance of power among English speaking people. Consider also the Chinese, who are the greatest tribe of the east, are scouted from our shores, while the negro, never rising out of sloven savagery in all the centuries, remaining a brute and bondman throughout the ages, is the chosen Czar of America, the sooty and grotesque idol of advanced statesmen." It makes men shudder for the sanity of our civilization. The nearest illustration to this odd disarray and confusion of common sense is found in the era of the Pharaohs. In the tombs of the great Ramses are huge bulls, embalmed with all the skill and lavish cost of a rare chemistry. These great beasts were held as sacred. A learned, powerful, and famous nation did homage to this class of cattle. Such is the absurd infirmity of great minds. The worship of this Apis is not more surprising than the elevation of the imported "servile progeny of Ham" to the dictatorship of the Anglo

Saxon people, creatures out of a rude hut in a southern swamp, with mind, manners, and motives hardly above a gorilla," etc., etc.

This, from a religious paper so called, and much worse in the daily press. In another direction the "Dispatch" of Friday says: "By fraud and corruption the Republicans have elected, or at least claim to have elected, a majority of the House of Representatives. By fraud and corruption they undoubtedly carried New York for Harrison. Leaving out the negro vote the State is Democratic by forty or fifty thousand. And yet the vote is to be counted for Harrison! A free ballot and fair count! Come from Quay, Mahone, and the rest of the gang of conspirators as a sermon of righteousness would come from his Satanic majesty. What is to be the end of these crimes against the elective franchise? What are the people to do to regain their right to elect a President and a House of Representatives of their own choice? ... What a country ours is, to be sure. New York and Indiana are carried by the Republicans. Fraud and corruption, and thus elect a President of the United States. In order to give him a sympathizing Congress, the Republicans steal the House of Representatives. These great crimes provoke hardly a protest. Again we exclaim, 'What a country!'"

This, from the leading paper in Virginia!

## Y. M. C. A.

The meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday at 4 o'clock was a very interesting service. The storm kept many away, but a goodly number were present. As announced, it was a memorial service, in commemoration of Charles Wesley. Mr. Hugh Campbell, who had charge, during his remarks stated that Mr. Wesley belonged to a family of hymn writers. He had written about six thousand hymns, only three thousand of which had ever been published, and while hundreds of songs and hymns were written every year only to die and be forgotten, these grand old hymns live and are precious to many thousands. The day is being celebrated throughout the land by the multitudes, in England by all denominations. It might be well to add here that while the Methodist Hymnal contains three hundred and ten hymns written by Charles Wesley, the Congregational Hymnal has 55, next to Watt's the largest contribution in the book. The service was largely devoted to the singing of the author's hymns but the reading of some of them by Miss Helen Blackwell was very effective. Mr. Campbell also read others giving a brief outline of all. The audience joined heartily to close, with the grand old hymn, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul."

## Dr. Brooks on the School Question.

The Rev. Dr. Phillips Brooks was a guest of the New England Paint and Oil Club at Young's, Saturday afternoon, and in the course of his after-dinner remarks he touched upon the school question as follows:

The question of the public schools receive the consideration of every true man—not in a sensational manner as the vehicle of oratory or political intrigue, but as the fundamental principle on which our social and business interests rests. It is a source of regret that there is a smaller representation of the more educated class of our citizens in the children attending our public schools. The duty of the hour is the cultivation of a public spirit which shall maintain the rugged old public school system which has accomplished so much for good old New England and the country, for which New England has done so much by precept, example and practical work. There are two demands which should be met by the public schools. They are too narrow and too partial. Manual labor is not inculcated and practised in equal proportion with mental effort. The schools should be larger in their scope and the hands must no longer be neglected for the benefit of the head alone. [Applause.] The lack of moral education in the public schools is another defect. Religion should not be taught; but morality—truth, honor and chastity—should be inculcated by precept and example.

## Mason &amp; Hamlin Organs and Pianos.

The improved method of fastening the strings of pianos, invented by the Mason & Hamlin Organ and Piano Company in the year 1882, is unquestionably one of the most important improvements ever made, making the instrument more richly musical in its tones, as well as more durable, and much less liable to get out of tune.

Both the Mason & Hamlin organs and pianos excel chiefly in that which is the chief excellence in any musical instrument, quality of tone. Other things, though important, are much less so than this. An instrument with unmusical tones cannot be a good musical instrument. Illustrated catalogues, containing descriptions of new and popular styles of organs and pianos, introduced this season, will be sent free to any one addressing the company, Boston, New York or Chicago.

## The Tariff Reform League.

The Massachusetts Tariff Reform League will keep "open house" at No. 60 State Street, Boston, during the coming year. Secretary Emerson W. Judd is prepared to make arrangements for lecturers to visit any part of the State, and will send the League's publications free of charge to all applicants. A dinner is to be given about New Year's, at which several notables from Washington are expected to appear.

## A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Attorney, Clay Co., Tex. says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life." Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: "He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters."

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequalled. Price 50c, and \$1. at Arthur Hudson's drugstore.

## News About Town.

It is the current report about town that Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs is making some remarkable cures with people who are troubled with Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Any druggist will give you a trial bottle free of cost. It is guaranteed to relieve and cure. Price 50 cents and \$1.

## LET IN THE LIGHT.

ON THE METHODS OF THE RECENT NATIONAL ELECTION.

(From the Christian Union.)

There is one question which goes to the very heart of politics; it is the question of the purity of the ballot. Compared with this question all other questions under a free government are secondary; there may come disasters through unwise policies, but a supreme disaster can come only through a corrupt ballot, defeating the will of the people, subverting the ends of the government, destroying popular confidence, and stifling the voice of the national conscience. Corruption is the most serious peril to which this country is exposed; probably the only peril which might become fatal to it. So great is our prosperity, so immovable is our confidence in our strength, that we run great risk of letting corruption become a real peril before we put forth our hands to stay it. The easy good-nature of prosperity makes us indifferent to thefts from our political possessions; we have come to feel that in the management of so vast an estate a certain amount of stealing is inevitable, and that the better way is to wink at it. We have so long been told that politics are necessarily dirty that we have come to believe it, and to give up the hope of making them clean as an impossible ideal. Now, it is just this lazy tolerance of evil in public life which gives machine politics and the capital on which they work; it is just this easy tolerance which is the most dangerous feature in our national life to-day. Men of standing in the church and business are quietly consenting to practices in politics which they would not tolerate for a moment in their private affairs. Men of wealth and influence are giving large sums of money to be spent for political purposes, and apparently deluding themselves with the idea that because they are not personally cognizant of the corrupt uses to which the money is put, they are therefore free from moral responsibility. They are willing, in other words, to furnish the capital for crime so long as the business is conducted by somebody else. As a matter of fact, there is not a particle of difference between the pillar of church or society who lends the money for the devil to use on election day, and the reputable wire-puller who acts as the devil's agent at the polls. Judge Greham, one of the most eminent Republican leaders, has put this wicked business into plain English: "It is the Pharisees who are doing this. It is men of prominence and respectability who raise these large sums of money, knowing the use that they will be put to—men who deal openly in corruption one day and go to church the next. It is these men that bring disaster upon the State. You may convict a hundred—yes, even a thousand men for bribery, but the effect upon a community knowing the use of the money compared to that which would follow the conviction of one prominent man." This country is very vast and very rich, but in the sight of the righteous God neither its money nor its extent can save it from condemnation from those eternal laws before which all nations are equal in the balances. No American citizen can afford to have a single vote bought or sold without his indignant protest. The national conscience has grown callous; let us awaken before God startles us out of sleep by some swift and awful retribution.

This appeal is not made without solid basis of fact. The Christian Union believes the great body of the American people to be sound; it believes the great body of public men of all parties to be patriotic and honest; but a lethargy is creeping over the public mind, and a selfish and private and public; a lethargy is more perilous because so few realize that it is coming. Public confidence in the purity of the ballot is to-day seriously shaken; men of all parties are beginning to feel that elections in which they put their names are being won by the sale of votes and sold like merchandise. Intelligent men of all parties are privately conceding and condemning a state of affairs which they dare to be intolerable; why do they not speak out? It is charged, and apparently on substantial grounds, that in the election of 1888 there were counted as it is polled; that the will of the people is defeated at the very moment when it is definitely expressed; that elections are simply solemn farces. The States of South Carolina, Louisiana, and Mississippi cannot afford to rest under this terrible suspicion; they ought to demand investigation of their own integrity. The Democratic party cannot afford to rest under this stigma; it ought to disprove its complicity in this alleged crime or surrender all claims to the support of honest men.

In the North it is charged, and conceded by all who have any sense or conscience, that there is widespread and systematic buying of votes at the polls; that in two States especially, New York and Indiana, money has been spent lavishly by the management of both parties. These are, unfortunately, no longer mere rumors, vague surmises; they have assumed such form that nothing but clear proof can dispel them. A Republican newspaper in this city has stated as a fact that \$150,000 was put out here for the purpose of buying votes by the Republican National Committee on the eve of the recent election. The Republicans have not forgotten the sense of shame with which they read eight years ago the extraordinary confession of President Arthur concerning the method by which the vote of Indiana had been secured. The state of affairs has become intolerable; neither Indiana nor New York can leave the matter where it is. Both parties are under suspicion which they must dispel; for, sooner or later, the conscience of the American people will revolt against the intolerable disgrace. If we are to have a country worth living and dying for, we must have a country with a conscience.

This matter cannot be ignored; these charges must be sifted at once. Let Congress appoint a committee of representative men of both parties; let Messrs. Bruce, Quay, Dudley, and their associates be brought to the bar and made to disavow their methods of political management. Postpone the discussion of tariff, silver, fishery, and all other questions until this fundamental question is settled. But Congressional action will not be enough; these acts are crimes, and should be treated as crimes. Let the Grand Jury in New York City and in Indiana, and perhaps at some other points where corruption is believed to have been the most gross and the most openly practiced, take up the matter and make a thorough judicial and non-partisan investigation. Let men of all parties unite in a demand for letting in light. Let the ministers drop "Robert Elsmere" and

take up this terrible peril, not at the doors but in the pews of the churches; let the New York "World" purify its party by fearless investigation, and the New York "Tribune" embody the spirit of historic Republicanism by a searching inquiry into the management of the party with whose fortunes it has been so prominently identified. Neither party can rest under these suspicions; they poison the very sources of our life and strength. Let in the light.

## "The Quick or the Dead."

Under the title "The American Widow—New Style," the Saturday Review of Nov. 17 observes:

After the monstrous deal of talk over the new American novel, "The Quick or the Dead?" an insular reader is apt to be disappointed by the book. At last it has been published (cost you sixpence) by Messrs. Routledge, and is now within the reach of the humblest purse and the least experienced curiosity. And, after all, it is only the old, old passionate "business," which any one can study for himself in Miss Broughton's early novels. Perhaps "The Quick or the Dead?" is more like the parodies than the originals of these romances, but the arms, the shotguns, the traps, the kisses, the straining, clinging embraces; the wild, weird, tear-fraught eyes; the romping and the rest of it, are after the ancient pattern. Barbara Pomfret, a widow of Valentin Pomfret, a widow but recently bereaved. She had an elastic night-check. Mr. Pomfret had been accustomed to tell her that her curls were a cup and her breath was wine, and that they made him drunk, drunk. She was eternally posturing, dashing herself about, giggling hysterically and striking attitudes, like a queen in a Greek play, over her marriage bed. She sometimes drank three cups and then, under the influence of a certain number of biscuits, for supper. She met her husband's cousin, Jock Dering, and nestled in his arms in a storm, and he told her that she was a great, golden, uncanny thing. Style appears to have run in this gentleman's family, as wicket-keeping in others, because the late Mr. Pomfret's remarks, as reported, were similar in character. Mrs. Pomfret was all eyes and a blow of red-gold hair. She played "Her Graces" in the hall on a wet day with Jock, and, as the piper said, "it was in Nature that there should be a kiss in kissing the piper." It was an eager kiss; it was light as flower leaves, fine as fire. Her stormy bosom tossed some little diamond pins she wore into iridescent sparks. She then took his face into both hands and held it near her own, and remarked that there was an even glow upon her cheeks, which was little for American ceremonies. When Mrs. Pomfret came to reflect on her conduct, she said she was a wanton. She did penance by sitting up all night with the thermometer at zero. Perhaps we have forgotten to mention that she had rather arms, a padding stock, and that she smelt like a sponge "the exquisitely fresh fragrance." She wore a dense, wet, filmy gown, and a delicate foot in a web-like stocking, and riotous masses of copper-colored hair. Perhaps it is superfluous to add marks of quotation. The style bewrays itself. The adventures of Barbara and Jock, and how she sent her husband's cousin away, and called him back again, and the number and variety of their kisses, and how Barbara repented, and Jock, absolutely for the last time, are written in "The Quick or the Dead?" They are all perfectly familiar in character and manner to the ordinary student, and it is hard to explain why they have attracted so much notice in America. In one respect the volume deserves its popularity. Not even Miss Braden or Ouida has described maddening, some with wool of fire and web of smoke, some of peach-bloom colored silk, and so forth. Perhaps it was on account of her varied costume that Barbara's lover "now seemed affianced to some Eastern houri, languid in rich embroideries among many cushions, and the next followed a modern Atalanta through the brown vistas of her familiar woods."

## Great Bankrupt Sale

-OF-

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

The Stock of Geo. A. Denham

FOR 50 CENTS ON A DOLLAR.

Greatest Bargains in Boston at

ESSEX BOOT &amp; SHOE CO.

28 Essex St., Boston.

Next door to "Globe Theatre." Leslie F. Keene, Proprietor.

## The Atlantic Monthly

for 1889 announces as a small part of its attractions for the reading public:

## Three Serial Stories:

THE TRAGIC MUSE.

By HENRY JAMES, author of "The Portrait of a Lady," etc.

THE BEGUM'S DAUGHTER.

By E. L. BLYNNER, author of "Agnes Surrage," "Penelope's Suitors," etc.

PASSE ROSE.

By ARTHUR SHERBURNE HARDY, author of "But Yet a Woman," etc. This began in the September number, and will continue until April.

## The Atlantic for 1889

Will contain

Literary, Social, Historical Essays, Stories, Poems, Travel Sketches, Papers on Education, Politics, Art.

By the foremost American writers.

THE BEST REPRESENTATIVE

Of American periodical literature, which appeals to readers by its own charms.—(New York Evening Post.)

MONTH AFTER MONTH

It illustrates practically its well-earned reputation as the foremost literary magazine in America.—(Providence Journal.)

THE ONE AMERICAN

Magazine in which a regard for letters is a controlling motive.—(The New York Tribune.)

## The Atlantic for 1889

TERMS: \$4.00 a year in advance, postage free; 35 cents a number. With superb life-size portrait of Hawthorne, Emerson, Longfellow, Bryant, Whittier, Lowell or Holmes, \$5.00; each additional portrait, \$1.00. N. B. The January number will contain an entirely new steel portrait of the poet Whittier.

The November and December numbers of the Atlantic will be sent free of charge to new subscribers whose subscriptions for 1889 are received before December 20th.

Postal Notes and Money are at the risk of the sender, and therefore remittances should be made by money-order, draft, or registered letter, to

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN &amp; Co.

4 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

## WALTHAM WATCHES

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## Lowest Prices.

Rings, Jewelry and Chains.

L. D. Whittemore, Jr.,

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Fine Watch Repairing.

French, English and American clocks put in first-class order. All work guaranteed.

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FOR THE—

Newton &amp; Watertown Gas Light COMPANY

left either at the Gas Works or at their Office, Brackett's Block, Center street, near the Depot, Newton, will be promptly attended to.

WALDO A. LEARNED, Supt.

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

**Comer's Commercial College**

Practical Business Preparation.

Young men and women taught the "bread and butter" studies, and put in the way of earning their own living.

NEW PUPILS ADMITTED DAILY.

Book-keeping, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Short-hand, and Type Writing, all taught by specialists. Each student receives individual instruction. Graduates added to employment. No charge for use of text books. Special three months' course for advanced pupils. Day session, 9 to 12 evening session, 7 to 9. Upon trial this will be found a thoroughly satisfactory school. For terms and full particulars, address

Comer's Commercial College,

666 Washington St., Boston.

## West Newton Savings Bank

Incorporated 1867.

West Newton, Mass.

AUSTIN R. MITCHELL, President.

JAMES H. NICKERSON, Treasurer.

ALFRED L. BARBOUR, Clerk.

Trustees—Austin R. Mitchell, Benj. F. Houghton, Dwight Chester, Edward L. Pickard, Prescott C. Brigham, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett, Alfred L. Barbour, Edward W. Case, Adams R. Tolman, C. F. Eddy, Lyman K. Putney.

Committee of Investment—Austin R. Mitchell, Edward L. Pickard, Dwight Chester, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett.

Open for business daily, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 3 to 4 p.m.

Deposits will commence drawing interest on the first days of January, April, July and October.

## CAMBRIDGE LAUNDRY.

NEWTON OFFICE:

Summer's Block, opposite Newton National Bank.

Work done well and promptly. Work taken Monday to 2 p.m., and returned Thursday night.

Received after Monday and up to Thursday, returned on Saturday. Holland and lace curtains a specialty.

## NEWTON LAUNDRY

J. FRED RICHARDSON.

Thornton (formerly School) St., near Washington St., Newton.

Best and Most Modern Improved Facilities for Laundering by Steam.

Without injury to clothing of any description. Send postal and team will call for and deliver work.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

## CATARRH ELY'S

CREAM BALM

Cleanse the Nasal Passages, Alleviate Pain and Inflammation, Heals the sores, Cures the Senses of Taste and Smell.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

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## THE NEWTON GRAPHIC,

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

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EDWARD D. BALDWIN, Editor and Publisher

TELEPHONE NO. 80.

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ALL communications must be accompanied with the name of the writer, and unpublished communications cannot be returned by mail unless stamps are enclosed.

THE NEWTON TRANSCRIPT HAS BEEN CONSOLIDATED WITH THE GRAPHIC.

## THE STREET LIGHT CONTRACT.

There was some surprise expressed in the city council because of the letter of President Bacon of the gas company, asking for time to consider what terms the company could give to the city, on the contract for street lighting. The gas company and the electric light company both made bids, but neither was accepted. The gas company did not get permission from the gas commissioners to engage in electric lighting, but they did buy up the electric light company.

They took possession about ten days ago, and they ask for time to get acquainted with their new business, find out the cost of operating, of the materials to be used, and so on. The request can hardly be called unreasonable, especially as there was nothing said about a refusal to carry out the terms of their first bid.

The present city government is also just on the point of retiring, and the members would hardly feel called upon to make a contract for the coming year, no matter what terms should be offered. The contract has been laid over for so long that it would be just as well to leave the whole thing for their successors to fight over. An appropriation of \$27,000 has been made, but no company has yet been voted the money, and the next city government can probably be trusted not to expend any more of that sum than is absolutely necessary. Next month the gas company will probably have grown familiar enough with their new business to be able to state exactly what they are able to do, and the new members can wrestle with the problem.

Although the gas company has secured a monopoly of the lighting of Newton, there is as yet no indication that they intend to make an unfair use of their power, and it would be better to wait and see what they propose to do, before condemning them. So far they have only done what any conservative business man would do, and that is to find out what it cost him to do the work before he makes a contract, and binds himself to the fulfillment of it.

The aldermen took reasonable action, however, in instructing the street light committee to try and secure some temporary arrangement, until a permanent contract is made. The dark and stormy nights this week have given abundant proof that the present system can be improved. The moon probably did her best to make up for the deficiency, but owing to circumstances not under her control, she made a dismal failure of it. We would recommend that the next street light committee take into account the unreliability of the moon lighting concern, and refuse any offers that may be made. The citizens generally are disgusted with "the moon schedule," and would prefer to have the entire contract given to a reliable company, even if it is a monopoly.

## THE NEWTON INDEPENDENTS.

The Newton Independents at their dinner, Monday evening, professed the right spirit, and if they only carry it out they will prove that men can rise above partisanship, in judging a national administration. They profess that they will wait the disclosure of President Harrison's policy before judging him, and if he shall prove to be in favor of civil service and tariff reform, he will have no more faithful supporters than they. As to civil service reform it is confidently expected that Gen. Harrison will be true to the professions he has already made, and that the cause will make a marked advance during his administration. He will of course meet with bitter opposition from the spoils-men, as all former presidents have done, but the people have confidence in the rigid backbone of the new president.

As for tariff reform, there is no doubt but that the majority of the people are in favor of it, and the election proved that they were willing to intrust the Republican party with the task of reform. Many duties are too high, the free list should be enlarged, and the surplus cut down to the needs of the government. Most of the wisest Republican leaders, such as Senators Allison and Sherman, acknowledge this, and in the next Congress such a policy will probably be inaugurated. There does not seem to be much hope of the present Congress, which has talked so much that all its energies have evaporated, and the most that can be expected now is to have the regular business

closed with some regard to order and statesmanship.

The fact that so many who were active opponents to Gen. Harrison during his campaign are now willing to watch his administration without prejudice, and support him heartily, if his policy appears to be for the good of the country, as it without doubt will be, shows that to the majority of intelligent people the welfare of the nation is of more importance than the success of any party. A man may be ever so much of a partisan before election, but after the votes are cast and the result announced, he should be enough of a patriot to support heartily whatever president is chosen, regarding him not as a Democrat or a Republican, but as the official head of these United States.

## THE BOSTON ELECTION.

Newton people took almost as much interest in the Boston city election as in the one of last week in Newton and are equally gratified over the result. It was a great victory for the cause of good government in that city. The citizens turned out in spite of the rain and one remarkable fact is that Mr. Hart had about 8,000 more votes than a year ago, and Mr. O'Brien about 4,000. Evidently the stay-at-homes came out this year, and this is the reason for the majority of nearly 2,000 for Mr. Hart.

Mr. Hart's platform was not a political one, but in his own words, "The city has nothing to do with creed or nationality, nor with partisanship. Its affairs should be conducted on business principles." Such a platform adds to the significance of the victory and gives promise of a first class city government for the coming year.

The victory won by the Citizen's candidates for school committee was equally emphatic and satisfactory. It shows that the people are determined that Boston's excellent school system shall not be managed in the interest of any sect, whether Catholic or Protestant. The Boston schools have heretofore been the pattern for all New England and they will now continue to be so. Happily, here in Newton the sectarian question has not been raised, that is, it had not been up to the recent election, and this was probably more of a political move than from any belief that one candidate would be more favorable to a certain church than another, and it is much to be hoped that this question will not be raised here to disturb the work of our schools, where all classes of pupils are now on an equal footing. Newton has been very fortunate in this respect, and it speaks well for the intelligence of all classes of her citizens.

Without any regard to the merits or demerits of Mayor O'Brien, it is an excellent thing for Boston to have a radical change in its city government, so that with new men at the helm all departments may be looked into, and mistakes and abuses corrected. Frequent changes in a city government make the officials more careful to avoid all evil tendencies.

THE NEWTON INDEPENDENTS. [Zion's Herald has a mild article on the bribery and corruption that prevailed in the recent election, and its way to remedy the matter is for the Democratic papers to confine their remarks to cases of Democratic fraud and bribery, and Republican papers to follow suit with the sins in their own party, and it says "if they cannot do this and desire reform, let them hold their peace." But Zion's Herald is not so committed to the policy of silence, as one would infer from this, for it closes its article by saying, "but we have some hope that people who are honest Christians first, and party men afterwards, will unite to urge on reformation of the money-methods of practical politicians. Nor is it necessary to deal with constructive bribery or any other form of metaphysical sin; enough actual sinning and confessed rascality exists to prove the pressing need of improvement in our election laws with a view to make bribery difficult, if not impossible." The use of money in national elections has certainly become a national disgrace, but until some law is passed compelling the publication of a sworn statement of all election expenses, or until the man who gives thousands of dollars to the campaign fund is regarded as equally guilty with the man who deals it out in bribes, it is difficult to see how any reform can be brought about.

THE question of planing mills has been rather exhaustively discussed before the board of aldermen for the past two meetings, and all the testimony seems to agree in this, that no man wants one in his front yard. Some of the witnesses were rather heated in their remarks, but in a city of residences such as Newton it would be difficult to find a location where objections would not be made by the adjacent property owners. The board of aldermen had probably no legal power to refuse a permit, and all they could do was to require fire proof buildings to be put up. The charter, or the State law, or whatever it is, should be amended, so that the aldermen would have the right to refuse licenses to objectionable buildings. At present the only remedy seems to be for the neighbors to club together and buy up the property.

THE SPRINGFIELD REPUBLICAN has just moved into its handsome new building, and the event was signified by issuing an eight page description of the paper's new home, its past history and the men who have helped to make it famous. The Republican was the leader in the field of independent journalism, and its success proves that there is a great field for such a paper, and that a large class of readers like a paper that is honest and fearless, even if they do not agree with it. Its utterances on political

questions are always watched for with interest and have a wide influence.

AN interesting correspondence between the secretary of the independent committee and Rev. Mr. White will be found in another column. It is the interest of pure politics to discuss the matter and to prevent any such underhanded work in city elections in the future. Victory won by such means is not worth having.

THE common councilmen-elect will hold their caucus for the choice of a president and clerk on Friday evening, Dec. 21st. There are four members who are prominently mentioned for President, Messrs. Hamblen, Fenno, Bond and Hale.

NEWTON HOSPITAL AID ASSOCIATION. The annual meeting of the Newton Hospital Aid Association was held in the Baptist Church, Newton, Tuesday, December 11.

The President, Mrs. Hovey, called upon Rev. John Worcester to open the meeting with prayer.

The secretary read a very encouraging report of the work accomplished during the year.

The treasurer reported:

Balance on hand reported at the annual meeting, Dec. 13, 1887,	\$308.32
Amount received since from different villages for annual fees, as follows:	
Newton,	\$122.00
Newtonville,	136.00
West Newton,	150.00
Auburndale,	108.00
Newton Centre,	83.00
Newton Highlands,	32.00
Newton Upper Falls,	27.00
Newton Lower Falls,	7.00
Chestnut Hill,	13.00
	\$687.00

Donations from different villages for current expenses, as follows:

Newton,	\$19.00
West Newton,	36.50
Auburndale,	2.00
Newton Highlands,	3.50
Newton Upper Falls,	21.75
Chestnut Hill,	10.00
	\$67.75

Balance on hand on deposits in the Revere Bank,
 \$466.74 |

Mr. Worcester, secretary of executive committee of Cottage Hospital made some very interesting remarks on the number and condition of patients, etc. He also spoke of the necessity of larger accommodations and the special need of rooms for private patients.

Mrs. Morrow, a missionary from Burmah, gave some of her experiences among the sick and deformed, and said that they are considered objects of disgrace instead of being tenderly cared for as among Christian people.

The following officers were elected:

President, Mrs. Alvah Hovey, Newton Centre.

Vice President, Mrs. Vernon E. Carpenter, West Newton.

Secretary, Mrs. John F. Heckman, Newton Highlands.

Treasurer, Miss Charlotte L. Bullens, Newton.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Newton—Mrs. George S. Harwood, Mrs. William B. Elton, Mrs. Andrew S. March, Miss Caroline A. Buckingham.

Newtonville—Mrs. Edward A. Whiston, Mrs. Cornelius F. Harkins, Mrs. Ellis W. Redpath, Mrs. George F. Kimball.

West Newton—Mrs. Ellen P. Perrin, Mrs. Thomas B. Fitz.

Auburndale—Noah W. Farley, Mrs. Howard P. Bellows.

Newton Lower Falls—Mrs. William G. Wells, Mrs. Thomas Rice.

Newton Upper Falls—Mrs. John A. Gould, Mrs. Charles W. Randall.

Newton Highlands—Mrs. Albert F. Hayward.

Newton Centre—Mrs. Charles S. Davis, Mrs. Daniel B. Clafin.

Chestnut Hill—Mrs. Heman M. Burr.

## REV. R. A. WHITE REPLIES.

THE FALTSY OF THE RUMORS CIRCULATED ON ELECTION DAY.

It is desirable for both public and private interests that the truth of the charges made against Rev. Rufus A. White on Election day, and which undoubtedly caused his defeat, should be made known. If false, a great injustice was done Mr. White, whose reputation was assailed and who was deprived of the office, to the public schools, to his friends who worked for him, and, perhaps most of all, to those who, deceived by the stories, were practically defrauded of their votes. To learn from authoritative sources the truth or falsity of these allegations, the following letter was sent to Mr. White and the subjoined reply received:—

NEWTON, Dec. 11, 1888.

Dear Sir:—Certain stories concerning your attitude toward a portion of our citizens were circulated on last municipal election day, Dec. 4. The allegations were diverse in form, but similar in substance. It was said: (1) that you were a member of the British American Association; (2) that you had presided at one of the associations' meetings in Newtonville or in Boston; (3) that at said meeting you had expressed yourself as hostile to our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens; (4) that you had expressed the opinion that no Roman Catholic should be allowed to become a citizen; (5) it was also said that the remarks referred to were made in a meeting of your fellow-ministers. There were, doubtless, variations of these allegations, but the principal ones have been noted, and the general character of all indicated. We believe it is due to the purity of elections in this city, to those who labored to promote your election, and to all who voted for you, that the truth be known. An early reply is respectfully requested.

Yours Respectfully,  
WILLIAM C. BROWN,  
Sect. Ind. Executive Committee.  
NEWTONVILLE, DEC. 13, 1888.

MR. W. C. BROWN,

Dear Sir:—In reply to your communication concerning the truth or falsity of certain reports circulated at the recent election in Newton, I answer: 1. I am not a member of the British American Association; 2. I never presided over, nor was I ever present at any meeting of such association in Newtonville or elsewhere, and hence; 3. could not very well have expressed hostility to Catholics in a meeting which I did not attend; 4. I never said publicly or privately that "A Roman Catholic should not be allowed to become an American citizen." I have never held, nor do I now hold such an opinion. Roman Catholics are everywhere entitled to the same rights and the

same privileges as are freely accorded members of other religious bodies. They should be subject however to the same limitations. My opinions concerning certain tendencies and practices of the Catholic church as an ecclesiastical organization, would neither interest you nor be pertinent to your question. I make these explanations for no personal reason, but solely in justice to those who cast votes for me, and in the interest of what you term "pure elections." A city of the character of Newton cannot well afford the reputation of underhanded methods in her municipal elections.

Yours respectfully,  
R. A. WHITE.

## Newton Cottage Hospital.

The treasurer acknowledges the following amounts received from churches in Newton, on account of Hospital Sunday since last report:

Previously acknowledged,	\$668.52
St. Mary's Church, Lower Falls,	125.00
Congregational Society, Highlands,	53.35
St. Paul's Church, Highlands,	20.15
St. Bernard's Church, West Newton,	57.75
Central Congregational Church, Newtonville,	87.15
Channing Church, Newton,	278.43
	\$1490.35

GEO. S. BULLENS, Treas.

NEWTON, Dec. 13, 1888.

## MARRIED.

WILLIAMS—LEACH—At Needham, Nov. 29, by Rev. E. J. Leach, Francis H. Williams of Newton and Willis M. Leach, of Needham.

## DIED.

LINN—At Oak Hill, Dec. 7, John Linn, aged 69 yrs.

LINN—At Oak Hill, Dec. 11, Elizabeth, widow of John Linn, aged 71 yrs.

WELCH—At West Newton, Dec. 7, Richard Welch, aged 53 yrs. 11 mos. 5 days.

## BUSINESS NOTICES.

LOST—Between Newton and Newtonville, last Friday, a sable collar belonging to a circular, finder will receive suitable reward by leaving same at Mr. E. F. Sawyer's, Newtonville Avenue, Newton.

FOR SALE—A very handsome and desirable dark bay horse, about 1200 lbs., five years old, well broken and raised in Maine. Is sound and kind and suitable for any kind of business. No one about him. Can be tried. Will be sold cheap. Call at once or address John Richardson, off Boylston street, opposite High street, Newton Upper Falls.

FOR SALE—A thoroughly built, upholstered single sleigh. Enquire at this office. 91f

TO LET—A suite of rooms or the whole of a house containing 11 rooms, to responsible tenants. The situation is one of the best in West Newton, the neighborhood centrally located and desirable in every way. Address: Mrs. G. M. Chase, West Newton.

FOR SALE—A lot of second hand windows and blinds, to be sold cheap. Apply to Higgins & Nickerson Newtonville.

TO LET—In West Newton, near depot on hill side of railroad, a tenement of 6 rooms, \$15 per month, also apartment of 7 rooms, \$25 per month. Apply to C. F. Tuttle, Hunter St., or at office, 113 Devonshire St., Boston.

TENEMENTS—To let in Newtonville. Apply to D. P. O'Sullivan, Cabot street, Newtonville. Telephone 55-3.

TO LET—In Newton, house of 10 rooms and bath, gas, furnace, etc., near depot. Moderate rent. Address G. S. Brazier, 24 Hayward Place, Boston.

FOR SALE—Roan horse, six years old, 1000 lbs. Sound and kind. An excellent road horse, single or double. Apply to J. Baker, Sergeant St., Newton.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, if desired, in house having modern conveniences. Situated on Jefferson Street, Ward 7. Address: Mr. Goodwin, Box 528, Newton.

## CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

THE PUREST AND BEST

Is made only of strictly pure grape cream of tartar, strictly pure bicarbonate of soda, and a small portion of flour as a preservative, nothing else whatever, and is warranted entirely free from alum, ammonia, phosphates, lime, and all the adulterants frequently found in baking powders. The character of materials used, their purity, and the nature of their combination, render Cleveland's superior baking powder the most healthful and most economical in use, and it always affords wholesome, nutritious, and delicious food. It is recommended for purity, healthfulness and efficiency by Government and State chemists, chemists of Boards of Health, and professors in institutions of learning throughout the country.

Sold only in cans, full weight.

CLEVELAND BROTHERS, ALBANY, N. Y.

GEO. N. BIGELOW &amp; CO.

## FURS

of our own manufacture.



Seal Sacques, Ulsters & Jackets.

FANCY BOAS and MUFFS of every choice variety. Gentlemen's FUR LINED OVERCOATS, FUR CAPS, COLLARS and GLOVES. Agent for

Heath's London Hats, Umbrellas and Canes.

407 Washington Street 407 BOSTON.

1852 ESTABLISHED 1887

HUBBARD & PROCTER,

PHARMACISTS,

SUCCESSORS TO

Chas. F. Rogers,

BRACKETT'S BLOCK, NEWTON, MASS.

## Real Estate.

## Mortgages.

## Insurance.

Newton, Newtonville, West Newton, Auburndale.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to SALE and LEASING of ESTATES in the above villages.  
Representatives of all the LEADING INSURANCE COMPANIES.  
OFFICES  
J. C. FULLER, Newtonville Sq. J. FRENCH & SON, 226 Washington Street, Boston.

## Charles F. Rand. REAL ESTATE. INSURANCE. MORTGAGES.



NO. 640.

"The Citadel of Hope for Earth, is Home."

This place is a charming home. It is situated on high land, in a neighborhood unexcelled by any other. It is in fact, "A bower of ease in which The past may be forgot."

Neither money or labor was spared in making the house as thorough as brains and talent could devise. It is situated on the corner of two streets; the architectural effect on each is equally pleasing and is so arranged that every room is very sunny and pleasant.

On the first floor are five rooms beside a large hall and back room, with large and numerous closets. The smallest room on this floor is 12x15 feet, and are finished in hard woods rubbed down and polished to a mirror surface. The floors are inlaid, polished hard woods. There are eight open grates with mantles and tiled hearths. Four large chambers and the bath room open from the front hall up stairs, and one from the back hall several of the chambers have large dressing rooms connected with them, set bowls, hot and cold water, etc. The closets are all very large and well fitted up. The back stair case is in quartered oak and is continued up into the third story, which contains four large, airy, pleasant chambers finished in pine in the natural color, with large closets and ample store rooms. The house is heated throughout with the most recently improved steam apparatus, by indirect radiation. The lawn is large and beautifully laid out. This is a genuine home.

"Here, as in earth's first garden, dwells sweet Peace."

This estate is located in Ward Seven, City of Newton, and is only twelve minutes walk from the railroad station, public library, churches and schools. The estate cost nearly \$30,000 was built for ready cash and is free and clear. It has never before been offered for sale but owing to changed circumstances will now dispose of it at a bargain on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of

## CHARLES F. RAND,

417 Centre St., opp. Public Library, Newton  
Telephone 25-3, Newton.

## A Long Felt Want Supplied.

I will guarantee to cure the worst case of corns and bunions on any Lady's feet who will wear my

## CUSTOM MADE

## Kangaroo Skin Boots.

They are soft, fine, and look handsome. They will wear longer than anything else known; they will keep their shape and turn water.

I do not send the measure to the factory to be made up, but make them myself. I will guarantee a perfect fitting and comfortable boot no matter in what shape the feet may be.

Best Kangaroo, Flexible Bottom, no squeak, \$6.50. Dongola, Flexible bottom, no squeak.

## A. L. RHYND,

Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes and Rubbers Custom work a specialty.

Hyde's Block, Centre and Washington Sts., NEWTON.

## E. G. Spaulding,

WASHINGTON STREET, NEWTON.

All persons desiring the services of a competent bookkeeper for Double or Single Entry are requested to call. Will write up complicated accounts, and post; set up, make out bills, do collections, etc. Also if desired would take a few pupils at \$10 for 20 lessons. References given if required.

## Number Your Houses

And so obtain the FREE POSTAL DELIVERY. If you do not know your number enclose a postal card, addressed with your name and street to the City Engineer, West Newton, who will return it with your correct number. You can get the best

## Bronze Metal Nickled Plated

2 inch numbers at

## BARBER BROS.

## HARDWARE STORE,

No 415 Centre Street.

## Men and Children

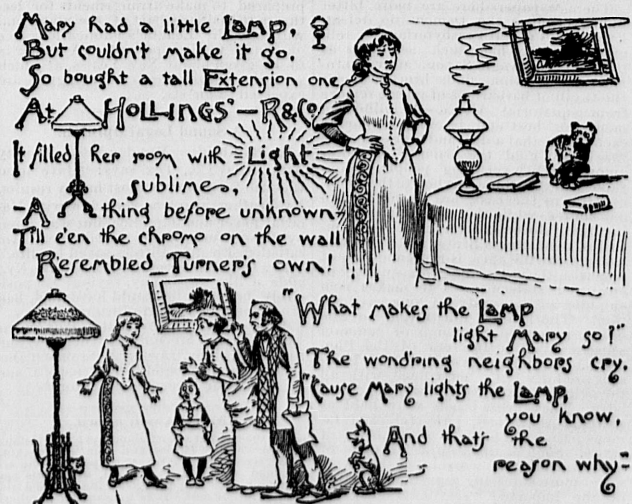
made to look handsome by visiting

## JOHN T. BURNS'

## Hair Dressing Rooms,

Cole's Block.

A sure cure to prevent the falling out of hair by having it cut often at J. T. BURNS', Coles Block. Three artists. Shop open for business from 7 a.m. until 9 p.m. Ladies' Misses and Childrens hair cutting a specialty. Over H. B. Coffin's, Cole's Block.



Mary had a little lamp,  
But couldn't make it go.  
So bought a tall Extension one  
At FLOTTING'S—REG  
It filled her room with light  
sublime,  
A thing before unknown  
Till even the chime on the wall  
Resembled Turner's own!

"What makes the lamp light Mary go!"  
The wondering neighbors cry.  
Cause Mary lights the lamp  
you know,  
And that's the reason why."



## NEWTONVILLE.

—Christmas Gifts at Tainter's.

—The L. S. N. Whist Club met at Mr. G. W. Pope's on Otis street, Monday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Saxton and family moved into their new house on Cabot street this week.

—Walter S. Cunningham moved into Mrs. Brigham's house, Washington street, this week.

—H. P. Dearborn will have his usual large stock of Christmas trees and holiday decorations, both plain and fancy.

—The young people of the Congregational Church will have a "Candy-pull" in the church parlors next Thursday evening. All invited.

—Rev. R. A. White will give his next lecture Sunday evening in the Universalist Church, Dec. 16. Subject, "Agassiz, the Scientist."

—The subject of Mr. Hunter's lecture at the Congregational church, next Sunday evening will be, "The women needed to-day."

—You can find a large stock of holiday goods selling at the lowest market prices, at J. V. Sullivan's. Call early and avoid the rush.

—Mr. A. A. Savage received the fine wolf robe at the Methodist fair, obtaining the largest popular vote. Mayor Kimball was not a candidate.

—A poor canine met with an untimely death at the Walnut street crossing, a few days since, coming in collision with the 5.10 express from Boston.

—Rickie's perfumes, fine cut glass ware for the holidays, sachet powder and fine toilet soaps, at Payne's popular pharmacy, Associates' block, new block.

—Christmas trees in great variety will be found as usual, at John B. Baker's market, also, fruits of all kinds, fish, oysters and vegetables, the best to be found anywhere.

—The second lecture on "Scenes from the life of Christ" illustrated, was given by Rev. J. J. Lewis in the Universalist Church on Sunday evening to a fair audience, though an unpleasant evening.

—A praise service will be held in the Universalist Church next Sunday evening. On the Sunday following, the Amphion quartet will render the musical numbers.

—Miss Bessie Smith of this place, who went on to Greenville, Penn., last week to attend her brother's wedding, intends, after visiting there a short time, to go to Buffalo, N. Y.

—Hastings, the watchmaker in Associates' block, has been in the Elgin, Waltham and other large factories upwards of fifteen years. Owners of fine American and other watches will do wisely to give him a trial.

—Herbert Hunting stopped Mr. C. E. Adams' horse Saturday morning, at the Walnut street crossing, just as a train was approaching. The animal was attached to a light buggy, and ran from Gaudet's apothecary store.

—The Newtonville Literary and Social Club met with Mr. Franklin Bancher, Newtonville avenue, Wednesday evening. The program consisted of vocal music and readings and the usual social features. A collection was served.

—Bradshaw's home candy needs only to be tried to become popular. It is perfectly pure, only the best materials being used, and the flavor of it extends all through Newton. Sample it when buying your Christmas supplies.

—A meeting of the Congregational church society was held last week Thursday, and plans discussed relative to the proposed new church building, but no definite action was taken. The new church will be erected however, in the near future.

—A meeting of the Newton High School Lyceum was held in the high school building last Saturday evening. There was no regular debate, but the method of taking the vote at the close of the arguments, affirmative and negative, was discussed.

—Miss Mary F. Pickens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Pickens of Nevada street, was married in Newark, N. J., Wednesday, to Mr. William Oliver of that city. Among those who witnessed the ceremony were Mr. and Mrs. James Pickens of this village.

—Mr. George S. Smith was married on Thursday, Dec. 6, in Greenville, Penn., to Miss Louisa Washburn of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have returned to Boston from a trip to Cape May, and are now at 43 West Newton street, where they intend passing the winter.

—The Newton City Band will soon remove from its quarters in Tremont hall to apartments in Newton. Arrangements are being made for a grand military ball, and it is hoped that citizens will be liberal in purchasing tickets, in order to assist in maintaining such a musical organization in Newton.

—The funeral of George L. Frazar took place from the residence of Mr. E. Bradshaw, Court street, Sunday afternoon, Rev. R. A. White officiating. The services were of a simple character and attended by relatives and immediate friends of the deceased. The remains were taken to Duxbury, Monday, for interment.

—At the last regular meeting of the Newtonville Literary and Social Club, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: president, Nathaniel B. Burton, Jr.; vice-president, Franklin Bancher; secretary, Miss J. A. Preston; treasurer, Mr. Herbert B. Cook. A large amount of work was laid out for the ensuing year.

—The meeting of the Woman's Guild was appointed at Mrs. Charles F. West's, Newtonville avenue, Tuesday afternoon. The storm of Nov. 30, preventing all but a faithful few from attending, but just such another deluge kept a large member of the prudent ones away and seems to be an edict against hearing Mr. S. Slocum on the "Adoption of the Constitution."

—Mr. Jeremiah B. Lovett died Thursday evening at 9.30, aged 73 years. He was postmaster here over 25 years, receiving his first appointment when the office was established in Newtonville. He has been a resident of Newtonville for 30 years. He was a member of Dalloway lodge, F. and A. M., treasurer of the Newton Royal Arch Chapter, F. and A. M., and a regular attendant of the Methodist church. He leaves a widow and a son and daughter. He was esteemed by a wide circle of friends.

—Miss Annie Briggs and Mr. Fred S. Sherman were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Washington park. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Pleasant Hunter, Jr., pastor of the Central Congregational Church, and was witnessed by relatives and immediate friends of the young couple. The wedding gifts were numerous and valuable, including articles of silver, decorated china and table ware. Mr. and Mrs. Sherman will enjoy a wedding tour, and upon their return will reside in Newtonville.

—The Newton Outing Club held a special meeting, Tuesday evening, and transacted considerable business. The resignation of Secretary H. A. Vose was read but not accepted. An entertainment committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Geo. A. Strout, George F. Cranitch, and A. T. Sisson. Mr. A. T. Sisson was elected a member of the club committee to fill a vacancy. One new member was admitted by unanimous vote. The rooms are to be heated every Tuesday and Saturday evening during the winter, and it is hoped that a larger attendance will result.

—The Universalist fair, coming as it does Dec. 19, 20 and 21, gives a fine opportunity for the purchase of Christmas gifts,

as there will be many articles of utility and beauty presented for sale at a very low price and at a very acceptable time. There is an avalanche of lovely things provided for the fancy tables and the appropriate calls for admiration and wonder that so many bewitching and bewondering things can be produced from simple white cloth, while the flower table will appeal to the aesthetic and the trade table to the practical taste. Those who wish to buy nothing, but simply want a good supper in good company can there be satisfied. Fine weather is invoked that there may be the usual large attendance.

—The following general order has been issued by Major F. H. Morehouse of the Newton High School Battalion: Appointments are hereby announced, as follows: Co. A, Captain, A. W. Little; Lieutenant, W. E. Stacy; 1st Sergeant, W. L. Swift; 2nd Sergeant, E. A. Allen; 3rd Sergeant, Sheppard; 4th Sergeant, W. G. Gregg; 5th Sergeant, A. E. Fowle; Lieutenant, H. R. Coffin; 1st Sergeant, E. P. Harvey; Sergeants, E. A. Elder, 2nd; F. S. Pratt, 3rd; 4th, M. J. Moore; 5th, Co. C, Captain, Holmes; Lieutenant, B. W. Hobart; 1st Sergeant, A. L. Patrick; 2nd Sergeant, R. H. Ballou; 3rd Sergeant, W. H. Chase; 4th Sergeant, C. D. Co. D, Captain, W. S. Sanborn; Lieutenant, W. F. Warner; 1st Sergeant, H. Burrage; 2nd Sergeant, H. L. Felton; 3rd Sergeant, E. Mandell; 4th Sergeant, 5th, 90.

—The friends who found opportunity to visit Miss Fanny Tewksbury's studio last week, found much to admire in her water color exhibition, and though some missed the new elevator and climbed their weary way to her charming room, they were amply repaid. Glancing from sketch to sketch, whether one wandered through the busy town of Gloucester along its wharves, by the "od Houses," or loitered under its "Willow Trees," or in stately Salem looked upon some of its delightful gardens, its quaint dwellings or followed the shore, glanced now at some of Beverly's charms, or turned to "Afternoon in Marblehead," sniffed at the roses and nasturtiums, or admired the rugged chrysanthemums and the trim "Mermaid Vine" sheltering a great portal, there was charm and a delight over all. The industrious artist, toiling steadily up the steep road to public recognition of merit, fully deserves the encouragement shown by the magic word "Sold" on so much of her work.

—The Newton branch of the British-American Association held a social meeting in Tremont Hall, Monday evening. It was a very pleasant affair and there was a large number present. An entertainment was provided consisting of an address by Mr. A. M. Upham; comic song, Mr. John Jones; song, Mr. Joseph House; reading, Mr. A. M. Upham; song, Mr. James Pringle; piano, Mr. John Hill; reading, Mr. Longbottom; song, Mr. George Stevens; song, Mr. Fowler; address, Rev. Mr. Morey; reading, Mr. George Hudson; duet, Messrs. Fringe and Wood; instrumental solo, Mr. James Kershaw; comic song, Mr. Thomas Tapley; song, Mr. Woodfin. The secretary presented an elaborate report giving an account of the year's work. The branch was organized with 32 members and has increased to 84. The principal part of this increase has been due to the growing interest in the order manifested in the latter part of the summer and autumn. The work of nationalization has progressed largely through the efforts of our treasurer, Mr. Hansen, but earnest endeavors should be made during the coming year to make greater progress in this direction. The receipts and expenses are nearly balanced. The total receipts amounted to \$105.61; disbursements, \$98.16; cash on hand, \$7.45. The financial prospects are upon the whole encouraging and satisfactory. Committees have been formed which will be of great value to the society in the future. After the business had been transacted, an excellent collation was enjoyed.

## WEST NEWTON.

—In the police court this week, thirteen cases were disposed of, 8 for drunkenness and 5 for disturbances.

—Col. I. F. Kingsbury attended the reunion of the 22d Regiment association in Young's hotel, Boston, last evening.

—Newton Lodge, I. O. O. F., will confer the third degree upon two candidates on Saturday evening, Dec. 15, at 8 o'clock, in the Suffolk lodge, Boston, Thursday evening next.

—There will be a Christmas Sunday school service at the Congregational church a week from Sunday, and a Christmas tree on Christmas eve.

—Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen from West Newton and surrounding towns attended the Drake-Dunklee wedding at Waltham, Wednesday evening.

—Rev. Mr. Jaynes preached last Sabbath in the church of the Disciples, Boston, Rev. Mr. Gilman, of this place, supplying his pulpit, and preaching an exceptionally fine sermon.

—The first regular meeting of the Newton Musical society will be held this Friday evening, at the house of Mr. Albert Metcalf, Highland street. The meeting will be informal and social in character.

—Mr. Joseph Field of Texas is at home on a visit to his family on Waltham street, having arrived on Friday last. It is nine years since he left here for the south-west, and has been east on but one previous visit.

—The next meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Unitarian church will be held Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the church parlors. The officers of the Centre has accepted an invitation to be present.

—There will be a chapel praise service at the Congregational church, Sunday evening, at 6 o'clock, where hymns written by Chas. Wesley will be sung and the pastor will give an address on his influences as a hymn writer.

—The workmen have been busily engaged during the week in the preparatory work for ventilation and sanitary improvements in the City Hall. The offices have been upset more or less during the progress of the work.

—Rev. Francis Tiffany of Cambridge, formerly of West Newton, lectured in the Unitarian church, Brighton, last Sunday evening. His subject was, "St. Francis of Assisi." There was a large audience present.

—Garden City lodge, Knights of Honor, will celebrate its 10th anniversary Tuesday evening, Dec. 18th. An entertainment will be given, consisting of vocal and instrumental music and readings to be followed by social features and a banquet.

—The next meeting of the West Newton Women's Educational club will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the Unitarian church parlors. Subject for discussion, "Pneumonia." Opening paper by Miss Sophia Townsend.

—Next Monday the Congregational club will meet at the Second church, and the choir of Eliot church will furnish music. Addresses appropriate to "Forefathers' day" may be expected from Rev. E. K. Allen, D. D., and Rev. David Gregg, D. D., of Boston.

—Rev. Mr. Pufferfoot spoke upon the West and its wants, in the Congregational church last Sunday morning. There was quite a large attendance, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. The annual contribution for home mission purposes was taken at the close of the sermon.

—At the annual meeting of Triton Council, 547, R. A., held in Knights of Honor Hall, Monday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Past regent, M. J. Duane; regent, J. R. Condrin; vice-regent, E. F. Conroy; orator, W. H. Hall; sec., F. C. Sheridan; collector, J. Commons; treas., J. H. Nickerson; chaplain, M. Callahan; guide, M. B.

Coleman; wardens, Wm. Usher; sentry, J. Dowling; trustees, J. Gannon, J. A. Gawn, D. J. O'Donnell; delegates to grand council, M. J. Duane, alternate, J. A. Gawn.

—An enjoyable concert for the benefit of the Second Congregational church was given in the City Hall, Wednesday evening. The vocalist was Miss Jennie P. White, a pupil of Miss Clara E. Munger. The distinguished blind pianist, Mr. E. B. Perry, rendered several beautiful selections.

—It is announced that Rev. J. T. Craig, of the Fifth Church, Philadelphia, has accepted the call of the church at West Newton, and will enter upon his labors there with the New Year. He will bring a good record of successful service with him from Philadelphia, and much hopefulness is inspired by the expectation of his coming.

—The annual Christmas festival of the Unitarian Sunday school will be held Monday afternoon, Dec. 24th, in the church parlors. Miss Williston of Auburn dale with her little family of 15 will be the guests of the school. A Christmas tree with useful presents contributed by the children, will be furnished, also a supper and an entertainment on the stage, with other games will afford pleasure for all, and a merry time may be anticipated. The church service the day previous will consist of carols and recitations by the Sunday school and an address by the pastor. The singing will be conducted by Mr. T. A. Fien.

—Mr. Richard Welch, a very old resident, died last Friday evening at his late home on River street. The deceased was 83 years of age and had been in poor health for some little time. He was formerly a carpenter, an industrious and energetic man, whose rounded period of years has been full of earnest and hard work. Many changes have occurred during his long life, and particularly in West Newton, where he passed the latter part of his life. The funeral took place from St. Bernard's church, Monday, and was largely attended, many relatives and numerous friends being present.

—A pleasant feature of the present week of this village to many friends of the Warren family, who a few years ago resided here, is a visit of several members of the family to this place. Mr. Herbert M. Warren, now of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Warren, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Geo. C. Warren of Utica, are visiting Mr. Albert C. Warren of Auburndale, and Miss Mabel Warren of Philadelphia, is visiting Mr. Fuller of West Newton. The occasion of their presence in this village was the marriage of their brother, Mr. Fred J. Warren of St. Joseph, Mo., to Miss Grace Wadsworth, on Wednesday evening, at which the bride and groom were present, and were obliged to return to Philadelphia the same night.

—Miss Grace, youngest daughter of Mr. Marcus M. Wadsworth, was united in marriage Wednesday evening at the residence of her father, on Hillside avenue, to Mr. Fred J. Warren, formerly of Newton but for the past few years located in St. Joseph, Mo. The wedding was private, only the immediate families of the contracting parties being present, including the six brothers and sister of the groom, all of whom had travelled long distances to be present on the occasion. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Julian C. Jaynes. The bride was beautifully attired and carried in her hand a bouquet of nuptial roses. After a brief tour the happy couple will spend some weeks in this vicinity and will then take up their residence in the West. Both bride and groom are well known and very popular here, and will take with them to their distant home the heartfelt good wishes of friends.

—A public meeting under the auspices of Local Union 275, Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, was held in Nickerson's Hall last evening. There was a large number present, and the meeting was quite enthusiastic. The eight-hour question was discussed, and addresses upon the subject were delivered by Messrs. C. S. Griffith, K. L. G. Newman and Mrs. Merrifield. Mr. Griffith said that the invention of labor-saving machinery had occasioned less demand for labor, and cited numerous trades where some of the workmen were obliged to enter into other classes of employment, and others were unable to procure steady work. The eight-hour system, he thought, would equalize matters in creating a greater demand for labor, thus affording an opportunity for employment to those who had been crowded out under the existing condition of affairs.

## AUBURNDALE.

—Mr. W. G. Beebee of Riverside is quite seriously ill.

—Mr. Ballou, of Woodbine street, removes to West Newton, Jan. 1.

—Rev. Mr. Knox preached at Webster, where he was formerly located.

—Mr. Arthur Winslow has moved into his new home on Woodbine street.

—Dr. M. H. Clark, of New Bedford, is assisting Dr. Bellows in his practice.

—A vesper service will be held in the Congregational church, next Sunday evening.

—Rev. Dr. Chadbourne of Boston occupied the pulpit at the M. E. church last Sunday.

—Mr. E. F. Miller has been confined to the house for some days on account of illness.

—Mr. Geo. W. Bourne moves into his new house on Woodbine street, the first of the month.

—Ground has been broken for the erection of Mr. Herbert Miller's new house on Lexington street.

—Mr. J. Willard Rice is absent in Nebraska with a party of friends. His trip embraces both pleasure and business.

—The President sent to the senate on Thursday, the nomination of Miss Carrie Bourne for postmaster at Auburndale.

—Miss Lina Allen, of Smith college, has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. F. F. Davidson, on Grove street.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. Harding have returned to their home on Central street. They have been spending the past year in Boston.

—Mr. Turner is digging a cellar for a very handsome house, corner Central and Maple streets, opposite his present residence.

—Mr. B. Kendall sent some very unique specimens of Chinese work from the former to the Ladies' Bazaar, at the M. E. church.

—The monthly social and supper of the Congregational society was held Thursday evening, in the chapel, and was quite largely attended.

—Officer Bosworth and Mr. James Doliver visited the State prison at Concord last Friday afternoon. They went through the work rooms and saw many of the convicts, some of whom had formerly occupied prominent positions in the social world.

—Mr. Walter J. Wright, formerly of this place, but for the past two years manager of one of the largest wall paper houses in the West, returned to his home in St. Louis, on Thursday, after a pleasant two weeks' visit to his brother, Mr. Albert F. Wright.

—On Christmas day, at the church of the Messiah, there will be an early celebration of the Holy Communion at 7.30, and matins, sermon and second celebration at 10.45. The Sunday school festival will be at the

residence of Mr. Charles R. Brown, Auburn street, on Thursday, St. John Evangelist's day, at 5 p.m.

—Alderman Frederic Johnson gave a dinner to members of the city government, at his residence on Woodland avenue, last evening. It was a pleasant occasion, of an informal character and the company broke up at about 10.30. Among those present were Aldermen Chadwick, Nickerson and Ward, Councilmen Burr, Rice, Powell, Fenno, Wiswall, Bond, Hunt, Hale, Greenwood, Hamblen and Kennedy. The heads of departments were also present, including City Auditor Otis, City Clerk Kingsbury, Water Registrar Glover and others.

—Typhoid fever has broken out in Atanta University, in the boys' building, the convalescent drinking impure water. One of the teachers has become a victim to the disease, his mother and brother arriving just before his death. His body was sent to his home at Northampton, Mass. Miss Julia N. Coe at this institution, is recovering from a severe illness, not, however, of the same nature. Measures have been taken to remove all sources of danger in the future.

—Among gentlemen present at the dinner of the Independent at the Woodland Park hotel, Monday evening were noticed: Hon. John S. Farlow, Mr. E. B. Haskell, Maj. W. F. Lawrence, Mr. E. P. Bond, Mr. E. B. Drege, Mr. George H. Ellis, Mr. Bruce R. Ware, Mr. H. E. Boitfield, Mr. Stephen Thacher, Mr. George Strong, Mr. S. Warren Davis, Mr. Frank Paul, Mr. Charles Shepard, Mr. Marcus Morton, Dr. F. W. Webb, Mr. E. C. Crosby, Mr. George Linder, Mr. F. Dewson, Rev. Mr. Spaulding, Mr. Soule, Mr. Wilson, and others.

—Mr. Albert Richard Drake, of Auburndale, was married in Waltham, Wednesday afternoon, the bride being Miss E. Winifred, only daughter of Mr. E. S. Dandelek. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's parents, and was performed by Rev. F. J. Young, D. D. The bride and groom were accompanied by a large number of relatives and friends. The bride was dressed in black velvet and the little miss in white, each carrying a basket of flowers. The bride wore a handsome travelling costume of moose colored broadcloth and carried a bouquet of white roses. A table with a wedding collation was served and the bridal couple left for Boston in season to start for New York at six o'clock. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Drake will take up a home for the winter with Mr. and Mrs. Dandelek. There were present at the wedding the grandparents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Fitts, of Auburndale, each over eighty years of age. The presents were numerous and beautiful, including silver ware, pictures, etc. A handsome easel was the gift of the boarders of the hotel, and the bride and groom are well known, and are very popular in Waltham's musical circles.

—The fair of the Methodist Church which opened Wednesday evening was very successful in point of attendance and receipts. Mrs. Philip Butler was in charge of the general committee, and the following ladies rendered efficient services at the several tables: Church fancy table, Mrs. C. C. Bragdon, Mrs. Arthur Winslow, Mrs. J. C. Bragdon, Mrs. F. M. Dyer, Miss Minnie Kendall; candy table, Mrs. H. F. Dyer, Miss Eliza Bourne; Christmas toy tree, Mrs. J. C. Bragdon; Mrs. C. H. Taylor and the material desires could there be supplied, according to the taste of the customer. He could have his egg served hard boiled, boiled or not boiled in accordance with his turn of fancy. If a man is really hungry that's the place to go.

## Lasell Notes.

—Miss Elizabeth Campbell of West Roxbury, a former Lasell girl, was an over-Sunday guest at the Seminary.

—The subject for the demonstration lecture in cooking on Monday, Dec. 17, will be "Scotch eggs, rice pudding, apricot sauce."

—Mrs. G. E. Gould of Hillsboro' Bridge, N. H., was the guest of her daughter during the week. She finds the air of Auburndale beneficial.

—Miss Annie Payson Clark entertained about twenty Lasell girls at her home on Highland avenue, Newtonville, last Saturday evening, in a very charming manner.

—The term musical rehearsal by the pupils will occur on next Monday evening, in the gymnasium at Lasell, at a quarter before eight. A good program has been arranged, and all friends will be welcome.

—Rev. H. N. Barnum, for thirty years a missionary in Turkey, who will soon return from his year's vacation to his work there, will speak to the pupils of Lasell Seminary on Sunday afternoon next at 2 o'clock on "Woman's Work for Woman in Turkey." Friends will be welcome.

—The one hundred anniversary of the death of Charles Wesley was very pleasantly celebrated in the chapel at Lasell on last Sunday evening. Many of the beautiful hymns were sung. Miss Plummer accompanying on the organ and Miss Brown on the piano. Mr. Shepherd spoke interestingly of the life and works of the great poet, and the mixed quartet consisting of Miss Hollingsworth, Miss Sutton, Miss Gale and Mr. Davis rendered some charming music, as did also the Auburndale Male Quartet.

—Eighteen enterprising young girls of Auburndale will give an entertainment in the gymnasium at Lasell on Wednesday, Dec. 19, afternoon and evening, for the benefit of the Wesleyan Home in Newton. It will be a fair with many useful and fancy articles for sale, and refreshments consisting of ice-cream, cake, rolls, coffee and chocolate will be served. At 8 o'clock a broom drill will be given in costume, with many artistic movements and pretty effects. The entire entertainment will be unique and all who attend will assuredly be repaid. Further it is for a good cause and one which appeals to all our citizens, so let those who have leisure both help the Home and encouraging the little misses who have worked so hard to make their entertainment a success. General admission, ten cents.

## NONANTUM.

—Our stores are putting on a decidedly holiday appearance.

—The rabbit track along California street is in a little better condition since the frost.

—There is to be a Christmas tree at the North church on the evening of Christmas day.

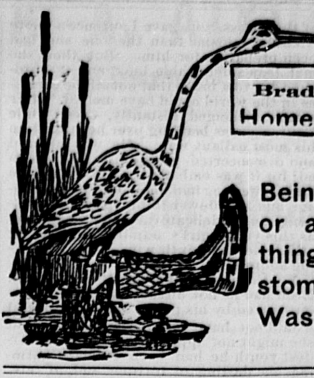
—We are anxiously waiting to see the appropriation of \$2,000 spent on California street.

—Mrs. Harris and daughter attended the funeral of a niece of hers at Saxtonville, Mass., on Wednesday.

—Mrs. James Johnson, who has been visiting her parents in Ireland, is expected home to-day (Friday).

—The children of the North Sunday school will give a Christmas concert on Sunday evening the 23rd inst.

—Miss Kate Dacey, for a number of years domestic for Miss S. A. Bemis, recently entered the convent of Notre Dame, Boston.



**BRADSHAW'S HOME CANDY**

Being made without coloring or adulteration, is just the thing for Children's teeth and stomachs on Christmas Day.

Washington Street, Newtonville.

## WANTED.

Horses to Board for the Season.

Healthy, warm and well ventilated stable on Brighton Hill, with the best of care.

TERMS REASONABLE. Apply to

**C. H. HURD.**  
11 Washington St., Newton.

WEST NEWTON DIRECTORY

**Miss C. E. MARSH,**  
Teacher of Piano-Forte,  
Alpine Street, West Newton.  
Will Resume Lessons in September.

**MISS G. L. LEMON,**  
Teacher of

**Pianoforte and Voice.**  
Will resume lessons, September 25th. Address West Newton.

**Livery, Hack & Boarding Stable**

(Established 1861.)

Barge, "City of Newton,"  
Best Sleigh, "Snow Bird."

**S. F. CATE, West Newton.**

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Ten years Practical Experience.

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**White, Cross & Co.**

**SPECIALTIES**

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**Clothing.**

**White, Cross & Co.,**

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592 Washington Street, Boston.

Up one flight.

Peanuts with a chocolate shell

Also old time caramel.

Bradshaw's "Home Candy" shop,

Washington St., near Square, N. W.

tonville.



As she spoke she put her arm around the girl, and Dolly, who had for the last half hour been schooling herself to an air of calm indifference, felt her heart war-

"It is a pity," said Laurence. "One does not like to part with a moment of this enchanting place."

"I do not consider myself bound to a woman who loves and trusts me."

boughts over it, as if to hide it from sight of Heaven. Mechanically, 'sl

id \$1. Prepared only by the **INGALL**  
m **MEDICAL CO.**, Lowell, Mass.  
he

**PEERLESS DYES** Are the BEST.  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

**A DISTRESSING COUGH.**

How many, especially during the Fall and Winter months, are troubled with a Cough, sometimes dry and hacking, sometimes loose causing the sufferer to raise a large amount of offensive matter; this can soon be cured by using **Ingalls' Throat and Lung Specific**, which acts directly on the Throat and Lungs.

**Cured her Cough.**

MRS. JEREMIAH CLARK, Lowell, Mass., says: "Twelve years ago I first took a bottle of your Throat and Lung Specific. I had been troubled with a very bad Cough for months. A 50-cent bottle cured my Cough. Since then I have not been with it out. I can heartily recommend it to anyone who has a bad cough."

**Saved his Life.**

CHAS. A. WAITT, says: "No language can express the value I attach to your Specific. I believe it saved my life."

We would cite other testimonials did we think it necessary, but a trial bottle will convince you that it is all we represent. Give it a trial.

**Ingalls' Throat and Lung Specific** sold by all Druggists. Price 50 cents and up. Prepared only by the **INGALL MEDICAL CO.**, Lowell, Mass.

7.30, 8, 9.30, 10.20 and 11.15 p. m.

Leave Lynn for Boston at 6.10, 6.50, 7 (Express), 7.30 (Express), 8 (Express), 8.30 (Express), 9, 10 11 a. m., 12 m., 1 2, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 8.15, 9.15 and 10.15 p. m.

**SUNDAY TRAINS.**

Leave Boston for Lynn every hour from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Leave Lynn for Boston every hour from 9 a. m. to 8 m., inclusive, and at 9.15 p. m.

All trains stop at West Lynn.

JOHN A. FENNO, C. A. HAMMOND,  
G. T. A. Supt.  
Boston, Sept. 17, 1888. 53 11

**A. C. TUPPER**  
Carpenter and Builder.

Estimates cheerfully given on building and all kinds of carpentry. Orders will be taken through the post office, box 271, Newton, or at shop on Pearl street, opposite Bacon. All orders will receive prompt attention.

**POULTRY** Your **CHRISTMAS** Meat  
Can be Enriched in Flavor by using  
**BELL'S**  
Spiced Seasoning

**PEELESS DYES** ARE THE BEST.  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.







**WALTER THORPE, Newton Centre,** is agent for the GRAPHIC, and receives subscriptions and makes collections for it. He also makes terms for advertising, hand-bills, and all other kinds of printing. Also, Real Estate to sell and to rent, and insurance against fire in the best English and American companies.

#### NEWTON CENTRE.

—Miss Alma Knapp has taken a cashiership in Boston.

—The examinations on the hill have been postponed, bringing them to near the holidays.

—It is reported that Mr. Gustavus Forbes is to occupy the store lately vacated by Mr. Williams.

—Mrs. Chester of Auburn, N. Y., is spending a few weeks with her son, Mr. Dwight Chester.

—The reading room is well patronized this winter and Rev. Mr. Peck makes a very genial librarian.

—Dr. and Mrs. West of Chestnut Hill have closed their house there, and are in Boston for the winter.

—Mr. Albert D. S. Bell of Hammond street has nearly doubled the size of his house by a large addition.

—H. S. Williams' large collection, suitable for Christmas presents, will be on sale next week, day and evening.

—A mouse was caught last Sunday in the new Baptist church. It was not as poor as the proverbial church mouse.

—Miss Edna Richardson, sister of Mrs. G. Brown of Bowen street, has taken Miss Johnson's place in the post office.

—Mr. G. B. Sherman has decided to stay with G. F. Richardson, which will be welcome news to the latter's patrons.

—The Stebbins Aid Society met on Wednesday afternoon at the house of Mrs. James Gammans on Beacon street.

—Mr. Geo. E. Barrows has nearly doubled the length of his store, and is having the interior refitted and repainted.

—The Unitarian club met on Monday evening last for the fourth time; a paper was read by Mr. Wildes of Centre street.

—Mr. Henry S. Williams' store has received some very pretty additions in the way of Christmas gifts during the week.

—Timothy McCarthy, who has been with W. H. Ireland on Ward street for some time, goes to California to seek his fortune.

—Mr. Moses G. Crane of Lake Avenue is, we understand, building a house on Walnut street, which he intends renting when completed.

—Mr. Bliss, the painter, is improving the appearance of the Cushman House on Parker street, now owned by Mr. Chas. Grant.

—Dr. and Mrs. Samuel F. Smith intend leaving shortly for Davenport, Iowa, where they will pass the winter, as usual. Their house here will be closed.

—Mr. and Mrs. Amory Wainwright of Chestnut Hill occupy apartments at the Vendome, Boston, early in January, for the remainder of the winter.

—A party filling two hacks went from here Tuesday evening to attend a birthday party in Somerville. They had a very pleasant time in spite of the storm.

—The Allen Charline Mission Band have excellent pictures of the new Baptist church for sale in Mr. Hahn's drug store, Beacon street; the proceeds are to go for missionary purposes.

—At the Stebbins Aid society on Wednesday, the winter's work was planned. They decided to work for the children's mission in Boston, and a colored school in the South.

—Mr. J. Q. A. Smith has returned from her stay in Los Angeles, Cal., with her daughter and Miss Sylvester. We understand that they will be starting in their kindergarten work there.

—Mrs. Edward Cook of Crescent avenue on Monday evening last, left for Denver, Col., where she will spend the winter; she was accompanied by her grand-daughter, Miss Louise G. Wright.

—Mr. Arthur Gordon Webster of Newton Centre, who has been here on a short visit, sailed from New York on Wednesday in the German steamer, "Saale." Mr. Webster returns to Berlin to resume his studies at the famous University of that city.

—Next Sunday evening at 7 o'clock in the Unitarian church, Rev. James W. Norman will preach the sermon. The sermon in the morning by Rev. Horace L. Wheeler will be adapted for and addressed to the children.

—The police were called to a boarding house on station street, opposite the new Baptist church, on Tuesday night, where a fight was in progress. Many complaints are made of the disturbances in that locality, which interfere with the usual good order of the village.

—Mrs. Miller of Boston gave a lecture on Wednesday in Associates' small hall, on Mental Science, which was very interesting. At the close of the lecture questions were asked which she answered. Her lecture was free by her on Monday. All are invited.

—The Rev. James De Normandie of Roxbury will preach in the Unitarian church Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited to be present. Other services by preachers of the denomination will be announced later.

—The children of the Unitarian Sunday school will have a Christmas party in the vestry on Friday of next week. There will be a tree, for which each child will bring some gift, and all gifts will then be sent to the children of some charitable institutions. Gifts from the older people will be welcomed.

—Postmaster Richardson will probably be sworn in as councilman, as it is generally thought that no one will object to his filling both positions, and the new law in regard to the matter is said to be much more liberal than the old one. Mr. Richardson is certainly in a position to know the needs of this part of the city, and he can easily be found by all having business with the city.

—Last evening a meeting was held in the Methodist church by the Children's Mission band—"India's Helpers." Addresses were given in the church by Rev. Bradford K. Peirce and Mrs. Wm. Butler, appropriate for the occasion. A sale was also held from 5.30 to 7.30 in the vestry of ice cream and cake, also fancy and useful articles. An interesting feature of the vestry was that in which curiosities from different mission fields were exhibited.

—Mr. John Linn died very suddenly of apoplexy last Saturday at the residence of his son, Oak Hill. The deceased had been a resident of Newton Centre for 22 years, and was, until the time of his death, employed as sexton of the Baptist church, and janitor of one of the public school buildings. A large family of children survives him. The funeral took place Monday, Rev. Mr. Barnes officiating. There was quite a large attendance of relatives and friends of the deceased. Mrs. Linn, who has been in poor health for some time, died on Tuesday of this week from heart disease, aged 72 years. Her death, following so soon after that of her husband, has caused great sympathy for the afflicted family, in their double bereavement.

—The Boston Herald says: "The Baptists of New England could hardly have done a more graceful thing than to make some suitable recognition of the forty years of continuous service which Dr. Alvah Hovey has rendered to the Newton Theological Institution. The alumni and friends of this school of the prophets propose to raise

the sum of \$10,000 to endow a theological lectureship and to procure a marble bust of Dr. Hovey for the library. The forty years is now completed, and action is taken rather late, but there should be no lack of funds in securing so worthy an object. Few theological professors have continued so long "in one stay," and few have held the confidence and affection of young men more effectively during the changes inevitable to one's thinking in the passage from youth to old age. Dr. Hovey richly deserves the testimonial which has been suggested and undertaken.

#### NEWTON HIGHLANDS.

—Mr. George Beal has been kept at home by illness for the past few days.

—A daughter of Mr. Levi, Boylston street, is quite ill of typhoid fever.

—Mr. E. G. Pond has been confined to his house by illness for the past ten days.

—Mr. F. E. Prendergast, after an absence at Lake Superior for four months past, is at home for a short time.

—Mr. G. P. Stevens, who has been in the grocery business here for the last year or more, has closed his store.

—The Chataqua Club held their meeting this week with Mrs. Tyler. The next meeting will be with Mrs. Whittemore.

—Mr. E. S. Chapin, a former resident of this place, died at Somerville on Monday evening. The funeral took place on Wednesday.

—The annual meeting of the Congregational society for the election of officers and other matters of business, will be held at the chapel next Thursday evening.

—Miss Virginia Dox spoke on Sunday at the Congregational church, of her work in New Mexico among the foreign heathen in one of her country. A collection of \$108 was taken for her work.

—The Monday Club met this week with Mrs. E. H. Greenwood; 44 members present. There will not be another meeting until December 31, which will be with Mrs. C. A. Brown, Walnut street.

—Mr. S. J. Allen, who has occupied a tenement in the house of Miss Fogg, Woodward street, for the past year and a half, has removed to Braintree, and will reside with a widowed daughter.

—The ladies of the Congregational church are very busy preparing for a "Butterfly Fete" to be given in the chapel on the evening of Wednesday, Dec. 11. Fancy articles, suitable for Christmas gifts, paper dolls, Christmas cards, candy, cake and ice-cream will be among the attractions offered. The reason for the name "Butterfly Fete" will be evident on that evening. A good time is expected, and everybody will be there.

—Mrs. Livermore lectured on Wednesday evening before the Monday Club and their friends on "Husbands." The audience was notified Hon. John C. Park and wife, Rev. Dr. Lawrence and wife, Rev. Geo. M. Boynton, D. D. and Mrs. Boynton, besides others from a distance.

—Miss M. L. Stone presided at the organ, after which Mrs. Livermore spoke for nearly two hours, holding her audience spellbound to the end. At the close of the lecture, the ladies of the Monday club received their friends in the chapel, where cake and coffee were served. The ladies of the Monday club are to be congratulated heartily on the success of their effort.

#### NEWTON UPPER FALLS.

—Mrs. E. O. Brown has been on a visit to Saco, Maine.

—Quinobquin Association are to indulge in a spread next Monday evening.

—Home Lodge of Odd Fellows is talking of a fair to be held during the coming season.

—A drawing school has been started in old Prospect hall, on Wednesday evenings, by Mr. J. Fred Hopkins.

—Subject of discourse at the Methodist church next Sunday, by the pastor, will be "Failure of a man of great opportunities."

—News from Dr. Hildreth locates him at the present time, at Paris, enjoying the wild and excitement of that busy metropolis.

—The Midge Young People's Society of Highlandville gave an entertainment in the vestry of the church on Wednesday evening, some from this place attending.

—The alarm from box 55 on Thursday forenoon was for a slight fire in the house of Mr. Cobb on Boylston street, which was quickly extinguished on the arrival of the department.

—Next Sunday, at the Baptist church, the Rev. A. M. Higgins will preach in the morning on "Zion travelling for lost souls," and in the evening, on "The fire among the thorns and stacks of corn."

—Mr. F. A. Mansfield is to go to Boston to speak on Tuesday evening. He was ordered a complimentary supper by some of his friends at the residence of Mr. J. B. Newell. Much regret is expressed at his departure.

—The Union Love feast of all the Methodist churches of Newton will be held at the Upper Falls Methodist church next Tuesday evening, Dec. 18, postponed from last Tuesday, on account of the storm. All are invited.

—The annual sale with chicken pie supper, and musical entertainment, given by the Methodist Ladies' Circle will be held next Wednesday evening, Dec. 19. An original story will be read by Rev. G. S. Barbers of Newtonville, as part of the program.

—Mr. C. D. Pingree, who resides on Boylston street, is to remove with his family to California, having made very flattering business arrangements in that delightful country. He is to go as soon as he can dispose of his household goods and other personal property.

#### Woman's Relief Corps.

The regular meeting of the Charles Ward Relief Corps was held in Grand Army Hall, the president in the chair. Much important business was transacted and the session was necessarily one of length. The constitution was approved and amended. A few new members were voted in and several applications could not be considered because of the limited number to membership. The reports of the relief committee concerning the comfort and progression of the different families cared for by the organization were both interesting and touching. Several new families have applied for aid and are to be considered.

A resolution was passed to send the sympathy of this body of ladies accompanied by a sum of money to Miss Hattie Payne now at the Cottage Hospital. A ton of coal was voted to a suffering family who are not yet under the direct care of this order. Much interest is manifested in the great good accomplished by this band of workers.

#### The Glendinning

is the name of the new cape overcoat introduced by A. Shuman & Co., of 440 Washington street, Boston. It has become the favorite of the season for boys' wear. The cape is detachable, the materials are of strong Irish, Scotch and American Tweed fabrics, the coats are warm and comfortable, and impervious to rain and snow. It is sold all the way from \$5 to \$15, and is an excellent and economical garment. See advertisement.

#### BOARD OF HEALTH.

WINTHROP AVENUE AND OTHER NUISANCES CONSIDERED.

The Board of Health met in the aldermen's room in the City Hall, last Friday afternoon, all the members present.

The Winthrop avenue matter came up for consideration. A hearing was given to Mr. C. E. Eddy in regard to it and that gentleman stated that the springs in the locality converge at his cesspool, and the water thus augmented from an unnatural source, overflows into the street.

Last year a general blind drain was built along the front of his estate and it served its purpose during the summer, the street being kept perfectly dry. I had supposed that it was still working satisfactorily until informed to the contrary by the agent of the board of health. The cause of the difficulty can be easily explained. The ground water from the hill escapes and finds its way into the cesspool. I think, as a remedy, the city should build a similar drain, continuing from the one already built on the front of my estate down Oakland street to the foot of the hill, where a manhole could be located as an aid in providing for the excessive waterflow. The expense should be borne by the city, as nothing has been done for the streets in the vicinity.

Dr. Frisbie said that the board had been annoyed during the past two years in regard to this trouble in Winthrop avenue, and that if any arrangement could be made to take care of the water and relieve the real estate owners, the city ought to bear, at least a proportion of the expense.

On motion of Councilman Burr, a committee of two was appointed to consider the matter and to report a plan of drainage and assessment of cost, as soon as possible.

The agent of the board presented his report in regard to postal card notices to be sent to physicians, calling attention to the necessity of prompt reports concerning diseases dangerous to health, to which is appended an extract from the public statutes, quoting the law governing such cases. The report was accepted and approved.

On motion of Dr. Frisbie, it was voted that all rules and regulations inconsistent with rule 7, section 1, as adopted Nov. 20, 1880, are hereby repealed, but this repeal shall not effect any licenses heretofore issued and now in force.

On motion of Mr. Fuller it was voted that the agent of the board be authorized to use a regular license unless he conforms to the regulations of his license, that the board will revoke the same.

The agent of the board reported an instance of a violation of the plumbing laws in regard to a cesspool on the east side of Daniel McNamara, which he had requested him to change the location of the cesspool, but he refused to do so. The board instructed the agent to notify Mr. Clark that unless the cesspool was located at a proper distance from the house, that he would not be allowed to use the same as a cesspool.

The clerk submitted a report from Dr. Hudson on the analysis of water taken from a well on the estate of Mr. F. F. Frohisher, Crafts street. Dr. Hudson states in substance that the water is contaminated by mixed animal, organic and vegetable matter, and therefore unfit for domestic use. On motion of Mr. Fuller the board voted to instruct its agent to send a copy of the report to Mr. Frohisher, ordering him not to use the water for domestic purposes.

A petition from ladies residing on Court street in regard to standing water on the east side of the street, was referred to the agent of the board and the city engineer for consultation.

A complaint from Daniel Murphy in reference to water in his cellar on North street was laid before the board, but no action was taken. The board adjourned at 6 o'clock.

A Wall from Clinton Street.

To the new City government:

Now that the new city government are going to run on solid new tracks, we, the residents of Clinton street, Ward Two, would like to call their attention and that of the board of health, to the fact that we have heard nothing of the three petitions, two to the high way committee, and one to the board of health, asking them to abate the nuisance on Clinton street. A large pool of stagnant water on the street is undoubtedly the cause of three different cases of malaria and bronchitis on the street. The water was recently two feet over the center of the street and a poor drunken man barely escaped a watery grave last Wednesday night. The street is much travelled by city teams and others, and is much used by the Electric Light company. We have noticed in the GRAPHIC, petitions for the acceptance of Lotthrop, Jenkinson and Judkins streets, which have been opened less than two years, and are of but little advantage to the public. Clinton street on the other hand is a thoroughfare, and has been opened for 16 years or more. Over thirty houses are on our street, while on these three small streets, (all of them together perhaps 400 feet long), there are only four houses.

We hope the new city government will take Clinton street into consideration, and see if we cannot receive an equal share of our 16 years' taxes, we paying about \$1,000 annually, from which we do not receive in return one cent, either in sidewalks, drainage, or for grading.

The money was spent elsewhere, for instance on a certain part of Crafts street, where a sidewalk was built for one wealthy resident to Watertown street. Or on Edinboro street, where it was accepted from Walnut to Lowell street, or just to where the smaller houses began. A few years ago an order was passed to repair Watertown street to the Watertown line but for some reason the work stopped at Nevada street, where the houses of poor men began. Don't poor men need good sidewalks and good streets just as much as the rich men?

On Adams street, also, there is a hole made by the fire steamer, where it used to come to practice, and washed away the road bed, leaving a mud puddle, which in winter is frozen over and dangerous for man and beast.

We hope the new city government will find out that there are streets on which poor people live, and will notice Clinton street especially. Give us an Equal Right to some of the money we pay for taxes.

Advice From a Woman Voter.

To the Editor of the GRAPHIC.

The article in the GRAPHIC of last week, by one of the "boys," has deservedly arrested general attention. The straightforward manner of stating facts, and the fair and forcible conclusions

drawn from those facts, suggest the importance of considering whether or not these boys are not or may not become an intelligent and potent factor in affairs in Newton.

If they can present for the suffrage of the citizens a name or names, that, despite ballot abstracts and false reports, circulated so carefully, and at so late an hour as effectually to prevent contradiction, can command so large a vote, were it not well to recognize the value of their acumen and force. The "boys" of to-day are the men of to-morrow; that the boys do not forget is not to their discredit; that the boys are enthusiastic for what they conceive to be right, and just, and honorable, promises well for the future of our city in municipal, as well as in business and social circles.

That the boys are ready to take their stand upon principles, instead of prejudice and self-interest, and to make their showing open and fair, is a prophecy of future manhood that will neither abstract ballots nor stuff ballot boxes. A word for our women voters—When again we go to the polls, let us either provide ourselves with the ballot we want before we start, or, being told that there are none of that sort, let us "scratch," as men do, who are not willing to "sell out."

A WOMAN VOTER.

Mary's Little Lamp.

The beautiful ballad of Mary's experience with lamps is told in another column, and the moral is, buy your lamps of R. Hollings & Co., next door to the Adams House, Boston, where you will find, not only the largest assortment, but the best illuminators in the market and prices to suit every purse. See their advertisement on fourth page.

Unapproachable Bargains in Overcoats.

There does not seem to be any excuse for any body going without a good winter overcoat, when Messrs. Spitz Bros. & Mork, 508 Washington street, Boston, are offering them at such exceedingly low prices. The gentlemen's "Banner" overcoat at \$10 is equal in quality to those sold everywhere at \$15; also the "Bedford" cape overcoat at only \$12, would be a bargain at \$16. The boys' overcoats at \$3.50 should be examined by every parent before buying. Description of these bargains in our advertising columns.

Christmas.

A sealskin sacque or a handsome set of furs would make an admirable Christmas present, and when choosing it go to a reliable and old established furrier, such as Joseph A. Jackson, 412 Washington street, Boston, where everything can be depended on to be just what is represented. Jackson's name is an undoubted certificate of excellence.

These Overcoats are usually sold at \$6.00; are all wool, lined with cassimere linings, in ages 4 to 14, made double-breasted, with muff pockets, and are warm and durable, and consider them the greatest value ever shown in this city. Parents seeking a reliable All Wool Overcoat for school or play will examine and buy them now.

Spitz Bros. & Mork

Manufacturers, Wholesalers and Retailers,

508 Washington Street,

5 Bedford Street.

PLUMBING.

Timothy J. Hartnett

BRACKETT'S NEW BLOCK,

Centre Street, Opp. Public Library, Newton,

where he is prepared with better facilities to execute all orders with the same care and personal supervision as in the past.

Having had seventeen years' experience on Back Bay work in the city of Boston, and over six years in the city of Newton, perfect satisfaction is guaranteed.

The thorough ventilation of the drainage system of buildings a specialty.

First class mechanics employed and first class work solicited.

Jobbing and other work receive personal supervision. Contractor for gas piping. Agent for Portland Stone Ware Co's Drain Pipes, Vases, Etc.

35 ly

Important Notice to all

Owners of Carriages.

J. R. NASON,

The well-known carriage painter of West Newton, calls special attention of all owners of carriages to his great reduction in prices for painting and oiling of carriages. His prices are now lower than any one in the State who can justly claim to do good honest work. Owing to the general depression in business he has made such liberal reductions in prices that every owner of a carriage can afford to have it painted and repaired, while the low prices will no way detract from the superiority of stock and workmanship, as he warrants all work to customers' approval or no work at all.

Carriages sent for and returned free. Thanking his many friends and customers for their liberal patronage in the past, he here invites all to call or send for estimates, at his great reduction in prices, that defy competition.

J. R. NASON,

Washington street, - West Newton.

Near City Hall. Fuller's Old Stand.

M. C. HIGGINS

PRACTICAL PLUMBER

—AND—

Sanitary Engineer.

(Formerly with S. F. Carrier.)

Sumner's Block, Newton.

PLUMBING WORK IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Having had twenty-two years' experience in the business in this city; perfect satisfaction is guaranteed.

25-ly

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

Gentlemen's Fancy Slippers,

For Holiday Presents at Half Price.

We are closing out a large lot of regular \$2.00 slippers for \$1.00 Per Pair. A large lot of velvet embroidered slippers, regular \$1.00, closing out at 75 cts. Per Pair. We have secured of the best manufacturers of Gent's Fancy Slippers in Havreill, 500 pairs of samples, comprising over 50 styles and patterns, which we shall close at \$1.25 a pair, they are worth \$2.50 a pair. All the latest styles. Ladies' Felt Boots 50 cts. sold everywhere for \$1.

JOHN H. BATH, 755 Washington St., Boston 104

ARTHUR HUDSON.

Analytical and Pharmaceutical

CHEMIST AND APOTHECARY.

(28 years experience in the business.)

WARNER'S BLOCK, NEWTON

Cor. Centre and Elmwood streets.

A full line of Chemicals of Standard Purity always in stock.

Physicians' prescriptions compounded with accuracy at all hours.

Proprietary Medicines and Druggists' Sundries.

CHEMISTRY.

With a large and thoroughly appointed Laboratory, Mr. Hudson offers his services in the line of his profession. Investigation as to the composition of matter conducted by analyses or syntheses, according to most approved methods. Analysis of potable waters, milk, etc., a specialty.

The Senior Druggist of Newton.

TELEPHONE 7979.

F. L. BALDES,

Hair Cutter,

White's Block - - Newton Centre.

Orders promptly attended to.

Spitz Bros. & Mork.

Unapproachable Bargains!

THE "BANNER"

WINTER

OVERCOAT,

\$10,

Is a blue Chinchilla Overcoat, single-breasted fly front, velvet collar, corded edge, substantial and well made, size 34 to 42, manufactured by us from new goods for this winter's wear, and equal in quality and price to garments sold everywhere at \$15.00.

THE "BEDFORD"

Cape Overcoat,

\$12.00,

Is made from an All-Wool fabric, a neat dark stripe, single-breasted fly front, with an adjustable deep cape; sizes 33 to 40; very stylish and perfect in form, and shown for the first time today; considered a bargain at \$16. Our price only \$12.

Bargains in Boys' Overcoats,

\$3.50.

These Overcoats are usually sold at \$6.00; are all wool, lined with cassimere linings, in ages 4 to 14, made double-breasted, with muff pockets, and are warm and durable, and consider them the greatest value ever shown in this city. Parents seeking a reliable All Wool Overcoat for school or play will examine and buy them now.



# THE NEWTON GRAPHIC.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 11.

NEWTON, MASS., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1888.

TERMS—\$2.00 PER YEAR.



**Springer Brothers,**  
Importers, Wholesale and  
Retail Manufacturers.  
**FASHIONABLE CLOAKS**  
Choice designs of their own manufac-  
ture and a rare assortment of foreign  
garments personally selected in  
London, Paris and Berlin.  
Wholesale Establishment with spacious  
**RETAIL & CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,**  
Chauncy St., Essex St., & Harrison Ave.  
Carriage Entrance, 50 Essex St.  
**BRANCH RETAIL STORE,**  
Fashionable Cloak Bazaar,  
500 Washington St., cor. Bedford St.,  
BOSTON.

## OUR UNRIVALED FIRE-PROOF SAFES,

WITH NON-PICKABLE COMBINATION LOCKS.  
New, Useful and Ornamental.  
No One Can Afford to be Without It.  
The Best Security and Cheapest Insurance.  
PRICE, FROM \$30 TO \$75.

Expressly meant to Supply an Urgent Demand from All Classes for  
FIRST-CLASS SAFES AT LOW PRICES.

For Particulars, Address,

**Alpine Safe Co. Chas. A. Kellogg, Agt.,**  
620 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass.

## Special Notice.

We have made arrangements with the man-  
ufacturers of Cobb's Soap, to allow us to distrib-  
ute to the people of Newton, a limited number  
of Introductory Packages in order that the  
public may test the merits of these valuable  
soaps.  
The packages you will notice displayed in our  
window contain:  
2 bars Cobb's Borax Soap at 10 cts per bar, .20  
1 cake Cobb's Complexion Soap, .25  
Total, .45  
We shall sell the packages for a short time for  
only 25 cts each or about one-half the regular  
retail price for these goods.  
Not more than 4 PACKAGES sold to  
any one person.  
The COMPLEXION TOILET SOAP is care-  
fully medicated and delicately perfumed.  
COBB'S BORAX SOAP is combined with bor-  
ax in correct proportions.  
It does not injure the most delicate fabric and  
is especially adapted for washing BLANK-  
ETS and HANDKERCHIEFS, as it does not  
shrink them and leaves them soft as new.  
Now is the time to test the merits of  
these goods.

**Gamaliel P. Atkins,**  
FINE GROCERIES.  
273 and 275 Washington Street.  
Agent for Glen Mills Cereals.

**Brewster, Cobb & Estabrook.**  
BANKERS,  
CONGRESS ST., BOSTON.  
HENRY E. COBB, ARTHUR L. SWETSER,  
CHARLES E. KIDD, C. H. WATSON,  
771 ARTHUR F. ESTABROOK

C. E. WHITMORE, D. W. COOLIDGE,  
**C. E. WHITMORE & CO.**  
BROKERS.  
Stocks & Bonds, also Grain & Provisions.  
131 Devonshire Street, Boston,  
Rooms 18 and 19. Private Wires. Telephone.

**Lehigh Furnace Coal**  
FOR SALE BY  
**Newton Coal Company,**  
Office, Eliot Block, Newton. 21f

**ELIOT HALL, Dec. 29, '88.**

**THE FAMOUS YALE  
Apollo and Banjo Clubs,**

**Tickets 50 & 75 cts. All seats reserved.**

FOR SALE BY

Hubbard & Procter, Newton. Gaudelet, New-  
tonville. A. F. Wright, West Newton. Alfred Brash,  
Auburndale. John J. Noble, Newton Centre.

Doors open at 7 o'clock, Concert at begins 7.45.



## THE GLEN DENNING

Cape Overcoat, introduced by us,  
has become the prevailing favor-  
ite of the season for Children and  
Young Lads' wear.

The Cape is detachable, and the  
materials are of strong Irish,  
Scotch and American Tweed  
fabrics, manufactured exclusiv-  
ely for us, as adaptable for this  
particular style of garment, in  
tasty and fashionable plaids; are  
exceedingly warm and comforta-  
ble, and impervious to rain and  
snow.

The distinctive feature of this  
Overgarment is that it can be  
used with or without Cape, and  
we recommend it with great  
confidence as economically ad-  
vantageous, it being equally  
suitable for School or Dress  
Wear, at

**\$5, 6, 7, 8, 10,  
12, \$15.**

**A. SHUMAN  
& CO.,**

Manufacturing Retailers,  
**440 WASHINGTON ST.,**  
Cor. Sumner St., Boston, 102f

**CLARA D. REED, M. D.**  
RESIDENCE AND OFFICE,  
Centre Street, Cor. Richardson, Newton.  
Hours—1 to 3 and 7 P. M.

**W. B. BEAL,**  
Newton & Boston Express.  
Boston: 48 Chatham and 75 Kilby Streets.  
Newton: P. O. Box 470, Depot and J. McCann-  
on's.  
Leave Newton, 10 A. M., Boston at 3 P. M.  
Furniture and Piano Moving. 43

**A. J. MACOMBER,**  
Jeweller and Optician.  
has removed to  
31 Beach St., Boston, near Washington.

Where he will be pleased to continue his  
services for his Newton patrons. Work left at  
his house 655 Washington St. (near Crafts) will  
be done promptly and returned. Also with John  
A. Evans, 65 Elmwood Street, Newton.

**HARRIS E. JOHNNOT.**  
Private residences fitted with  
**Electric Call Bells,**  
Gas Lighting Apparatus, etc.

Repairing a specialty. Orders sent by mail or  
left with Barber Bros., Newton, will receive  
prompt attention. P. O. Box 173, Newton, Mass.

**MONEY TO LOAN**

—ON—  
Real Estate and Personal Property

**A. L. JEWELL,**  
275 Washington Street, Boston, 11 ly

**THOMAS SINCLAIR,**  
Practical Upholsterer

Upholstery in all its branches. Hair Mat-  
tresses made to order and remade. Window  
shades made of the best material and only the  
best fixtures used. Every shade warranted to  
give satisfaction. Prices as low as is consistent  
with good work and material. 48

## SEAL GARMENTS —AND OTHER— FURS.

We have now open one of the most carefully  
selected and thoroughly manufactured stocks of

**FINE FUR GOODS**

to be found in New England, comprising  
Seal, Sable and Fur-lined Gar-  
ments.

Also every description of the smaller furs and  
fur trimmings, all of the choicest and most reli-  
able character.  
Prices as low as CHOICE goods can  
be sold.

**Joseph A. Jackson,**  
412 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON. 51

NEWTON.

—There will be a Christmas vesper  
service at Channing church, Sunday  
evening.

—Mr. Gorham D. Gilman is slowly but  
surely improving, and hopes soon to be  
out again.

—A fine line of articles suitable for  
Christmas presents can be found at Hud-  
son's drug store.

—The Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo  
Club concerts at Eliot Hall, Dec. 29th,  
promises to be largely patronized.

—Miss Alberta Thomas arrived home  
Monday from St. Johns, N. B., where  
she has been visiting for several months.

—Seven houses are being built on the  
Miller estate, on lots sold by Mr. Charles  
F. Rand, and two more are contemplated.

—Mr. John Flood has opened a second  
hand furniture store in Nonantum block,  
and will buy and sell all kinds of house-  
hold goods.

—The horse cars between Newton and  
Boston are to be heated this winter, if  
the company succeed in carrying out  
their plans.

—At the meeting next Sunday of the  
Y. M. C. A., Mrs. Lewis has kindly volun-  
teered her services to sing and Mr. J. P.  
Cobb will act as accompanist.

—Mr. C. A. Haskell spoke at a Union  
Y. C. M. A. meeting in Natick last Sunday  
evening, discussing the work of the asso-  
ciation from a business standpoint.

—Mrs. S. K. Harwood, Mrs. Merrill  
and Miss Souther of Hotel Hunnewell re-  
turned home from New York last Satur-  
day, where they had been spending a  
few days.

—We are requested to say, in answer to  
inquiries, that single admissions will be  
sold at the door for the performance of  
"Cricket on the Heath," at the Chan-  
ning church parlors on the 27th inst.

—The children of the Channing Sun-  
day School will have their Christmas en-  
tertainment on Friday, December 28th,  
beginning at 5 o'clock. Supper at 6.

—President Thomas Weston made a  
very eloquent address at the Boston Con-  
gregational club, Wednesday evening.  
Dr. C. C. Creggan of Newton also made  
an address.

—Mr. George C. Lord, president of the  
Boston & Maine Railroad, was among the  
guests at the dinner of the Commercial  
Club at the Hotel Vendome, last Satur-  
day afternoon.

—T. L. Mason's window in Eliot block  
has a fine assortment of articles suitable  
for Christmas presents, and all in want  
of watches, or jewelry, or anything in  
his line should call inside.

—Mr. John B. Brimblecom, the efficient  
clerk of the common council, will un-  
doubtedly be renominated for the posi-  
tion. The caucus of the members of the  
council elect will be held this evening.

—At Channing church chapel the regu-  
lar evening service will be continued  
through the winter, with the exception  
of the fourth Sunday in each month,  
when there will be a vesper service.

—Dr. E. P. Scales met with a slight ac-  
cident Monday morning while driving  
down Centre street. The transom bolt  
of his buggy snapped suddenly and the  
horse with the forward wheels proceeded  
to Whitman's stable. No damage of con-  
sequence resulted.

—The Columbia Bicycle calendar and  
stand for 1889 is out and does credit as  
usual to the good taste of the Pope  
Manufacturing Company. It is in a very  
handy form for desk use, and is filled  
with appropriate quotations of special  
interest to cyclists.

—At the Harvard Technology road  
race which occurred here recently Green-  
leaf rode a 55 inch Columbia Light Road-  
ster, on which he has covered over 4000  
miles this season. He came in first. The  
club will probably arrange another race,  
to occur some time in May.

—For the convenience of those who  
intend to attend the Yale Concert the  
train which passes through Newton at  
7.32 p. m. will on the night of Dec. 29,  
stop at Auburndale, West Newton, New-  
tonville and Newton.

—A very pleasant entertainment was  
held Thursday evening at the house of  
Mr. Ellison. It was designed and exe-  
cuted by three little boys. The pro-  
ceeds were to be used for a Christmas  
present to a poor person. The sum  
realized was about \$4.00.

—The water rose so high in the cellar  
of the new Eliot church, Wednesday, as  
to put out the fire in the steam heaters,  
and men have been at work since pump-  
ing the water out. Evidently some  
measures will have to be taken to drain  
the cellar, before the church can be used  
for services.

—The Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo  
clubs appear at Eliot Hall, Newton, Dec.  
29. These are the same clubs which ap-  
peared to an unusually large audience in  
Newton last April. The organizations  
have been so much improved during the  
past year, that their concert will un-  
doubtedly excel any that has ever before  
been given in Newton, and the indica-

tions are that every seat in the hall will  
be sold at an early day.—[Boston Globe.]

—A Christmas concert will be held by  
the Newton Baptist Sunday School next  
Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Recita-  
tions by the children, singing of carols,  
Christmas music and an address by Rev.  
J. B. Thomas, D. D., will fill up the hour  
to the enjoyment and profit of all who  
attend.

—Charley Kimball, the eight year old  
nephew of Mrs. George Alden, was inves-  
tigating some geological specimens in the  
Free Library, last Saturday, when he  
pulled a heavy stone too far over, and it  
fell, breaking his leg. The fracture was  
reduced by Dr. Frisbie, and the  
patient is now doing nicely.

—The artists in the Studio building,  
Boston, gave a private reception, Satur-  
day, and the studios were filled with  
friends of the artists. A large number  
were present from Newton, and most of  
them found their way to Mme. N. Men-  
ard's charming studio, to admire her  
beautiful sketches, paintings and decora-  
tive work.

—A party of Newton gentlemen who  
were engaged in a game of whist were  
treated to somewhat of a surprise upon  
looking over their hands at the comple-  
tion of the last deal just before arriving  
at the Newton station, Tuesday afternoon.  
One of the party held 10 clubs (trumps),  
9 hearts, one 8 diamonds and the  
other 10 spades. This is one of the  
most remarkable whist hands on record.

—A man calling himself Joseph John-  
son, was found in the girls' dressing  
room at the Bigelow School, Wednesday  
afternoon. His acts were so suspicious  
that he was arrested by Officer Henthorn,  
who searched him but found nothing.  
He claimed to have been looking for a man  
named Nelson, but the officer thought  
that it was a curious place to look, and  
turned him over to the City Marshal. As  
there was no evidence that he had stolen  
anything he was let off, and advised to  
leave town.

—Read carefully in another column an  
extract of a paper by Prof. Chadwick of  
Boston before the Y. M. C. A. delegates  
last week in Eliot Hall; it illustrates  
what could be done if there was a build-  
ing or rooms equipped even moderately  
for associated work. With such a place  
centrally located boys, young men, as well  
as those of middle and later life, could  
be better equipped for the battle of life,  
physically, mentally and spiritually. Who  
will help the Y. M. C. A. to get a build-  
ing.

—One of the most successful of the  
social events at Newton last spring was  
the concert given by the Yale Apollo Glee  
and Banjo Clubs before one of the largest  
and most fashionable audiences ever as-  
sembled in Eliot Hall. The same clubs  
will give another entertainment on Sat-  
urday, the 29th of December, and as this  
is the last day of the Christmas vaca-  
tion, the outlook is that a large number  
will decide to attend the concert as a fitting  
close of the jollifications of the week.—  
[Boston Herald.]

—Grace church Christmas Services—  
Christmas Eve, Carol service for the  
Sunday school and Bible classes. The  
Rector's new Christmas story will be  
read at 8 o'clock. The celebration of  
the Holy Communion at 8.30. At 10.45  
there will be the morning prayer and  
sermon, at 12 m. the Holy Communion.  
At 4.30 p. m., evening prayer and baptism.  
The four services on Christmas Day are  
thus arranged at different hours so as to  
make it possible for every one however  
occupied to give thanks publicly for the  
best gift the world has ever received.

—The tunnel at the upper end of the  
depot is in a worse condition than ever.  
In spite of another layer of planks which  
have been put in. The water is higher  
than the planking and the only hope  
seems to be that the pond will freeze it  
up, and thus allow people to pass  
over. The railroad company should  
have drained the tunnel, when it was  
built, as it is only in very dry weather  
that it is free from water, and there is a  
question whether the city has not power  
to compel them to do so now. If many  
more planks are laid it will be impossi-  
ble for any but small children to get  
through.

—The Newton Baptist church has given  
a call to Rev. J. P. McCullough, of Coho-  
set, N. Y. The meeting was held last Sun-  
day night and the vote was unanimous.  
Mr. McCullough has never preached  
here, but the supply committee has been  
to Cohoset to hear him, and a number of  
the church members went to West New-  
ton, when he preached there a few Sun-  
days ago. He is a very attractive preach-  
er and is a young man of about 35, his  
family consisting of a wife and one child.  
He graduated at Hamilton, and has been  
with the Cohoset church six years, during  
which it has increased from 300 to 600  
members, and he is very popular there. It  
is thought that the call will be consid-  
ered favorably.

—The house of Andrew Slamin, Gar-  
dner street, was raided Sunday afternoon  
by City Marshal Richardson and Officers  
Henthorn, Emerson and Burke. Four  
men were found in the place drinking,  
and four gallons of ale and three quarts  
of whiskey were seized. Slamin was ar-  
rested and offered considerable resist-  
ance, objecting to the prosecution of the  
search. In the police court, Tuesday  
he pleaded guilty to keeping a liquor  
nuisance and interfering with an officer  
during the progress of the search. He  
paid a fine of fifty dollars and costs for  
maintaining a liquor nuisance, and had  
his case placed upon file on payment of  
costs for interfering with an officer. City  
Marshal Richardson is making it warm  
for the violators of the law.

—Five of the school teachers of the  
Bigelow school mourned yesterday  
the loss of their month's salaries.  
The sent one of the pupils of the school,  
Earl Brissett, 11 years of age, to the  
Newton National bank to get their checks  
cashied. The boy carried the checks to  
the bank and received the money from  
Mr. B. F. Bacon in an envelope. He  
started back for the school, but in some  
unaccountable manner lost the packet.  
He says that he put it safely in his pocket  
and cannot explain how he lost it, first  
discovering that it was missing while re-  
turning to the school. It was found by  
Michael Hartford and restored to Mr.  
Bacon at the bank Thursday afternoon.  
The total sum contained in the envelope  
amounted to \$200.

—Many of our local business men have  
made special preparations for the holi-  
days and the interior of stores and win-  
dows are assuming the gala appearance  
so much a feature now-a-days at Christ-  
mas time. One of the most artistic bits  
of decoration is to be seen in the large  
windows of the store of Mr. H. B. Coffin.

A large arch has been constructed fea-  
soned with colors and forming the  
framework of a winter scene, which  
stretches towards the interior and pre-  
sents a model Christmas picture. The  
ground is somewhat broken, studded  
here and there with evergreen trees and  
covered with snow, tiny reindeers sug-  
gesting visions of Santa Claus and the  
outgoing Christmas stocking. At either  
end of the arch there are two handsome  
panels and the usual display of choiced  
canned fruits form a conspicuous but  
tasteful arrangement. The design was  
executed by Mr. Robert Brackett.

## THE CITY PRINTING.

THE GRAPHIC OFFICE GETS THE CON-  
TRACT.

The printing committee awarded the  
contract for the city printing, Thursday  
afternoon, to the GRAPHIC job office,  
which is now the most completely  
equipped job office in this vicinity.

Last year the GRAPHIC did not bid and  
the contract was awarded to the Rand  
Avery company, which may have been  
one of the reasons for their failure. The  
bids this year are as follows: GRAPHIC  
office, \$892.25; Alfred Mudge, Boston,  
\$947.88; Rockwood & Churchill, \$989.30;  
Geo. H. Pratt, \$1,013.40; F. G. Barker,  
Watertown, \$1,043.68.

It will be seen that people who patron-  
ize Boston printers have to pay for the  
difference in rent and the greater cost of  
doing work in that city, while the ver-  
dict has been so far that they get no bet-  
ter work than at the GRAPHIC job office,  
which has made quite a reputation for  
itself in the past year by its pamphlet and other job  
work.

## Newton Cottage Hospital.

The quarterly meeting of the trustees  
was held at the hospital Monday after-  
noon, Dec. 17th. Seven members were  
present. The report of the treasurer,  
Mr. Bullens, showed the following re-  
ceipts since the September meeting, on  
current expense acct.: Second Con-  
gregational church, West Newton, ac-  
count of Hospital Sunday of 1887, \$50.  
Donations, J. Howard Nichols, \$25.00;  
Mrs. Rebecca R. Rice, 20.00;  
E. L. M. S. Club, proceeds of  
sale by Florence Eline and others, \$3.25  
F. W. Mansion, 10.00;  
Mrs. James M. Blake, 25.00;  
Mrs. John Lowell, 15.00;  
Rev. Amos E. Lawrence, 10.00;  
Mrs. Amos E. Lawrence, 10.00;  
Sundry persons, by Rev. H. L.  
Wheeler, 6.50  
6 young girls at Newtonville,  
Mr. Tainter's S. S. Class, 38.41  
N. E. Tel. and Telephone Co., 5.00  
Sundry other persons, 7.00  
Contents of Birthday Fund boxes, 25.00  
Support of Free beds, Silver Lake Co., 300.00  
Newton Hospital Aid Association, 300.00  
Annual subscription, J. R. Leeson, 100.00  
George E. Gilbert, 5.00  
From board, care and treatment of patients, 458.56  
Income from the Margaret Leeson Fund, 25.00  
Interest on bank balances, 53.95  
From St. churches, Hospital Sunday, 1888, 1772.95  
Total receipts for the quarter, \$3317.12  
The amount received from the different churches  
will be enumerated in the annual report.  
There has been received on Building Fund ac-  
count during the quarter:  
From E. L. Fickard, Auburndale, \$100  
Edward E. Hardy, 100  
C. S. Roberts, 50  
Mrs. Rufus Estabrook, 25  
John A. Baldwin, Centre, 10

The executive committee reported  
through Mr. Worcester an interesting ac-  
count of the work of the Hospital. The  
report was ordered to be included in the  
report of the trustees to the annual meet-  
ing of the corporation. Accompanying  
the report of the medical board, the  
schedule of lectures for pupil nurses and  
the assignments of the medical staff for  
the year 1889, all of which will be printed  
in the annual report.

The executive committee were re-  
quested to consider the matter of procur-  
ing a suitable portrait of Mr. Pulsifer, the  
late president of the Hospital corpora-  
tion, to be hung in the reception room of  
the Hospital.

The building committee reported  
through Dr. Whiston that they had made  
a contract with Messrs. Bailey & Hargre-  
don of West Newton for the construction  
of the Georgia A. Leeson Memorial  
Ward, and that work was progressing  
satisfactorily. They asked for an addi-  
tional appropriation of \$250 to complete  
the new laundry building, which was  
granted.

The executive committee were re-  
quested to prepare a suitable memorial in-  
scription, after consultation with Mr. Leeson  
as to his wishes in the matter, to be  
placed in the new ward. The executive  
committee were also requested to arrange  
for a formal opening of the new ward  
when completed.

Messrs. Shinn, Whiston and Converse  
were appointed a committee to prepare  
resolutions expressing the feeling of the  
loss to the hospital in the death of its  
president, and report the same at the  
annual meeting of the corporation.

A letter was read from Mrs. Heckman,  
Secretary of the Newton Hospital Aid  
Association, stating that the directors of  
that association had voted to assume the  
expense of having the Hospital thoroughly  
painted. The painting of the outside  
of the old building, therefore, which has  
long been needed, will be done at once.

The Ladies' Aid Association has also re-  
cently purchased a set of surgical instru-  
ments for the Hospital at a cost of over  
one hundred dollars. The aid of this as-  
sociation is invaluable to us.  
E. A. WHISTON, Secretary.

## New Post Office for Newton.

The trouble over the Newton post  
office appears to be settled at last, for  
Mr. C. B. Coffin received a couple of let-  
ters from Congressman Burnett yester-  
day. Some days ago at the request of  
Postmaster Morgan, Mr. Coffin wrote to  
Mr. Burnett, asking him if he could not  
do something more to give us a decent  
post office here, one suitable for the city,  
and the amount of business done.



## CITY GOVERNMENT.

PENSIONS, PERMITS, AND REDUCING THE NUMBER OF THE HIGHWAY COMMITTEE.

The board of aldermen met Monday evening, Mayor Kimball presiding; Alderman Johnson, French, Chadwick, Childs, Ward and Nickerson were present. The records for the past several meetings were read, and the record of Nov. 26th was amended by inserting a clause that Henry F. Ross had received a permit to put up a carpenter shop and dry house.

Alderman Childs gave notice that he should move to have the permit rescinded, as it was not fair to compel Mr. Fitzpatrick to put up a fire proof building, and allow Mr. Ross to put up a wooden one. After the reading of the records was completed, Alderman Childs introduced an order rescinding Mr. Ross's permit, and granting him another permit on condition that the buildings be made fire proof and built under the direction and to the approval of the chief of the fire department.

## PETITIONS.

Residents of Griffin avenue asked to have the street accepted by the city, it having been laid out and completed.

W. G. Brackett asked to have the sidewalk in front of his property on Bellevue street graded and concreted. Both were referred to the highway committee.

## DECEMBER EXPENSES.

Alderman French reported an order from the finance committee, appropriating \$16,078.58, for the expenses of the city during December.

## POLICE AND FIREMEN'S PENSIONS.

Alderman French moved that the ordinances in regard to pensioning members of the police force and of the fire department be passed to be enrolled.

Alderman Ward said that this was a subject of which he would like to know more before voting upon it. It might cost the city a large sum, and he did not see why a man should be given a pension because he had served fifteen years. We have men now on the force who are in middle life, and who will soon be incapacitated from age for active duty. If this thing of pensions once began, there was no knowing where it would end. In Boston there had been an effort to put the men employed on the highway department on a permanent basis, and they too, would probably soon be after a pension. It might prove a very expensive thing for the city. If a man was injured while on duty he should favor giving him a pension, but not for having been 15 years in the service of the city. The matter ought to be carefully considered.

Alderman Childs said that he was a member of the ordinance committee and also an old member of the fire department, and he favored the passage of the ordinance. If a man had served the city well for 15 years, it was the least the city could do if he was unfitted for further duty, to put him on one-third pay. The last legislature had passed a bill for the State to pension all veteran or disabled firemen, but the Governor had vetoed it on the ground that the several cities in the State ought to pension their own firemen. The city fire department was in such good condition that they worked about nine hours a day and the rest of the time to themselves. The firemen were getting better pay than mechanics, and he was opposed to the scheme.

Alderman Childs said that mechanics were not called upon to be on duty at all hours of the day or night, they worked about nine hours a day and the rest of the time to themselves. The firemen were getting better pay than mechanics, and he was opposed to the scheme.

Alderman Johnson said that there would be just as much justice in pensioning the employees of the highway department. If we were going to pension one set of employees, why not pension all? The firemen were getting better pay than mechanics, and he was opposed to the scheme.

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To the City Council. Gentlemen:—There are about 30 miles of unaccepted streets in the city, many of which would require but a moderate outlay to widen, drain, and otherwise put in good order for acceptance and use as public streets.

The advantage to the city would be the additional revenue derived from the increased taxable valuation of the property, and in the greater safety and convenience to the public. The abutters would share the benefits of better streets, the appearance of their premises improved, and the value of their estates would be much increased. I therefore recommend that an endeavor be made to secure the co-operation of the abutters with the city to obtain the advantages and improvements suggested.

Very respectfully Yours,  
J. Wesley Kimball,  
Mayor.

The communication was referred to the highway committee of the next city government.

## GRAVEL LAND.

Alderman Nickerson presented an order, authorizing the highway committee, as a special consideration for the convenience of a lot of land on Pine street, to contract for the removal of a small house, and the placing of it on a suitable cellar and foundation. He said that this was necessary to complete a contract, which would open up a valuable lot of gravel land. The committee thought that they had a bargain all made, but they found that this was necessary in order to complete it. The work could not be done this year, but the order was needed to complete the contract.

Alderman French said that there was no money to pay for the work, and he thought it would be better to lay it over to next year.

Alderman Nickerson said it was very desirable to close the contract now, and the order was passed.

THE HIGHWAY COMMITTEE.

Alderman Childs called from the table the report of the joint convention on rules and orders, which recommended that the highway committee should be composed of two aldermen and three commoners, instead of seven members as at present. He said that the committee was too large at present, and as it had one man from each ward, each member wanted to spend the money on his own ward. Reducing the number would take temptation out of the way of the members, and they would be more likely to have the whole city to look after instead of their own ward. Three members would be better than five. There had been a tendency to enlarge the committee, which was a mistake. When the report was made the committee had been up for 1888, but if we change now it will be adopted for 1889 and save the new mayor much hard work.

Alderman Chadwick said that if by making the committee consist of five members instead of seven, they would all work for the whole city, it would be a good thing, but the five members would be as eager for their own ward as the seven would be. He favored having a member from each ward, and would like to hear from Alderman Pettie on the question.

Alderman Childs said he had no objection to having the matter lay over so as to give the alderman from Ward Five a chance to speak. The committee had originally consisted of five members, and the change had been made because Alderman Pettie complained that no Ward Five man was on it. He hoped even if the committee was reduced that Ward Five would still have a representative on it, but he believed that it was for the interest of the city that the committee should be reduced. We could go further and reduce other committees to advantage. He hoped some time to see a board of public works in the city and put the whole thing on a business basis.

Alderman Nickerson said that personally he should favor having a committee of five rather than of seven, as it was easier to manage, a quorum could be secured more easily, and it would not be so difficult to explain everything. Now the members do not all understand when a matter comes up before the city council there are always some who know nothing about it. With fewer members, all would make a greater effort to be present and to keep informed of the work of the committee. He would like to give Alderman Pettie a chance to speak on it, and he moved to lay it on the table.

Alderman French said the change to seven members had been made when he was in the common council, and he had opposed it. It was only fair, however, to give the alderman from Ward Five a chance to say something, and he moved to make the matter a special order for the next meeting, say at 8 o'clock.

Alderman Nickerson accepted the amendment and the matter will come up at the next meeting.

A number of bills were presented and moved for.

Alderman Chadwick from the public property committee reported that the changes ordered by the state inspector in the Eliot and Lincoln school buildings had been made.

The board then adjourned to Monday evening, Dec. 31st.

## Books for the Young.

Howling Wolf and his Trick Pony, the charming story of an Indian boy, which appeared in the Wide Awake, is published by the D. Lothrop company for the holiday trade. It is by Lizzie W. Champney, the author of several popular books for young people, and describes life at the agency and the adventures of the boy who sought to recover the Lost Medicine of his tribe. His marvelous trick pony adds much to the story, and no better choice could be made of a story book for young people.

The Longfellow Remembrance Book published by D. Lothrop company in an attractive form, contains sketches of the poet by his friends, Elbridge S. Brooks, John G. Whittier, Rev. Samuel Longfellow, Harriet Clive Eardley, Clive Eardley, and Louise Imogen Guiney. The little volume is illustrated and contains much about the poet that his young friends will be glad to know, as it gives many details of his life and the events connected with his poems.

## Scientific American.

Every week this most valuable periodical presents the latest information in the world of science, art and manufactures. Full of practical information, it discloses the latest discoveries and inventions. For over forty years Munn & Co have conducted this paper in connection with the procuring of patents for new inventions. The Scientific American is authoritative on all scientific and mechanical subjects, and should be in every household.

Now is the time to use Ingall's Specific. It will cure Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh. It is an infallible remedy for croup.

## FUNERAL OF MR. J. B. LOVETT.

IMPRESSIVE MASONIC SERVICES IN THE CHAPEL AT THE NEWTON CEMETERY.

The funeral of Mr. Jeremiah B. Lovett took place from his late residence, Walnut street, Newtonville, Sunday afternoon. Simple services were held at the house, consisting of a prayer by Rev. John Worcester, scriptural readings and a brief address by Rev. Pleasant Hunter, Jr., who alluded to the long residence of the deceased in Newtonville, and of his services as postmaster, covering a period of over 25 years. Committees from Dalhousie lodge, F. A. M., and Newton royal arch chapter, F. A. M., attended the services. Dalhousie lodge was represented by Mr. Henry N. Chadwick, Mr. T. C. Nickerson and Mr. O. B. Leavitt, and the chapter by Dr. W. O. Hunt, high priest, Mr. George Breeden and Mr. H. B. Hackett.

At the conclusion of the services at the house the remains were escorted by delegations from Dalhousie lodge and the Newton chapter to the Farlow Memorial Chapel in the Newton cemetery, where impressive Masonic services were held, under the direction of Worshipful Master John V. Fisher of Dalhousie lodge. The quartet of Dalhousie lodge rendered appropriate selections. At the conclusion of the Masonic ceremonies, the remains were interred in the family lot in the cemetery. There was a large attendance at the services in the house and in the cemetery chapel, the delegations present from the Masonic orders numbering about 60 gentlemen. The floral tributes were very beautiful, and included an open book from Dalhousie lodge, a beautiful pillow inscribed "Companion," from Newton royal arch chapter, an exquisite wreath from J. D. Billings and Mr. William C. Guido, a closed book from Mr. John Davis of Beverly, a sheaf of wheat, a lovely basket of roses from Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brooks, and other designs from the family and friends.

The pallbearers were Messrs. George E. Briggs and R. Q. Barlow of the Newton chapter, John Grant and D. S. Simpson of Dalhousie lodge. At the grave the Masonic commitment services were read.

## ART NOTES.

There is a rare treat for lovers of water colors just now at Williams & Everett's, Doll & Richards', and J. Eastman Chase's galleries, and no more appropriate or happy choice for a Christmas gift could be made than one of these same exquisite sketches. At Williams & Everett's, the Boston Water Color Association holds its fourth annual display. Hendricks, Hallett, Edmund Garrett, Henry Sandham, Charles Copeland, C. F. Peirce and W. F. Taylor are represented. Mr. Taylor's English scenes are charmingly picturesque and graceful, and Mr. Hallett's "Beaumont" is beautiful in its delicate coloring and tender feeling.

Mr. Garrett's "Francis" in face, attitude and costume, is both dainty and forcible. At Doll & Richards' there is a fine collection by the Water Color Club, composed of lady pupils of Ross Turner. Among the names are Elizabeth Duveneck, Sarah Whitman, Ellen Robbins, Mary K. Longfellow, Katherine Lane, Susan Bradley, Louisa Mason and others. This is their second annual exhibit, and to their already pleasing display they have added contributions by Gabrielle Clements, of Philadelphia, and Kate Greator, of New York, and with wonderful success given prominence to their work. Miss Greator has the honor of having had her work admitted to the Salon and the added glory of complimentary mention from that august jury. Her three flower compositions are original in style and delightfully crisp and vigorous in treatment. The late Mrs. Duveneck's Italian sketches depict scenes of interest in fine, low harmony of color. Mrs. Whitman's pastels are full of artistic effect and suggestions. Mrs. Motley's study of a donkey cart with two children therein, which she modestly calls "A Sketch," is very charming and spirited. Miss Longfellow's "Marsh Road" with its sandy shallows is very pleasing, as also Miss Mason's "Friend of the Studio." Exhibition will continue until Dec. 22.

At J. Eastman Chase's store is a miscellaneous collection by Boston and New York artists, of 60 water colors, catalogued, besides many others portfolioed. Notable among the list are C. H. Platt, J. H. Johnston, G. W. Harvey, Prosper Senat, S. P. R. Triscott, Ross Turner and Winslow Homer. A delightful place to while away a morning and revel in the water colors, from nature, so skillfully depicted as to seem reality.

## Woman Suffrage in England.

County suffrage has lately been extended to women in England. This is a long stride in advance of the municipal suffrage which they have had for many years. It seemed in 1884 that the time had then come to extend the franchise to women as well as to men, but the bill was such an important one that the leaders who had its interest at heart did not think it wise to add the clause including women. From the speeches made at that time it does not appear that opposition to the clause was based on the disbelief of woman's right to vote, but rather on the feeling that the time was not ripe for it, and it would endanger the bill for the householders' franchise. Now, however, in the new bill, women are given the right to vote for county councils, which are important and responsible bodies.

They have charge of the assessing, levying and expending of county and police rates, the borrowing of money and the charge of shire and county halls, court-houses, police stations, and other county buildings; the division of the county into polling districts for parliamentary elections, the appointment of places of election, and places for holding courts of revision of voters, and the costs of and other matters to be done for the registration of parliamentary voters; the appointment of the coroner, county treasurer, surveyor and public analyst, the license of places for music, dancing and stage plays, the establishment of pauper lunatic asylums, the management of reformatory schools, and the carrying out of acts referring to contagious diseases of cattle, preservation of fish and of wild birds; weights and measures; the registration of gifts of real estate, the management of places of religious worship, and the confirmation

and record of rules of lean societies. The powers and duties of justices of the peace in regard to the county will be exercised by a joint committee of quarter sessions and county councils.

The voting lists are made out in three divisions. The first comprises parliamentary voters, who also are entitled to be enrolled as county electors; the second contains the names of those who are parliamentary voters but not county electors. This division shows that the possessors of the service franchise have no votes for county council. By way of compensation, the third list is of voters who have votes for the county councils but not for Parliament—namely, peers and women.

## Post Hoc, Propter Hoc.

To the Editor of the GRAPHIC:—

In this week's issue of the GRAPHIC, the following appears under the head of Newton Highlands items: "Has any one noticed that no malaria appeared in Newton Highlands until after the streets began to be watered?"

The above calls to mind the fallacy of arguing, "post hoc, propter hoc." As an illustration: In New York not long ago, a man was shaving on a Sunday morning, preparatory to going to church. In the act of shaving, he was stricken with paralysis and died suddenly. Did any one notice that no paralysis appeared till he commenced to shave? MEDICUS.

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THE REPUBLICAN considers it to be the first office of a newspaper to print the news fairly, fully, intelligently and without prejudice. This undertaking to do every day's news, giving special attention and extended space to the local news of Western Massachusetts, Northern Connecticut and Southern Vermont and New Hampshire. Its organization of reporters and correspondents for collecting the news in the territory described is wonderfully complete, and the thoroughness and promptness of its service is attested by its constant receipt of telegrams, and other important centers it commands the aid of well equipped special correspondents whenever occasion demands.

In the treatment of political and social questions, THE REPUBLICAN is thoroughly independent. It stands up always for the real interest of the people as against monopoly, corruption, coercion, deception and every form of demagoguism. It counts the welfare of the country as of more consequence every time than the success of any party. It is broad-minded, generous, fair and good-tempered in its discussions of public affairs, and to represent always the true and pure American spirit. THE REPUBLICAN devotes liberal attention to literature, to science, to education, to all social and economical questions, besides giving its readers "all the news and the truth about it," this paper offers them daily an abridgment of the most interesting reading, instructive, entertaining and interesting.

THE SUNDAY REPUBLICAN is prepared with special pains to meet the needs and taste of the New England public. It presents the news, local and general, in readable and attractive form. It always contains a pleasing original story or sketch, a good sermon, a department for children, the latest news from the theatre and of outdoor sports, a literary column, interesting home and foreign correspondence, a full editorial page covering a wide range of live topics, local sketches, original poetry, etc. It is a whole-home, newsworthy and interesting journal well suited to the day of rest.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN has often been called the best review of American life anywhere published. It is carefully edited and gives all the important news and discussion of the week in compact and well-arranged order. It contains also several pages of general reading, embracing the best stories, correspondence, sketches and special articles that have appeared in the Daily and Sunday editions. The recent increase by eight columns of its size, allows the publication of much valuable and entertaining matter and makes THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN more than ever a model family journal.

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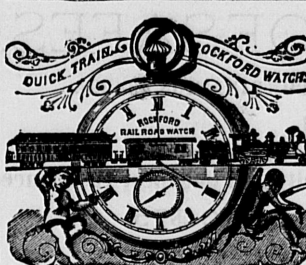
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## NEWTON CONGREGATIONAL CLUB.

REV. DR. E. K. ALDEN AND REV. DR. DAVID GREGG ON FOREFATHERS' DAY.

The Newton Congregational Club held a meeting in the Second Congregational Church, West Newton, Monday evening. There was a large attendance, notwithstanding the unpleasant character of the weather. The usual social hour and supper preceded the exercises in the chapel, consisting of devotional services, singing by the choir of Eliot Church and addresses in relation to forefathers' day by Rev. David Gregg, D. D., and Rev. E. K. Alden, D. D., the latter gentleman being a descendant of the famous John Alden. The usual committee reports were presented, the report of the outlook committee being especially interesting. It alluded to the growth of Congregational clubs during the past 20 years. There are at present 29, and of this number 10 had been organized within the past five years. Allusion was then made to the missionary effort in 1858, which resulted in the establishment of the week of prayer. The first regular observance was in 1860, in the larger number of the Congregational churches. We are approaching now the annual observance which has continued for 30 years and much interest has already been shown, especially by the pastors who have conferred together as to its observance with a view of securing the best results.

On motion of Mr. Harwood of Newton Centre, it was voted that a committee be appointed to nominate a list of officers of the club, with the exception of president, and to report the names at the next meeting.

The Eliot church choir gave a fine rendering of "The Pilgrim Fathers," the voices blending harmoniously and the words being given with evident feeling and appreciation. The president of the club, Mr. G. B. Putnam, then pleasantly introduced Dr. David Gregg, who delivered a very interesting address. He alluded to the history of the Pilgrim fathers and its significance to the people of America. It was a history associated with the development and future of this country. The Pilgrim band had left to us the free church, free schools and the grand principle of the equality of all men. He cited the vicissitudes of the Pilgrims, the building of their homes and churches, the confederation of the colonies, and the ultimate establishment of the American republic, and compared their experiences with those of the Hebrews in point of grand purpose and accomplishment. The history of the Pilgrims was not completed; the Pilgrims are not through with America nor America through with the pilgrims. There is a future history of this country that will be associated with the principles that they have interwoven with the very structure of the government and let us hope for no future history that Plymouth rock may not be built within. [Applause.]

The speaker then gave a brief outline of the Pilgrim fathers and their purpose in leaving their own country. They did not believe in the established church, believing that Jesus Christ and He alone was the real head of the church. The church they thought should be an independent organization in which all the members had an equal voice and responsibility. They consequently in time withdrew from their fellowship in the established church, undertook to establish churches upon the principles in which they believed, preached their doctrines in England, were persecuted and martyred and finally emigrated to Holland. Obstacles were presented, notwithstanding the religious liberty accorded; the Sabbath was not much revered, the Pilgrims were anxious about their children and were desirous of spreading the gospel. They sailed for America and landed upon the famous rock, but not until they had drawn up that wonderful compact in the cabin of the Mayflower, "In the name of God, amen, we combine together as a civil body politic," etc. In their original covenant, to God they gave the first place. They accepted their condition, struggled manfully against privation and sickness, and looked forward to a golden future.

The duty of the present generation is in reproducing these Pilgrims today, in imitating their noble characters and purposes, and in perpetuating their institutions. To accomplish this, we must have faith in God and reverence for God's word. It is only by being true to the Bible that we can carry on their cause and successfully reproduce the real Pilgrim type. To imitate them, we must possess their character and manhood. They were Christian men who recognized God as the source of all good. The Bible today feeds men behind it. It was the Bible that the Pilgrim fathers used that helped to maintain the principles which matured and developed the continent. For success, we need men with the largest calibre of faith. A cause will not succeed if the right men are not behind it. Principles and creed lie powerless because the right personality is the essential and lacking feature. We owe all that is good and grand in this country to the Pilgrims and the character and personality of the Pilgrims. [Applause.]

At the conclusion of Dr. Gregg's address, the president of the club introduced Dr. Alden as one of the real Pilgrim type and a direct descendant of the famous John Alden. Dr. Alden gave reminiscences of the Pilgrims, gleaned from his honored ancestry, alluding to their love of the Bible, simplicity and purity of character and honesty of purpose. The principles which they believed in and handed down to us were, first, the Christian home; second, the Christian church, and third, the Christian commonwealth. May we today be true to the principles of the Pilgrims and the Puritans, valuing and cherishing the priceless heritage which our forefathers have left to us. The Pilgrims saw further ahead than many of us supposed; they had God's promise behind them and they knew that it meant this continent and all its grand future history. In conclusion Dr. Alden spoke of Rose Standish, who had given birth recently to a bouncing boy who would be 8 weeks old upon the anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrim band upon Plymouth rock, and predicted that should this young Pilgrim live that he would see China and Japan, Christian nations, and the principles of the original Pilgrim band o'er spreading the continent. [Applause.]

At the conclusion of the addresses the choir rendered the selection, "Raise Again Thy Bold Refrain."

**A Narrow Escape.** "Yes, I had a very narrow escape," said a prominent citizen to a friend. "I was confined to my bed for a year and my friends gave me up for a consumptive's grave, until I began using Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, and here I am, sound and hearty." You will find for sale by all druggists. Price 50c, and \$1. Sample Bottle Free.

## Y. M. C. A. GYMNASIUM.

PAPER READ BY PROF. CHADWICK OF THE BOSTON Y. M. C. A. BEFORE THE CONVENTION OF THE Y. M. C. A.

Probably there is no subject deserving of more attention, yet which receives less than that of systematic exercise.

Gymnasiums under the old system were training schools for the circus, frequented only at considerable risk to life, and which, in the opinion of physicians, were better let "severely alone." With, in the last ten or fifteen years a revolution in apparatus and method has been accomplished and the science of physical culture is now being taught everywhere.

The best physicians, instead of sending their patients to the drug store in cases of weak lungs, dyspepsia, liver complaint, etc., are sending them to the gymnasium. The objection under the old system, against the gymnasium, from the physicians, that the work was of too severe a nature, from the parent too dangerous and the business man that it took too much time was mainly correct.

The system of practical floor work as conducted under the present gymnasium instruction has stood the test. Parents can be assured of careful, constant and intelligent work in body building gymnastics.

The patrons of a gymnasium are not drawn from any particular part of the community. Those who have the least advantages for physical training are most in need of it. Every person who gives thought to the subject knows that exercise is absolutely necessary to good health, especially those persons whose occupations are sedentary.

The continued use or abuse of one piece of apparatus will strengthen and develop one particular set of muscles and must draw from some other part to sustain it. Proper attention to diet and bathing are indispensable to good health. In what relation does the gymnasium stand to the association? It furnishes an avenue through which young men become acquainted with association work and thereby come under its influence.

The gymnasium is recognized as a necessary adjunct to a well organized association, the moral and physical training influenced by the teaching of the institution.

Give to our young men a clean and sound body and they will have a brighter and better vision of their higher and moral duties. The most essential part is for association and gymnasium work in perfect harmony; its aim to reach soul and body.

I believe every association should have a gymnasium equipped as far as possible with light developing apparatus, and a competent instructor, whose whole time would be given to his department.

Sufficient work can be done at the start with light, modern dumb bells and pulley weights.

To start a gymnasium I would suggest that you get a good live committee together for no future history that Plymouth rock may not be built within. [Applause.]

If your committee felt they could not lay out the money at the start, secure a good physician interested in the work to give a lecture on the subject. Study the effect on those present and by a few remarks see how far your members will financially support the movement.

If you have very little apparatus, strive to make the gymnasium attractive as possible. Dumb bells are the most essential. Start classes at regular hours.

For boys under fifteen years of age have a special class (evening) twice a week. Have your morning classes on the line of steady work, make your afternoon work the feature. As to evening work, make it general.

One very important point in this work is the developing of volunteer instructors to assist the superintendent in his duties.

Bathing arrangements are indispensable and could be arranged as your room allows.

In closing I would urge upon associations the value of gymnasium work; its aim to build up well-rounded, cool nerved bodies, fitting them to do their work in life better.

## BOSTON THEATRES.

"Paul Kaurar," at the Boston theatre. The great French play is being admirably sustained by the public. It is a master piece upon its particular theme and deserves success, the final ending being pleasant and happy.

On Monday, Dec. 24, Haulon's "Fantasma" will be produced here for Christmas week and the holidays, to which all lovers of fine and great scenic effects are cordially invited.

Hollis Street Theatre.—This is the last week of Duff's Comic Opera Company in "The Queen's Mate." The scenery and costumes are beautiful, while the performance throughout is of a most jolly and agreeable nature.

On Monday, Dec. 24, Miss Mary Anderson, with her own select company, will commence a limited engagement. She has been abroad now for three years and thousands are anxious to see her again. There is a charm of face and action with this lady which is second to no other actress in the world. Sale of seats commenced Monday.

Park Theatre.—As before announced, Frank Mayo, the popular actor, as Dr. Artaguan, the adventurer in the romantic drama "The Royal Guard," bears a sort of charmed life and, with his companions, makes many wonderful escapes from impending danger.

Next week, Dec. 24, Evans and Holy will appear in their laughable sketch called a "Parlor Match."

Boston Museum.—"Sheenadoah," the now famous military drama, framed of scenes and incidents during and since the late war, seems to be as popular as ever, though its continuance is only for another week or ten days.

Grand Opera House.—"The Romantic Melodrama," "The Roman Rye," is drawing large and appreciative audiences. Next week, Dec. 24, Mr. Charles T. Ellis will be presented in "Casper the Kidder," which will furnish sufficient fun and amusement for one week.

The Gaiety Musee and Bijou Theatre (next to Boston theatre) are furnishing immense entertainment for ten cents although you pay ten or fifteen cents extra for a good seat. They are playing now the full opera, "Mikado," besides a general variety routine. Continuous performance after 10 a.m.

**Ringing Noises.** In the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also result from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood. If you suffer from catarrh, try Hood's Sarsaparilla, the peculiar medicine.

**Everybody Likes** to be called handsome, especially the young ladies. But that is simply impossible as long as their face is covered with pimples, blotches and sores. But wait, there is a cure for this; one or two bottles of Sulphur Bitters will remove all such disfigurements, and make your face fair and rosy.—[Fannie Bell, Editress.]

## BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

## The Overland.

The Overland Monthly for December winds up in good style a fine volume. Its leading article is "From Klamath to Rio Grande," a discursive account of pleasant ramblings all over the Coast by Charles H. Shinn. Also illustrated is an article on Hydraulic Mining by Irving M. Scott, giving many interesting solutions of mechanical problems, with drawings and illustrations. The stories are in unusual quantity, as befits the holiday season, and the rest of the number is mainly taken up by sketchy and amusing articles on various parts of the Pacific coast, from Costa Rica to the Coos, the only solid article in the number being Mr. John C. Hall's able presentation of the causes of "The Decline of our Merchant Marine." Book reviews, verse in profusion and of the Overland's usual high grade, and the departments, complete a good number. The issue is given a further holiday look by tall tales in the "semi-monthly" magazine, covering every department of literary work. The price of either will be one dollar a year, or ten cents a number. Address: The Writer, Box 1005, Boston, Mass.

## The Writer.

With the December number, The Writer (Boston) brilliantly closes its second volume. Its contents include many interesting papers on literary topics. The magazine is full of practical hints and helps for all who write for publication. So successful has The Writer been that its publisher, William H. Hills, announces a companion magazine, The Author, the publication of which will begin in January. The Author will admit both original and selected articles on literary work. The two magazines together will practically be the writer's pinning for home and every department of literary work. The price of either will be one dollar a year, or ten cents a number. Address: The Writer, Box 1005, Boston, Mass.

## Christmas Thoughts.

Among the almost countless "booklets," "Christmas Thoughts," compiled by Frances C. Sparkaw, deserves especial mention as one of the few possessing sterling qualities. The delicate, ribbon-cover, with its pictured suggestions of the wondrous scenes for home and the Christmas-tide, the dainty illustrations and the text are in perfect accord, each with the other and with the festive season. There is a unity too in the choice of quotations that is all too rare in this class of publications. They are the very choicest thoughts—both prose and verse—of the choicest spirits, and each one illustrates some definite phase of Christmas feeling. Lowell's words are full of Christmas Jollity, Dickens's of Christmas charity, Tennyson's of Christmas sadness and Whittier's of Christmas praise. Taken all in all it will be hard to find a more artistic souvenir. Sent on receipt of 25 cents. (D. Lothrop Company, Boston, Mass.)

The January number of Scribner's Magazine, beginning the third year, will be published on the Saturday before Christmas. Its contents are of a high and rich illustrations, will be an appropriate holiday number, and fitting successor to the Christmas issue. The romantic and picturesque side of "Castle Life in the Middle Ages" will be described by E. H. and E. W. Blashfield, with many beautiful illustrations. The editor, editor of the Atlantic, will write some bright memories of his birthplace, Portsmouth, N. H., and Miss Sarah Orne Jewett, whose work has heretofore dealt with New England character, will contribute a story in an entirely different field, describing the family life of a respectable Irish-American saloon-keeper.

Gen. Lew Wallace will appear as a dramatist in the January number of Harper's magazine. His play "Commodus" is said to develop several powerful scenes, the vigor of which Artist Weguelin has enhanced with illustrations. Constance Fenimore Woolson's new story, "Jupiter Lights," begins in the same number, and Archdeacon Mackay Smith contributes a timely article on "The World of to-day." The author discusses the readjustment which the churches must make to meet altered conditions of life and thought in this country.

The Christmas number of Harper's Young People, now issued, consists of 24 pages, and contains the newest thing in literature, an "international story" for young people. Brander Matthews and E. A. Andrews, of "Vivian Vorse," etc., worked upon it in collaboration, and C. Dana Gibson has illustrated it with four capital drawings. "A Captured Santa Claus," written by Thomas Nelson Page, and illustrated by W. A. Rogers, makes another feature in the contents of this entertaining number.

## A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for a cure of Croup, Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Arthur Hudson's drugstore.

## Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Kidney and Bladder Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. Arthur Hudson, druggist.

## The Handsomest Lady in Newton

Remember to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, she stopped her cough instantly when others had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle Free. Large size 50c, and \$1.

## Everybody Likes

to be called handsome, especially the young ladies. But that is simply impossible as long as their face is covered with pimples, blotches and sores. But wait, there is a cure for this; one or two bottles of Sulphur Bitters will remove all such disfigurements, and make your face fair and rosy.—[Fannie Bell, Editress.]

## Horse and Stable.

The above is the title of the latest venture in the weekly newspaper line in Boston. As its name indicates, the paper is devoted to the horse, stable, carriage, harness and allied interests of New England and will be published every Tuesday noon at 103 Milk street, by Robert Luce & Co. The new enterprise aims to be the organ of those engaged in handling horses, manufacturing carriages, forging iron and kindred interests, but it will also have a special interest for all owners and lovers of horses throughout and beyond New England. The paper is attractively printed, of twelve pages, and the subscription price is \$2 per year.

Reporter—Well, Senator, I have come according to your request. What feature of the late campaign do you wish to discuss? Distinguished senator (with ponderous gravity)—I have sent for you, sir, to say that I positively refuse to be interviewed. Put that down—positively refuse. These public men that are always rushing into print in order to keep themselves before the public—got that down?—might take a lesson from the statesmanlike reticence of men who really know the causes that contributed to our late defeat, but who maintain a dignified reserve when approached by the thoughtless inquirer. Add something about my evident unwillingness to thrust my personality on the public, and let me see the article before you print it. Good day.—[Chicago Tribune.]

## Spitz Bros. &amp; Mork.

Unapproachable Bargains!

## THE "BANNER" WINTER OVERCOAT, \$10.

Is a blue Chinchilla Overcoat, single-breasted fly front, velvet collar, corded edge, substantial and well made, size 34 to 42, manufactured by us from new goods for this winter's wear, and equal in quality and price to garments sold everywhere at \$15.00.

## THE "BEDFORD" Cape Overcoat, \$12.00.

Is made from an All-Wool fabric, a neat dark stripe, single-breasted fly front, with an adjustable deep cape; sizes 33 to 40; very stylish and perfect in form, and shown for the first time today; considered a bargain at \$16. Our price only \$12.

## Bargains in Boys' Overcoats, \$3.50.

These Overcoats are usually sold at \$6.00; are all wool, lined with cassimere linings, in ages 4 to 14, made double-breasted, with muff pockets, and are warm and durable, and consider them the greatest value ever shown in this city. Parents seeking a reliable All-Wool Overcoat for school or play will examine and buy them now.

## Spitz Bros. &amp; Mork

Manufacturers, Wholesalers and Retailers, 508 Washington Street, 5 Bedford Street.

## Comer's Commercial College

Practical Business Preparation. Young men and women taught the "bread and butter" studies, and put in the way of earning their own living.

**NEW PUPILS ADMITTED DAILY.** Book-keeping, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Short-hand, and Type Writing, all taught by specialists. Each student receives individual instruction. Graduates aided to employment. No charge for use of text books. Special three months' course for advanced pupils. Day sessions; 2 evening sessions, 7 to 9. Upon trial this will be found a thoroughly satisfactory school. For terms and full particulars, address Comer's Commercial College, 666 Washington St., Boston.

## Great Bankrupt Sale

—OF—  
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,  
The Stock of Geo. A. Denham  
FOR 50 CENTS AN DOLLAR.  
Greatest Bargains in Boston at  
ESSEX BOOT & SHOE CO.

28 Essex St., Boston.  
Next door to "Globe Theatre." Leslie F. Keene, Proprietor.

**WANTED MAN** To take the agency of our safe, size 28x18x12, weight 50 lbs., retail price \$35; other sizes and weights proportionately. This is a permanent business. These safes meet a demand never before supplied by other safe companies, as we are not governed by the Safe Pool. Address: ALPINE SAFE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

## SHIRTS TO ORDER.

Have your shirts made to order. It is the best and the cheapest way. Shirts made by subscribers are

Comfortable, Serviceable and Stylish.

Never made so good shirts as at this time. Recent improvements add greatly to their value without any increase of price. Are doing finer work than ever before and filling orders with greater promptness.

Excellent shirts, \$1.50.  
Very Best Plain shirts, \$2.00.  
Finest Dress Shirts with Collar and Cuffs attached, \$2.25.

If not convenient to call at my office will meet customers at any place in Newton or Boston.

E. B. Blackwell,  
43 THORNTON STREET.

## ALL ORDERS

FOR THE  
Newton & Watertown Gas Light  
COMPANY

left either at the Gas Works or at their office, Bracy Street, Center street, near the Depot. Newton, will be promptly attended to.

WALDO A. LEARNED, Supt.

## West Newton Savings Bank

Incorporated 1887.  
West Newton, Mass.

AUSTIN R. MITCHELL, President.  
JAMES H. NICKERSON, Treasurer.  
ALFRED L. BARBOUR, Clerk.

Trustees—Austin R. Mitchell, Benj. F. Houghton, Dwight Chester, Edward L. Pickard, Prescott C. Brigham, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett, Alfred L. Barbour, Edward W. Cate, Adams K. Tolman, C. F. Eddy, Lyman K. Putney. Committee of Investment—Austin R. Mitchell, Edward L. Pickard, Dwight Chester, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett.  
Open for business daily, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.  
Deposits will commence drawing interest on the first days of January, April, July and October.

## CAMBRIDGE LAUNDRY.

NEWTON OFFICE.  
Summer's Block, opposite Newton National Bank. Work done well and promptly. Work taken Monday to 2 p.m., and returned Thursday night. Received after Monday and up to Thursday, returned on Saturday. Hollands and lace curtains a specialty.

## NEWTON LAUNDRY

J. FRED RICHARDSON.  
Thornton (formerly School) St., near Washington St., Newton.  
Best and Most Modern Improved Facilities for Laundering by Steam.  
Without injury to clothing of any description. Sent postal and team will call for and deliver work.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

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"THE FINEST IN THE WORLD."  
HUNT BROS., 34 Essex St., Boston.

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Slate, Copper, Tin and Gravel ROOFING.  
Special attention given to repairing.

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Nos. 20 and 22 East Street, BOSTON.  
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## FLORIDA PINE NEEDLE BEDDING,

is pleasant, comfortable, and durable, and you will be more than pleased with its use, whether as a medium for rest, or as a remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, INSOMNIA, NIGHT SWEATS, HAY FEVER, GENERAL DEBILITY, NERVOUSNESS, ETC.

ALWAYS DRY, SWEET, AND CLEAN.  
Ask your dealer for it, or call and see hundreds of testimonials in favor of our MATTRESSES, PILLOWS, and COMFORTERS.

## PINO PALMINE CO.,

No. 130 Commercial Street, Boston, Mass. 8 47

## GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1876. BAKER'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excellent Cocoa has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.  
Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

## Greenwood's FINISHING SCHOOL

OF  
**SHORTHAND**  
Through work of all systems studied and perfected with positions. Send for circular. First City Court Street, Boston, Mass.

## MILK! PURE MILK!

The undersigned is prepared to supply a few more families. I sell none except what is drawn from my own Jersey and grade cows, therefore know it is CLEAN and PURE. Reference is made to any one who has taken milk of me the last year.

Box 3, Newton, or to me at Waltham, Box 392

H. COLDWELL.

24-21

## CHURCHILL &amp; BEAN

TAILORS & IMPORTERS,  
503 Washington St.  
BOSTON.

We have obtained the services of MR. J. W. KNOWLES, of Newtonville, a Cutter of high standing.

G. F. CHURCHILL, Newtonville.  
J. H. BEAN, Dorchester.

## Francis Murdock &amp; Co.

Foreign & Domestic DRY GOODS,  
Fancy Goods,  
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishings.

OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS,  
RUGS, TRUNKS,  
TRAVELING BAGS, &c.

Agents for the American Steam Laundry Co.

## Bacon's New Block, Newton.

## Newton National Bank,

NEWTON, MASS.

BUSINESS HOURS:  
From 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.  
On Saturdays, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

JOSEPH N. BACON, President  
H. FRANKLIN BACON, Cashier.

## C. G. NEWCOMB, NEWTON &amp; BOSTON EXPRESS.

Leave Newton 9:30 a.m.; leave Boston 3 p.m.  
NEWTON ORDER BOXES: Newton City Market, Post Office. BOSTON OFFICES: 25 Merchants Row, 155 Congress street, 154 Franklin street. Post Office address, Box 420, Newton.

Personal Attention Given Orders.

## J. H. Nickerson,

West Newton, Mass.

## - Clothing -

Is now prepared to furnish your Winter Suits from the Latest Styles of Goods, made to order or ready made as you may desire.

Some Special Choice Patterns for WINTER OVERCOATS.

Call and see us before purchasing. We shall be glad to show you our goods.

November 1888.

## T. F. CLENNAN.

Carriage Trimming & Harness MAKING.

BLANKETS, ROBES, WHIPS, &c.  
Washington Street, Newton.

## U. G. MCQUEEN,

Carpenter and Builder,  
Washington Street, Newton.

Rear of Murray & Farrell's. Particular attention given to jobbing.

## Richard Rowe,

INSURANCE.

No. 3 Mason Building, Water Street, Boston.

Residence, Cabot street, Newtonville.

The six American and English companies represented by this agency, are among the largest, strongest and oldest doing business in the United States, the San Fire Office being the oldest purely fire insurance company in the world. The millions of dollars paid by these companies to the sufferers of the three great conflagrations of Portland, Chicago and Boston, fully attest to their strength, integrity and fair dealing. Sixty per cent. dividend paid on five year mutual policies.

## MASON &amp; HAMLIN

The cabinet organ was introduced in its present form by Mason & Hamlin in 1841. Other makers followed in the manufacture of these instruments, but the Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy as the best in the world. Mason & Hamlin offer, as demonstration of the unequalled excellence of their organs, the fact that at all of the great World's Exhibitions, since that of Paris, 1867, in which they were awarded the highest honors, they have been the highest rated and most popular of all the instruments exhibited.







## NEWTONVILLE.

Mr. Charles Lowell entertained friends from Boston at his residence this week.

There will be a stereopticon entertainment Saturday at 6.30 at the Congregational church.

Fire-alarm signal boxes have been placed in several of the rooms in the high school building.

Miss Kate Jones is back from Abbot Academy, Andover, spending her vacation with her mother.

There will be a Christmas Sunday school concert at the Universalist Church, Sunday evening at 6 o'clock.

Don't fail to go to Sullivan's before you complete your Christmas purchases. He has a large stock and low prices.

Hastings, the jeweler in Associates Block, has a fine line of clocks especially suited for holiday presents; there is a want of such should examine his assortment.

The Masonic services at the funeral of Mr. J. B. Lovett, Sunday afternoon, were under the direction of the blue lodge. The ceremonies were of a very impressive character.

It was expected that Rev. Mr. Bishop, formerly pastor of the Methodist Church, would officiate at the funeral of Mr. J. B. Lovett, but he was unable to be present at the services.

An important meeting of the society connected with the Central Congregational church will be held Saturday evening to consider questions relating to the building of a new church.

J. A. Harkins has been appointed a member of the committee representing the classes of the English department, Boston college, to make arrangements for a reunion to take place before the Christmas holidays.

Sermon to the children at the Congregational church next Sunday morning. Singing by double quartet. Singing at evening service by choir. An Ambrosian church, consisting of the Amphion quartet and two young ladies.

Mr. Henry Ross, superintendent of the cemetery, has suffered a great deal from the effects of two carbuncles on his neck, which have confined him to the house for some weeks. He is now better, and expects soon to be out again.

Miss True, who has been serving very acceptably as substitute in the Claffin school, has been obliged to return home on account of illness in the family. Her place is filled by Miss Mary M. Morse of Newton Centre, a graduate of the Quincy Training school.

Mr. Bassett of cycle fame attended the annual dinner of the Rovers' Cycle club in Young's hotel last Friday evening, and responded to the toast, "The female annex, or the fair on wheels." He also read an original poem which spoke of the hoopskirt safety.

Longer's ice cart was upset on Walnut street last Friday evening, the driver frightened and running a short distance. The wagon was completely overturned, but no damage resulted aside from a broken cross bar on the wagon pole. The harnesses were old and fortunately the driver's leather straps, freeing the horses, thus preventing, perhaps, more serious consequences.

There will be a special Christmas service in the Congregational church next Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock. A fine program has been prepared. The Amphion male quartet, Mr. W. T. Rice, 1st tenor; Mr. A. W. Ashenden, 2d tenor; Mr. J. W. Davis, 1st bass; and Mr. C. B. Ashenden, 2d bass, will render selections. Solos will be rendered by Miss Hollingsworth and Miss Fogwill.

The Sunday school connected with the Central Congregational church will have their Christmas entertainment Saturday evening of this week at 5.45 o'clock. There will be a stereopticon exhibition under the charge of Black, and other features of interest. It is hoped every one connected with the school will be present. Doors open at 5.30 p.m.

A sociable under the auspices of Charles Ward Post 62 was held in G. A. R. hall, last evening. Comrade George M. Fiske gave an illustrated lecture describing the engagements of the battle of Gettysburg to surrender of Gen. Lee at Appomattox to Court House. Comrade Galt gave some interesting reminiscences and the usual social features were enjoyed. The banquet hall was filled with an oyster supper in the banquet hall.

Norumbega tribe, Improved Order of Red Men, elected the following officers at a meeting held Wednesday evening: W. S. Slocom, sachem; Frank Clark, S. S.; C. E. Davis, J. S.; George Mead, prophet; G. O. Brock, chief of records; William Pearson, assistant chief of records; J. V. Sullivan, keeper of wampum. The chiefs will be raised to their respective stations by District Deputy Whitman, Wednesday evening, Jan. 8. The adoption degree will be conferred upon several candidates and a collection served.

Last week Wednesday, Officer Bosworth put out a fire in Mr. Noye's lawn, Bowers street, supposed to have caught from sparks from a passing train. It seems that the fire was set by boys whose average age was only 7 years, and who made a second attempt to fire the building Saturday last. The girl saw them and put the fire out. The boys were apparently very penitent and made good promises for the future. They are now on probation but will be watched narrowly.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Huntington were tendered a surprise party Wednesday evening at their residence, corner of Beach and Washington street, upon the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage. Quite a large number of ladies and gentlemen were present, including relatives and numerous friends. The couple were the recipients of many useful and valuable presents, including a large, ornate duplex lamp, a silver burner, elegant rug and other articles. The speech of presentation was made by Mrs. S. R. Symonds, W. P. Arthur, R. C. C. E. Mrs. E. A. Lindsey, F. K. R.; H. P. Brainerd, treasurer; J. A. Symonds, W. H.; H. E. Shepherd, W. I. G.; H. P. Lewis, W. O. G.; H. P. Barber, S. M. Tourtellot and J. A. Symonds, trustees; representative to grand commandery, R. M. Lindsey; alternate, J. A. Symonds. The lodge is in a flourishing condition.

The board of health met in the aldermen's room Tuesday afternoon. W. H. Mague's bill for extra allowance, on motion of Dr. Frisbie, was laid on the table. Agent French and City Engineer Noyes reported in relation to standing water in the easterly end of Court street, and the board voted to instruct its clerk to notify the owner of the land to fill up the place and abate the nuisance at once. Mr. Mc Namara was granted further time to remove his stock to his barn on Faxon street. The board voted to allow Mr. Galvin to temporarily use a wash-vault, until such time as it failed to work satisfactorily when he would be compelled to put said vault in sanitary condition. Alderman Nickerson reported in regard to the Winthrop avenue drain, recommending the appropriation of cost at one-half for the city and the abutters. It was voted to send a communication to the city council requesting the construction of said drain.

## WEST NEWTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Kimball are receiving congratulations. It is a boy.

Mr. John Atkinson is quite seriously ill at his residence on Washington street.

District Deputy L. E. Green and Mr. Charles D. Cabot of Newtonville, dictator of Union lodge, Boston, were among visit-

ors at the anniversary of Garden City lodge, Tuesday evening.

Rev. J. C. Jaynes preached an interesting sermon in the Unitarian church last Sunday morning.

Newton lodge, I. O. O. F., conferred the third degree upon two candidates from Suffolk lodge, Boston, last evening.

Mrs. Alpheus E. Trowbridge has been elected accountant of the sisterhood branch of the Iron Hall, in place of Miss Annie Lewis, resigned.

A social meeting of the Newton Musical Association was held last Friday evening at the residence of Mr. Albert Metcalf, Highland avenue.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Unitarian church met with the Newton Centre society in the Unitarian church parlors, Wednesday afternoon.

The new house of Mr. Day, corner Berkeley and Prince street, was entered by sneak thieves recently and a number of carpets were stolen.

The record for the week includes 14 cases, 6 drunks, one violation of the honor law, 2 evasions of car fare, 2 disturbances, 2 interferences with officers.

Mr. Arthur R. Coe has completed his eighth year of service as keeper of the Newton Crescent commandery, United Order of the Golden Cross.

At a recent meeting of Crescent commandery, U. O. G. C., an interesting paper upon banking was delivered by the noble commander, Mr. C. C. Patten, cashier of the old Boston bank.

The police court Monday afternoon, 13 cases were disposed of, including drunks, 2 disturbances, 2 evasions of car fare, 1 liquor nuisance, 1 interference with an officer and 1 assault and battery.

Rev. Nicholas P. Gilman preached in the Unitarian church last Sunday morning and delivered a very impressive and interesting discourse. Rev. Mr. Jaynes preached in the church of the Disciples, Boston.

The meeting of the Woman's Educational club last Friday afternoon in the Unitarian church parlors was quite largely attended. The subject for discussion was "Egypt under Ptolemies," and an interesting paper was delivered by Miss Sophia Townsend.

St. Bernard's Sunday School choir are preparing the operetta of "Golden Hair and the Three Bears," which they intend to present in City Hall, on Friday evening, Dec. 28. They are under the direction of Miss Ginevra of Auburndale, and Miss Fitch of West Newton.

The West Newton Baptist Sunday school will hold a Christmas concert next Sunday evening at 6 o'clock. A choir of children from the Baldwin's Place Home for Little Wanderers in Boston will be present and render some choice selections of music.

Messrs. E. W. Bailey, Fred P. Burgess, Charles H. Stacy, George F. Williams and Frank E. Hunter constituted the committee of arrangements upon the occasion of the tenth anniversary of Garden City lodge, K. of H., Tuesday evening. An account of the exercises will be found in another column.

Mr. Chandler Seaver, Jr., has just issued a book called "Newton Illustrated," containing views of many of the important public buildings and places of interest. Pictures are given of Lasell Seminary, Echo bridge, Newton boat house, Crystal lake, Pumping station, bird's eye view of Newton Lower Falls, City Hall, Baptist church, Newton Centre, and other points of interest.

The following were elected officers of St. Bernard's court, No. 44, M. C. O. E. last Monday evening: M. J. Duane, C. R.; M. C. McCarthy, V. C. R.; T. C. Donovan, R. S.; J. W. Gave, F. S.; J. H. Dolan, treasurer; J. A. Gave, S. C.; D. C. Barry, J. C.; M. C. Nagle, I. S.; J. Cain, O. S.; M. J. Duane, J. Hargrove, M. C. Martin, trustees.

The first in a series of "Wednesday night" gymnastics was given in the City Hall, Wednesday evening. The matrons were Mrs. Arthur F. Luke and Mrs. Charles A. Potter, and the managers, Mr. Melville A. Nichols and Mr. Francis Newhall. A pleasant company of society people was present, and the occasion was much enjoyed. Similar parties will be held Jan. 9 and 23, Feb. 6 and 20 and March 6.

Met with a very unfortunate accident last Friday, from which she received serious injuries. In going down cellar, she stepped on a pet cat, and while trying to avoid injuring the animal lost her balance and fell the whole length, breaking her collarbone and severely bruising one knee. The shock was a severe one, and she has since been quite seriously ill. The news of the accident has been received with great regret by her many friends here.

The following officers have been elected and installed by D. S. J. F. H. Adams Sisterhood Branch Order of the Iron Hall at West Newton: Junior past chief justice, Abbie H. Nettleton; chief justice, Susan D. Crockett; vice justice, Annie G. Stacy; accountant, Susan W. Trowbridge; cashier, Carrie J. Glover; adjuster, Achsah P. White; prelate, Olive F. Nay; herald, Lucy S. Sanger; warden, Rebecca M. Linnell; vidette, Eva M. Allen; Emma R. Waters, Mary J. Langley, Hannah M. Lucas, trustees; Fred E. Crockett, M. D., medical examiner.

Alton Cunningham was pretty badly injured Wednesday evening while driving out from Boston in Mr. F. M. Dutch's market wagon. He collided with one of the electric light poles while passing through Brighton, was thrown out and badly hurt. The horse was uninjured but the team suffered serious damage, both axles being more or less damaged. Cunningham, it is said, had been limping for some time, and in his hurry to get home, abused the horse and drove at a rapid speed with the final result alluded to. He has since been confined to the house and may lose the sight of one eye.

At a meeting of Crescent commandery, U. O. G. C., held in Knights of Honor hall, Monday evening, the following officers were elected: C. C. Patten, N. C.; Mrs. C. E. Symonds, V. C.; Miss S. R. Symonds, W. P.; Arthur R. Coe, N. K. R.; Mrs. E. A. Lindsey, F. K. R.; H. P. Brainerd, treasurer; J. A. Symonds, W. H.; H. E. Shepherd, W. I. G.; H. P. Lewis, W. O. G.; H. P. Barber, S. M. Tourtellot and J. A. Symonds, trustees; representative to grand commandery, R. M. Lindsey; alternate, J. A. Symonds. The lodge is in a flourishing condition.

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## AUBURNDALE.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lee are receiving congratulations. It is a girl.

The friends of Miss Julia Cole will be pleased to hear that she is recovering.

A meeting of the Women's Board of Missions Auxiliary was held at the mission-

ary home, Wednesday afternoon. Letters were read from India, Japan, Turkey and Africa.

Rev. Mr. Cutler and Rev. Mr. Knox exchange pulpits last Sunday morning.

Mrs. Rand, a missionary from Micronesia Island, is stopping at the missionary home.

Miss Corn Stewart of Wellesley college and Geo. Stewart of Amherst are at home for the holidays.

Mr. Phillip Butler is arranging for a musical at his home, Woodland avenue, after the holidays.

On the night of Nov. 4, the house of the Boston Canoe Club at Riverside was broken into, and a number of solid silver spoons, knives and forks, three Winchester rifles, two terra cotta plush sofa pillows filled with elder down, a black and white flannel rowing suit, six silver butter plates, a brown coat and vest, a russet-colored seal skin hand bag and other articles, were stolen. Monday afternoon, Special Officer Fryder of division 1, Boston police department, recovered the goods mentioned, and arrested Thomas Kiley, charged with the theft.

The third annual dinner of the Boston Press Club was enjoyed at the Parker House, Boston, Saturday evening last. President Stephen O'Meara of the Boston Journal made a brief speech at the conclusion of the material festivities and alluded to the loss by death of two members, Col. Royal M. Pulsifer and Mr. Edward Carrihan. Col. Pulsifer said Mr. O'Meara was at my side during the whole of the dinner a year ago. His death will be sincerely mourned by all newspaper men who appreciated his great worth and excellencies of character.

## Lasell Notes.

Mr. Geo. Bragdon of Pueblo, Col., was the guest of his brother, the Principal, during the week.

Miss Thresher, Miss Waterhouse and Miss Thomas, all old girls, were guests at the seminary during the week.

Miss Elizabeth Eddy of New Bedford, one of last year's graduates, was the over-Sunday guest of her Alma Mater.

The usual Christmas recess began at noon on Wednesday and will continue for two weeks. Most of the young women have returned to their homes, but about 20 will remain at the seminary for the holidays.

The usual term musical rehearsal given by the pupils in the Lasell gymnasium on Monday evening was attended by a fair-sized audience, considering the extremely unfavorable weather. The program was well carried out in every particular. The vocal department, under the charge of Mr. J. Walter Davis, was well represented, the enunciation and phrasing being especially notable. Two choruses, one with violin obligato by Miss Schumert, were beautifully rendered, adding much to the enjoyment of the evening. The Getherella quartet, which an audience is always delighted to hear, won first honors for itself by its charming rendering of Estudiantina. Several pianoforte solos, together with two eight-hand selections, were given in a most finished manner, reflecting great credit upon the pianoforte instructor, and Miss Oliver's Tarantelle was played with feeling. As a whole the concert was a most artistic one.

The fair and broom drill given by the young misses of Auburndale in the Lasell gymnasium for the benefit of the West Newton home in Newton, proved a great success. It was opened at 6.30 o'clock on Tuesday evening, and was, on this evening, for the Lasell girls, the most successful of the year. The program was a most artistic one. The Lasell girls, in their prettily hung in red, white and blue, and two booths, artistically arranged, wherein were many fancy and useful articles for sale, proved a great attraction. At 8 o'clock the broom drill was given, and afterwards, at 8.15, refreshments were served in the lecture room by the fair battalion. Sixty-one dollars were the proceeds of the evening. The Lasell girls, in their prettily hung in red, white and blue, and two booths, artistically arranged, wherein were many fancy and useful articles for sale, proved a great attraction. At 8 o'clock the broom drill was given, and afterwards, at 8.15, refreshments were served in the lecture room by the fair battalion. Sixty-one dollars were the proceeds of the evening.

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## The Monday Evening Concert.

To the Editor of the GRAPHIC.

In many respects the Musical Rehearsal at Lasell seminary on last Monday evening was one of the very best ever given at this "home of music." The selections were in excellent taste, the renderings were sympathetic and artistic to a degree unusual for pupils, but while the enunciation of many of the singers was excellent that of others was noticeably defective. Miss Hollingsworth has improved remarkably this year, and her voice is a real pleasure to hear her sing, almost every word being easily distinguished. Miss Gale also spoke distinctly. The charming rendering of Eschschia, by Miss Belle Barlow, Lillian Hall, Morna Furness, Fannie Brush, Helen Danforth, Bessie Bosworth, Ada Hastings, Helen Noyes, Anna Stewart, Marian Morgan and Florence Bourne. Although the number was larger the cash proceeds of the second evening were about the same as on the "Lasell" night.

## The Newton Cottage Hospital.

The Treasurer acknowledges the following sums received from 22 churches of the City of Newton on account of Hospital Sunday in aid of this institution.

Previously acknowledged, \$1490.95  
Unitarian Society, West Newton, 109.25  
Congregational Society, Auburndale, additional, 12.75  
New Church Society, Newtonville, 100.00  
Methodist Church, Newtonville, 20.00  
St. Mary's Church, Upper Falls, 103.00  
Total, \$1905.95  
GEO. S. BULLENS, Treas.  
NEWTON, Dec. 20, 1888.

## Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

The meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, last Sunday, was of a social character and was led by Mr. Ball, his subject being Two Pictures. He dwelt chiefly on the Bright One, relating to the future Home of the Faithful. Many interesting testimonies were given and the meeting was thoughtful and impressive. The large audience present indicates an increasing interest in these meetings. Next Sabbath it is expected that the Rev. Wolcott Calkins will make the address, and special music will be very appropriate to Christmas.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS in the greatest profusion, both ornamental and useful, suitable to all tastes and pockets, can be found at Morey, Churchill & Morey's, 155 Friend street, Boston.

## GARDEN CITY LODGE, K. OF H.

ITS TENTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED WITH APPROPRIATE EXERCISES.

The tenth anniversary of Garden City lodge, K. of H., was appropriately celebrated in Knights of Honor hall, West Newton, Tuesday evening. The exercises consisted of singing by the Amphion male quartet, readings, humorous and pathetic, by Miss M. W. Laughton and Mr. George M. Fiske, cornet solos by Mr. Arthur S. Plummer and xylophone solos by Mr. Fred H. Hobart. The program was much enjoyed and frequent encores testified the appreciation of those present. At the conclusion of the musical and literary entertainment, an elegant supper was served by Caterer Dill of Waltham, 100 ladies and gentlemen being seated at the tables arranged in the lodge room. After the good things had been fully discussed, Mr. E. W. Bailey, the reporter of the lodge, gave an interesting account of its work during the past ten years. He said:

"This lodge owes its existence to the efforts of George S. Sherman and George F. Williams who were at that time mem-

bers of Elliot, 628. Through their zeal, a petition for a lodge of the K. of H. in West Newton was granted and the lodge instituted with 33 members, George S. Sherman being its first dictator.

During these years 48 more have been admitted making a total of 81 names on the roll book; of these 81 gentlemen, 56 remain in active membership to-day.

Six of our number have been summoned before the Supreme Dictator, there to render an account of their stewardship. Their names are A. W. Whitney, C. E. Thompson, C. S. Phillips, G. H. Harpin, F. H. Robertson and F. B. Cotting.

Even have been suspended, four withdrawn and four have taken their card to other lodges. We have paid up to Dec. 1 into the W. & O. B. fund of the Supreme lodge \$10,801.70 and have drawn from the surplus lodge treasury the sum of \$12,000, to pay the widows and orphans of our deceased brothers, showing as far as this lodge is concerned, an over credit of \$1168.20.

We have paid out from the general fund almost \$900 to aid our brothers in sickness and distress. The last care of relief being Brother Cotting, when after paying the limit provided by law, this lodge paid his assessments and dues for six months, until his death in August last, thus showing that there is a fraternity amongst its members.

Brothers Sherman, Cotting, Hunt, French, Hastings, Noyes, E. W. Bailey, Wiswall, Hunter and George Bailey have severally been called to preside over this lodge and guide its affairs.

In the choice of officers who have charge of the books and monies of this lodge, this lodge has been exceptionally fortunate, for not a dollar that you have paid in to the W. & O. B. fund or general fund has been lost, nor has this lodge been suspended through any fault of theirs. The first reporter was I. H. Houghton, who filled the office for two nights only, when Brother Cotting was elected to that position which he so ably filled, with the exception of one year when Brother Williams was reporter. Until sickness prevented further service in August, 1887. Of its financial reporters, Brother Ashenden was the first, serving for six months, when the present financial reporter, Brother Stacy, was elected, and has held the office to this day. Its treasurer, Brother John H. Stewart, has filled the position from the start and I know I express the wish of the brothers that all lodges might be as fortunate as we have been in the choice of a treasurer.

The first trustees of this lodge were Brothers Thorndike, French and Hunter and through their efforts this hall and its furnishings were obtained. Brothers French and Hunter have served continuously as your trustees, assisted by Brothers Noyes and Wiswall.

## 200TH ANNIVERSARY.

THE PROGRAM OF EXERCISES AT THE CELEBRATION.

Celebration of the 200th anniversary of the incorporation of Newton, at City Hall, West Newton, Thursday afternoon, December 27, 1888, at 2.30 o'clock. The public is invited to attend.

## Programme.

Musical, Germania Band  
Invocation, Rev. Daniel L. Furber, D. D.  
Music.  
Introductory Address, Hon. J. Wesley Kimball, Mayor.  
Address, His Excellency, the Governor, Oliver Ames.  
Address, Hon. Alexander H. Rice.  
Address, Hon. Leverett Saltonstall.  
Poem, Rev. S. F. Smith, D. D.  
Address, Hon. James F. C. Hyde.  
Address, Hon. William B. Fowle.  
Address, Otis Pettie, Esq.  
Address, Hon. Julius L. Clarke.  
Singing by Audience.  
Benediction, Rev. George W. Shinn, D. D.

In the evening, dinner at Woodland Park hotel, at 6.30. Tickets to dinner \$2.50 each, to be obtained of the committee and of the city clerk.

J. WESLEY KIMBALL, Mayor.  
GEORGE PETTIE, Alder-  
EDWIN O. CHILDS, men.  
JOHN WARD,  
HEMAN M. BURR,  
EPHRAIM S. HAMBLEY, Council  
FRANK J. HALE, men.  
LAWRENCE BOND,  
Committee of the City Government.

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## A Long Felt Want Supplied.

I will guarantee to cure the worst case of corns and bunions on any Lady's feet who will wear my

## CUSTOM MADE

## Kangaroo Skin Boots.

They are soft, fine, and look handsome. They will wear longer than anything else known; they will keep their shape and turn water. I do not send the measure to the factory to be made up, but make them myself. I will guarantee a perfect fitting and comfortable boot no matter in what shape the feet may be.

Best Kangaroo, Flexible Bottom, no squeak, \$6.50. Dongola, Flexible bottom, no squeak.

## A. L. RHYND,

Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes and Rubbers Custom work a specialty.

Hyde's Block, Centre and Washington Sts., NEWTON.

## BY STEAMSHIP ROMAN

Which arrived on Saturday, we have a large invoice from the Worcester Royal Pottery, consisting of Bullion Cup and Saucers, of new designs, which will be seen this week on Main Floor.

On the Entresol Floor will be found a choice display of

## TETE-A-TETE SETS.

## FIVE O'CLOCK TEA SETS,

## AFTER DINNER COFFEE SETS.

## BREAKFAST SETS,

## FINE DINNER SETS, and

## SINGLE DOZENS OF RICH PLATES

On the Glass-Room Floor (reached by elevator) will be found Rich Cut Crystal Glass Pieces, of the most skillful cutting on the clearest crystal.

The display in the Art Pottery Rooms of the choicest Decorated Pieces, adapted to Christmas gifts, includes a display of Willett's American Artistic China Pieces.

We offer a larger and choicer variety of Dinner Sets and Course Sets, particularly of the finer grades, than ever before, recently landed from Minton, Wedgewood, Worcester Royal and Canton.

In our Lamp Department is an unexcelled stock of the Rochester, (central air draft) Lamps and the English Duplex, in the tall piano Extension Lamps and in Fine Table Lamps.

We invite the attention of families wanting a new table service—a handsome modern Dinner Set being one of the seasonable gifts.

## INSPECTION INVITED.

## Jones, McDuffee &amp; Stratton,

(SEVEN FLOORS)  
51 to 59 Federal and 120 Franklin Sts., Boston

## NEWTONVILLE DIRECTORY

## CHRISTMAS GIFTS

—AT—  
Charles H. Tainter's,  
Newtonville News Depot.  
A Full line of  
Novelties in Fancy Goods  
at Boston Prices.  
Suitable for Christmas and New Year's gifts.  
Goods all new and desirable. Inspection invited.

## JOHN F. PAYNE,

Associate Block, - Newtonville,  
REGISTERED PHARMACIST.  
SUNDAY HOURS—8 to 10.35 a. m., 12 to 2 and 4 to 9 p. m.

## JENNIE S. CLAPP, M. D.



## HARLAKENDEN'S CHRISTMAS.

(Thomas Wentworth Higginson in the Independent.)

[One of the best known traditions of our Atlantic coast is that of the "Palatine" people, who came to this country in 1720, on a ship bearing emigrants from the German Palatinate. The light is reported as appearing at irregular intervals for more than a century, and was last seen in 1832. Its appearance is minutely described by an eye witness, a resident physician, who here it December 20, 1810. See Sherman's "Block Island," p. 42.]

Roger Harlakenden climbed the hill  
Where no other fisherman dared to go;  
The east wind was blowing, bitter and chill,  
Sheer was the cliff and the footing slow;  
Handgrip on rock and knee on the sod,  
At last on the headland's height he stood.

In the days of the pirates three footpaths led  
To that dizzy cliff; but now there was none  
Save for the fox, the goat and the bird.  
One path o'er the seaweeds green and red;  
From high-water mark to the cave-mouth, one;  
And thence o'er the Pirate's hill, the third.

Roger Harlakenden threw him down,  
Breathless at last on the thin, dry grass;  
He could see his dory that glided brown,  
He could see the men and the women pass  
Tending the fish-draws from the cave-door,  
And then he looked off to the ocean floor.

Like a land-locked whale in sight of the sea  
The life of the twelfth-month was spread;  
Peaceful contentment of heart and head  
Since the Lord had found him from sin set free.  
Yet sometimes the thought of his wilder years  
Rushed back upon him, seeming with fire,  
Wicked joys and delusions of the night,  
And then he climbed to the Pirate's hill.

Was it worth the strength of a man like him  
To dwell by the bay, with a calm sweet wife,  
No stir in the blood, no peril of limb,  
No wild, fierce joy of the calling life?  
Just to clean the boat and to haul the seines,  
To cook the fish by the drift-wood fire,  
To play with his boy through the winter rains,  
And on Sunday with his wife in the choir?

Straight from the far horizon's line  
The east wind blew the smell of the brine  
Banished the months of weary peace,  
And made this desolate torpor cease;  
It was almost sunset, there was the sea;  
Only a night's hard pull, and he  
With his dory made fast to a whale-ship side  
Could rock once more on the ocean wide.

What to him the fare of the men?  
The ruler the better, he held his own  
Still with the roughest, God! how he longed  
To be once more where the sailors thronged  
Or the old-time wreckers might shout again  
On some cruel life of the middle zone.

Seal with the sunset came once more  
The Palatine light, the ship on fire,  
Each generation, son and sire,  
Had watched it gleam, since the current bore  
The fated ship to a merciless wreck  
With the crew in sight on the blazing deck.

There was the phantom now, the flame  
Climbed stay and yard to pennon-staff:  
There was no more of the old nor shame  
In Roger Harlakenden's bitter laugh.  
"Let it burn!" he said. "Let the ocean roar!  
I have looked on burnings before."

"I will watch that light with a steady eye  
From this mound till the sun goes down,  
If it lasts till the last red sunbeam,  
I will be quit this night of the cursed town."  
Then he tried to think of his wife and child,  
But his lips grew stern, and the wind was wild.

Suddenly met him the startled face  
Of a boy who had climbed to that dizzy place,  
Half-triumphant and yet half-scared,  
But daring whatever he felt or dared.  
The fisherman trembled, but made no sign,  
Terror next to that young voice rang:—"Father!"

He clasped the child in his strong embrace,  
He thrust back the curls from the rosy face,  
Then faded the last bright beam of day,  
And soft from the ocean swells  
Came the sweet far sound of the Christmas bells.

Never since then the horizon line  
Has gleamed with the wrath of the Palatine.

## "WANTED,"

A SOPRANO FOR A SUPPLIED CHOIR.

BY ADA MARY TROTTER.

Herr Furst, organist of one of the largest churches in New York, was responsible for this advertisement, which appeared, week-by-week, in the papers, with the immediate result of continual intrusion on his time by "would-be" choirists.

Herr Furst was a composer of church music, as well as a musician. Part of him belonged to this earth, the other part dwelt remote—as far from mundane affairs as the very stars. Only when seated at his organ was he to be found with undivided powers, and people said of him, that as a musician "he was colossal." Perhaps they were not far wrong in thus defining his skill.

In the routine of his daily life he made use of the crossing near his church, which appeared to belong to a small boy with a broom, and a rough lad of some sixteen years, who piled his trade of blacking boots near by. The Professor fell into the habit of employing the latter.

Perhaps the vigorous friction applied to his tender, enormous feet, brought the Professor down from the clouds whenever the boot-brushing took place, sufficed it was to say, that ere long he had learned that the boys were orphans, not related to one another, yet bound by love in a bond, "closer than brothers."

The Professor, as part of his routine, now roused himself whenever he approached the crossing. The friendly lads appealed to an unoccupied corner of his heart, which was full of love for his fellow-men, the small drafts had as yet been made upon it. But the boys remained unconscious of his interest, rather dreading his daily visits, for he looked very fierce, with his whiskers and beard besides which his short-sighted eyes had a way of glaring through the necessary spectacles, which was apt to strike terror to the hearts of young people. So Pat, whistling cheerily as he brushed away, answered the old man's questions briefly, while Heinrich kept ever at a respectable distance from those terrible spectacles.

Yet those shortsighted eyes read much of the story of these friendly lads, perceived the quality of the love which bound them together, the clinging of the younger, the strong protection of older boys. A passing policeman supplied some small details, at the musician's request.

"Pat, he took up with him when the child's mother died, kept the boys from putting on him. 'Pat's innocent,' they called him now, but they can't do no worse by him, for Pat, he'll fight like a lion for the little feller. Pat's a lad lot too, I'm afraid; but Heinrich don't know it. You see he ain't a bit like the rest of 'em, he's a regular dreamer. Pat says his head's just full of—"

"Good-morning, Herr Furst."

The policeman passed on while the

Professor stood button-holed by his friend. An untoward meeting for the interests of the boy; since it prevented the utterance of the one word, which would have secured the active interest of the good man in their welfare. He unfortunately carried away the impression that Heinrich was not quite sane, while his protector was certainly a rough lad of ill-repute.

Heinrich's ancestors, German peasants, had all been singers. Musical genius added to the lovely voice was the child's rich inheritance. He dreamed by day and by night of music, and swept his crossing to the grand rhythm of invisible orchestras. The noise of the streets could not drown the harmonies that filled the dreamer's soul. He haunted the vicinity of concert rooms, and, with Pat's assistance, managed to hear some of the best music performed in New York. Not a musical party ever given within a radius of miles, but Pat by some means hearing of it, would take his little dreamer to the street. He rejoiced to see the enrapt look of happiness on the child's face, but, alas! he was not there wholly for his sake. Fine singers always draw a crowd of listeners, and Pat did not realize that his fingers had no business in the pockets of passers-by. Heinrich did not know either that the "fiddle," which Pat had given him, was a treasure still advertised by its distracted owner. To him this rough, rude lad, was all in all; he loved him for all his own, nothing but the noble and the good in him.

Pat more than returned his love, and proud of the child's gifts, guarded them jealously. "Fiddle" and voice were kept for the miserable cellar he called home. Pat decided his "innocent" should be all his own. Had he allowed him to sing in the streets some one would have carried him off for the sake of his beautiful voice. A bad lot of boys shared this cellar home, but Heinrich, absorbed in his music, enchanted with his violin, saw nothing, heard nothing, knew nothing of his innocent soul. He did not know how often oaths were restrained because of his presence there; had he but realized his power over Pat, or known that the boy was a thief, he might have persuaded him to shun the company that excited him to the deeds of crime. Any restraining influence he exerted was purely unconscious. Pat was the better boy at any rate for little Heinrich's love and faith, the very first influence for good that had lightened his path.

Something of this the policeman had begun to explain to the worthy Professor, but the untoward interruption prevented him from doing so, and the good man went his way, still ignorant that the voice he was advertising for, and the genius to make use of it, lay in the possession of the frail child who daily swept the mud and the slush from the crossing.

One day, when the worthy Professor came down from the clouds to look for the lads at the corner, he missed the accustomed sight of two happy faces. There was no merry, whistling Pat; there was no busy broom piled before his huge feet. He paused a little troubled, and the policeman, passing, shook his head.

"It's a bad business," he said, curtly. "Pat's been took up for thieving. He's been let off easier than was to be expected, because of his 'innocent.'"

"Heinrich, you mean?"

The man nodded.

"Think of that timid child facing the Judge, broom and all, bold as brass, asking to be allowed to tell all about Pat. They thought he was going to witness against him; but it's surprisin', sir, how that rough fellow kept his crooked ways out of the child's sight."

"So they let him speak?"

"Well, yes! Judge King, the philanthropist, was hearing the case, and he let the little fellow tell his story straight forward. Pat, he told the child to 'set up' when he was talking about his goodness, but I seen him crying before he's done. The Judge, he gave him a couple of years in the Reformatory, and he addressed him quite kind, said he was bound to grow up noble as his 'innocent' believed him to be."

"I suppose he was really guilty?"

"Oh, yes; there was a lot of things proved against him."

"What will Heinrich do without him?"

"That's more than I know, sir."

The Professor went his way with an uncomfortable ache in his large heart. He had no children of his own, and he had such a cosy home. There would be room for a little lonely child. Perhaps if he told his kindly wife the story, she might wish to defend the desolate child. He hardly liked to pick up the little crossing-sweeper and take him home, without advising with her first. So that evening, he began in his ponderous, blundering way to tell the pitiful story. His wife scarcely listened for her heart was full of other things, which she must get done by Christmas day. She was shocked, however, that Pat should turn out to be a thief.

The Professor found himself avoiding that crossing. He dreaded the return of that heart-ache which must be inevitable should he see the child, grieving for his lost comrade. But the force of habit was very strong, and the absent-minded musician awoke from some transcendental dream to find his feet half-way across the very street he meant to avoid. Here, too, was the child, famished for love more than for food, the contented, happy smile chased away, and replaced by a worn and hunted expression, while his sad blue eyes looked faded with continual weeping. The old man's heart reproached him for his indifference, by a sharp twinge. He hunted in his pockets for a quarter and as he passed the boy, laid his kind hand on his fair curls.

"Ach Gott, it is a cruel world for the friendless," said he, as he walked on, as if to excuse this lavish gift to his economical soul.

Heinrich, quarter in hand, stood staring after the fierce-looking old man. He forgot that he had hitherto feared him, now with the remembrance of that kindly touch on his head. The temptation to be near one who had shown so much care for him became an irresistible temptation. Broom in hand the desolate child hurried along in the good man's shadow.

Herr Furst was preoccupied, and did not observe that he was followed. He was in a great dilemma, for the soprano he wanted was by no means to be found. He could no longer depend on the voice of his best boy as it had begun to crack, and the telling notes in alt, which made the solo for the Christmas Anthem he had composed for his choir, so transcendently beautiful, must be left to the imagination of the hearers, for his leading soprano could only reach the notes occasionally, and the Professor dared not permit him to risk failure during the Christmas service.

The boys of his surprised choir, by

their general incapacity, drove the master to the verge of frenzy. He had not a serene temper and perhaps they enjoyed his childlike ebullitions of temper. Poor Professor! No wonder he was preoccupied as he went slowly toward the church. If he had only turned around, and permitted his kind heart to follow its desires with regard to the little lonely child, he would have found his jewel, and how many hours of anxiety would have been spared them both. But it was not to be. The Professor entered the church, little Heinrich following. He went up to the choir awaiting him. The child hid himself at the far end of the gallery, a small object invisible among the shadows.

Then the organ pealed forth; the boys began to sing. The Professor required a degree of perfection which was not appreciated by the choirists, who were apt to perform their parts in perfunctory style. Again and again were the phrases repeated, until the little musician in the shadows found himself singing them over softly in his hiding-place. Then came the solo. The leading soprano did his best, but alas! for the exquisite notes in alt. Crack went the willing voice. The Professor sat down almost in tears. The assistant organist dreamily went on playing; he began the solo again this time with the *Vox humana*.

Presently the church was flooded with melody. Clear, ringing tones caught the chords with exquisite delicacy, soared up and sustained the C in alt as tho from pure delight at reaching the heights, and then burst forth in spontaneous song, like the lark in the meadow-lands. Dead silence fell upon the church; the choirists stood open-mouthed, their fastidious ears with their terror. The Professor, lost in a dream of bliss, scarcely noted that the eyes of all were directed to him.

"It is a miracle," sighed the organist. "Herr Furst, an angel has been sent to gratify your longing to hear your exquisite theme."

"An angel!" cried the Professor, with sudden awakening. "Nein! nein! no angel. A boy, a boy! It is an untalented voice, but pure and sweet. It is my soprano, at last. Come forth, my child. Come, that I may embrace thee."

There was no answer. He called again with *pon erou*, voice, and again, but there was no answer. Then, at a sign from the organist, the choirists scattered like hounds on the track. But, thorough as was the search, it proved unavailing. The mysterious singer had disappeared.

In truth, little Heinrich, terrified on of his small wits by his own boldness, had flitted out of the church, before the Professor had recovered from his surprise. He was standing at his crossing, broom in hand, as the gem of the choir surrounding the master passed by. They were too much absorbed to observe the pitiful little face.

"I would give fifty dollars to have the boy in my hands this minute," said Herr Furst with so much energy that Heinrich fled, trembling, thinking that the old man wanted to punish his intrusion.

Next day he was still more frightened, for Herr Furst called the policeman as he hurried the street.

"I'm afraid I can't help you, sir. Its like looking for a needle in a haystack. But I'll keep my ears open, and if a boy but twitters, you shall have him, I promise you."

"Fifty dollars if you bring me the right boy," cried the eager Professor, as he passed on.

Heinrich hid himself whenever the Professor came in sight. Meantime that good man as Christmas drew near, lost his time and his temper over the choirists, and became morose to his sweet wife at home.

"If I could but lay hands on that boy," he said again to the policeman, as he passed the crossing.

Then Heinrich trembled with fear. He thought he too would be shut up in jail, as Pat had been, and he almost died with fright as he remembered the horrible place with iron bars.

Heinrich, with the little hand warmly clasped by the Professor, was too happy to care for the curious looks cast upon him.

The musical box he had so long loved was found with many other wonderful gifts on the Christmas-tree that evening. The first capture of surprise was a great light shone in the child's eyes. He gathered everything into a heap; even the bits of holly clinging to the bon bon boxes were carefully set aside.

"How pleased Pat will be," he said, laughing merrily. "Oh, I never had anything to give him before!"

But Herr Furst realized that he had both boys on his hands, for Heinrich would always want to share all with Pat. "After all," said he, to his wife, "it has come to us. We must befriend the boy. We shall have two sons instead of one."—[The Independent.]

"At last!" cried the enraptured Professor, as the voice he had been seeking awoke the echoes of the empty church. Like a cat he crept up-stairs, and with stealthy and more stealthy steps slowly drew near to the owner of these wonderful thrilling tones.

Heinrich, absorbed in the music, forgot his danger, forgot the policeman and the iron bars of the jail. He was rich and happy as he with upturned face sent that soaring voice up and up—

But in the silence that followed, as organist and choirists rushed tumultuously across the church, the Professor's voice in happy intonation came from the gallery above them: "Keep your seats, my sons. I have got him."

Heinrich, turning to fly, found himself in the embrace of Herr Furst, he and his broom.

"But I have seen thee before, little one," cried he, drawing the child before the lights. "It is our Heinrich, the crossing-sweeper."

Heinrich was pitifully pleading for mercy; he saw again the iron bars of the dark jail.

"I couldn't help it, sir," said he. "The music made me sing. I'll never do it again, sir, if you will forgive me this once—and not tell the policeman."

"Let thee go! *Nein! nein!*" said the Professor, drawing him closer to his breast, rags and broom and towzled fair head. "Fear nothing, my son; I am not angry with thee."

Then, perceiving that the child's trembling limbs were failing him, he embraced him tenderly. When he appeared again in the choir, he was carrying little Heinrich in his arms.

He took his seat and his baton. "You shall sing, Heinrich," he said, beaming on organist and choirists. "Our little one here shall sing to us again."

Heinrich still trembled; he could not sing. "Sing for me, my son," said the old man, tenderly. He drew the child within his arm, and put back the fair hair, tangled and hiding the broad white forehead. Heinrich dared to look into the eyes bent on him, and was afraid no longer. He sang gladly, smiling back into the genial face so near to his.

"And now we shall go home," said Herr Furst, dismissing the choirists. At the church door Heinrich shivered. He looked into the night. The snow no longer fell, but a bleak wind howled mercilessly through the city. He felt forlorn and desolate, having experienced one happy moment when drawn close in the embrace of the warm-hearted Professor. Now he must go back to his crossing and the cruel boys.

"I have got him," Herr Furst was saying to the policeman. "Now for a sleigh!"

Heinrich reluctantly began to move away from the Professor's clasping arm; but he was held as in a vise.

"No, no, you do not leave me, never again; you shall be mine own, mine own little son," said the pious voice of the large-hearted Professor.

Heinrich laughed with joy. What a dream was this! He was in a sleigh, well wrapped in the buffalo rug and held to the kind man's breast, so that the storm could not touch him. But he was to be happier yet for Herr Furst carried him to his cosy home, where his sweet wife took the desolate child to her heart, once and for all.

Warmed and fed and loved! Dream on, little Heinrich, never to wake friendless and homeless in this world again. Was it all a dream, he wondered, as clad in white robes, he sang his part in the church on Christmas?

People were waiting to congratulate the Professor upon the success of his beautiful anthem. Something of Heinrich's story had drifted to the congregation, every one wanted to look at the owner of the exquisite voice.

Heinrich, with the little hand warmly clasped by the Professor, was too happy to care for the curious looks cast upon him.

The musical box he had so long loved was found with many other wonderful gifts on the Christmas-tree that evening. The first capture of surprise was a great light shone in the child's eyes. He gathered everything into a heap; even the bits of holly clinging to the bon bon boxes were carefully set aside.

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But Herr Furst realized that he had both boys on his hands, for Heinrich would always want to share all with Pat. "After all," said he, to his wife, "it has come to us. We must befriend the boy. We shall have two sons instead of one."—[The Independent.]

TARIFF REFORM.

Col. McClure of the Philadelphia Times, is in Washington, and writes some very interesting letters to his paper. In regard to tariff reform he thinks he has discovered the following:

There is a strong drift of republican sentiment here in favor of pretty radical tariff reform. It has been exhibited by such western leaders as Senators Allison and Plumb, in the fitful skirmishes on the subject in that body; but those senators have not given full expression to their views, and wide-spread conviction among republicans that tariff and tax reduction even below the standard of the Mills bill, is a supreme necessity. Indeed, nearly half the republican senators are at heart in favor of severe tariff reductions to the standard of protection to the wages of labor, and an honest vote recording the actual convictions of all the senators, would give a large majority in favor of the entire list of free raw materials as placed in the Mills bill, including wool, and adding coal and iron ore. They believe that such an advanced position on tariff reform is a necessity to enable the republicans to appeal successfully to the country in 1892, and there is little reason to doubt that the republican tariff attitude in the next national battle will be quite abreast with, if not in advance of, the Mills bill in tariff tax reduction. It will be done by protectionists in the interest of reduction to labor alike by reducing tariff duties and by cheapening raw materials and the necessities of life. The more sagacious of the leaders do not pretend to claim their victory as an approval of the present oppressive tariff taxes. They claim it as a defeat of free-trade southern theorists in their effort to define the protective policy of the nation, and they accept prompt and radical tariff revision as indispensable to continued party supremacy.

Don't Despair.

If you are weak and weary from so-called chronic disease, don't give up. Sulphur Bitters has given hope to many invalids, where hitherto there was nothing but despair. It will build up and renew your whole system. [Editor Weekly American.]

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## List of New Books.

Bacon, Dolia: Biographical Sketch.	94.433
Banbury, G. A. L. Sierra Leone, or the White Man's Grave.	35.247
A description of an Englishman's life in the colony of Sierra Leone.	
Billing, J. D. Hardtack and Coffee; or the Unwritten Story of Army Life.	74.218
Bolton, S. K. Lives of Poor Boys who Became Famous.	92.525
Carey, R. N. Aunt Diana.	63.685
Dana, K. F. Our Phil and Other Stories.	62.705
Sketches of negro character.	
Eaton, F. A Queer Little Princess and Her Friends.	66.607
Field, H. M. Gibraltar.	34.302
An historical survey of the famous fortress and town, including an account of the great siege; describes the fortifications and the picturesque aspects of the place, and has much information about the military and social life of the people.	
Frith, J. C. Our Kin across the Sea.	31.226
Fuller, E., ed. The Dramatic Year, 1887-88; Brief Criticism of Important Theatrical Events in the United States; with a Sketch of the Season in London by W. Archer.	53.372
Green, M. A. Springfield, 1636-1886; History of Town and City; including Account of the Quarter-Millennial celebration, May, 1886.	75.220
Grimm, H. Essays on Literature. Essays on Emerson, Voltaire, Frederick the Great, Macaulay, Albert Durer, the Brothers Grimm, Bettina v. Arnim, Dante, etc.	55.329
Hill, Thos. In the Woods and Elsewhere.	92.403
Ketchum, A. C. Christmas Carillons and Other Poems.	54.473
Kirk, E. W. O. Better Times; Stories. Leslie, G. D. Our River; Personal Reminiscences of an Artist's Life on the River Thames.	66.604
Lowell, P. The Soul of the Far East.	36.254
Longfellow, H. W. The Courtship of Miles Standish; illustrated from designs by Boughton, Merrill, Reinhardt, and others. Ref.	52.408
Macmillan, H. Roman Mosaics; or Studies in Rome and its Neighboring Land.	31.257
Maxwell, J. C. Treatise on Electricity and Magnetism. 2 vols.	104.318
Morse, L. G. The Chezzes.	66.603
Richardson, C. J. The Englishman's House; a Practical Guide for Selecting or Building a House.	102.470
Rodd, R. Frederick Crown Prince and Emperor; a Biographical Sketch, with Introduction by Her Majesty the Empress Frederick.	92.533
Sheridan, P. H. Personal Memoirs.	75.221
Shoppell, R. W. Modern Houses; Beautiful Homes.	107.28
Contains upwards of two hundred and fifty designs, illustrated and described.	
Spencer, E. A. Hints from a Lawyer; or Legal Advice to Men and Women; a Law-Book for Everybody.	84.131
Stranahan, C. H. A History of French Painting from its Earliest to its Latest Practice, including an Account of the French Academy of Painting, its Salons, Schools of Instruction, and Regulations.	57.209
Upton, G. P. The Standard Symphony; their History, their Music and Composers.	52.405
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BY F. C. VALENTINE.

I.

II.

### III

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V.

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VII.

—THE—

CHURCHMAN 655 Sudbury St., Boston.



**WALTER THORPE, Newton Centre,**  
Is agent for the GRAPHIC, and receives subscriptions and makes collections for it. He also makes terms for advertising, hand-bills, and all other kinds of printing. Also, Real Estate to sell and to rent, and insurance against fire in the best English and American companies.

### NEWTON CENTRE.

—Hon. Levi C. Wade, wife and child sailed for Europe last week.

—The Democratic skeleton has been taken down from Associates' Hall.

—Mrs. Wm. E. Huntington has been visiting in the village this week.

—Ex-Gov. Long was in town the first part of the week, visiting his sister, Mrs. Bartlett.

—There was skating on Crystal Lake Friday and Saturday last, the first of the season.

—Miss Friend will spend her Christmas vacation with Miss Cook at her home in Woonsocket.

—Miss Clark has been visiting her sister here, Mrs. Augustus Ferry of Warren street.

—Miss Gertrude Crane of Lake avenue, returned this week from Cornell University.

—Mr. Harry Boynton of Station street is at home from several weeks from Amherst college.

—Mrs. Goodrich has left her daughter's, Mrs. O. A. Smith, and has gone to Boston for the winter.

—Miss Minnie E. Chester is expected home to-day from Vassar college, for a two weeks' vacation.

—The Women's Auxiliary met on yesterday afternoon at the house of Mrs. C. Howard Wilson on Elgin street.

—Miss Fennessy and Miss Annie Fennessy have returned from New York, where the latter has been at school.

—A number of young men were out skating last Sunday, and the police might extend their beats with advantage.

—The grocery and provision stores will be open on Monday evening of next week, but close on Tuesday day and evening.

—Mrs. Persis Bartlett of Cypress street has returned from Portland, Me., where she has been visiting for a few weeks.

—Miss Mabel Mason of Homer street returned the first of the week from New York, where she has been for a short time.

—Rev. Dr. Clarke will preach next Sunday to the children. There will be extra music for the occasion by a double quartet.

—Mr. George Loomer has bought the Turner milk route formerly owned by John Stearns, the change to be made Jan. 1, 1884.

—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Nickerson of Institution avenue have returned from New York, where they have been for a short time.

—Dean Huntington one day lately delivered a lecture to the freshmen of the University, taking for his subject, "The Intellectual Life."

—Sunday Dec. 23, at 7 p. m., there will be a Christmas concert of the Baptist Bible School, with addresses by Rev. Mr. Barnes and Professor Burton.

—Miss Florence Paul, Miss Grace Colburn, Miss Bessie Rice, and Miss Carrie Chapman, all of Smith College, are again in town for their Christmas vacation.

—The many friends of Mr. Arthur Washburn will be glad to learn that he has come back to Newton Centre to stay. He will be at his former place—Mr. Knapp's, for a few days.

—A resident of the city of Newton, who has kept a cord of the weather report, says that this year up to the present week, there have been 273 days in which we have had either rain or snow.

—There is to be a New Year's party in Associates' Hall, the management of some of the young married people. Dancing from 8.30 p. m. to 1 a. m., on the last night of the year.

—The young people of this village are busy rehearsing for some amateur theatricals to be given in Associates' Hall about the last of January next. The proceeds will be in aid of the Newton Cottage Hospital.

—The school house clock, for some reason, has not struck the hour for a week or more. It would be a great convenience if many of it could be made to resume its former way. We don't know when to get up now.

—The children of the Unitarian church are to have a Christmas party Tuesday afternoon in their vestry. A short Christmas play, introducing the tree and Santa Claus will be given, followed by supper and games.

—Some prominent young people here are planning and rehearsing some theatricals to be given the latter part of January next, the benefit of the Cottage Hospital. The entertainment is to be given in Associates' Hall, the date to be decided later.

—Rev. Thomas D. Anderson of Providence preached two interesting sermons at the Baptist church last Sunday; the sermon in the morning was from the text, "It is not revealed unto us what we shall be," in the evening, "What is prayer?"

—Many here will regret the death of Mrs. Timothy Merriell of Holyoke, Mass., who was well known here as a sister of Rev. Edward Brisson, former pastor of the Baptist church, and also as a professor in Vassar college. In the college she was head of the mathematical department. Her death following so closely upon her marriage in Nov. 1882, seems doubly sad.

—The house and stable of Hon. Levi C. Wade, Dedham street, Oak Hill, were entered by thieves at an early hour Monday evening. Entrance to the house was effected by breaking a window. The January story, and \$20 in money was taken from the pocket of Edward Kelly, a man who works upon the place; a tiger skin rug was also stolen. From the stable, a fur cap and silk robe were taken among other articles.

—Mayor-elect Heman M. Burr entertained the members of the common council and heads of departments at his residence, Chestnut Hill, last Friday evening. A collation was served and the usual social features were enjoyed. Among those present were City Auditor Otis, City Clerk Kingsbury, Assistant City Clerk Brimblecom, City Engineer Noyes, Mr. L. E. Coffin, ex-president of the common council, and Councilmen Rice, Powell, Fenn, Wiswall, Hunt, Runklett, Hale, Greenwood, Read, Hamblin and Kennedy.

—A large number of Chestnut Hill people attended the wedding of Miss Harriet Paine Lee, daughter of Mr. Geo. C. Lee, to Chas. Milton Hammond, at the Arlington street church, Boston, Tuesday. The bride wore a toilet of white gros grain, trimmed with lace. A diamond crescent sparkled amid the folds of her long tulle veil. She was escorted to the church by her father; Mr. Edward Hammond attended the groom, and the service was read by the Rev. George Herford. The ushers were Messrs. R. M. Saltmair, B. D. Winthrop of New York, C. P. Curtis, Jr., Francis Lee, Geo. C. Lee, Jr., C. F. Sprague and Henry Fessenden. A reception was held at the winter residence of the bride's parents, 264 Beacon street. The newly married couple are to reside at New London, Conn.

—Miss Margaret Martin, teacher in the Rice school house, broke through the ice Saturday evening, while skating on Crystal lake, near Crane cove. James Philbrick heard her cry for help, and went to her assistance, taking off his coat and flinging her

one arm of it, but found that he could not keep his footing on the ice or pull the lady from the water. Joseph Healey and other boys soon arrived to assist, and Miss Martin, with great presence of mind, directed them to take hold of hands and make a chain of boys from the shore, which they did; she then flung one part of the coat back to Mr. Philbrick and was drawn from her perilous situation, as the water there is very deep and she was clinging to the broken ice. Fortunately Miss Martin suffered no bad effects, and is now doing excellent work in her school here.

—Early in January 1884 a call came from "Charles Ward Post," asking the women of the city of Newton for an increase of funds. A fair was proposed for the following February. From each ward there came a prompt response to the call, and a successful Fair was the result, which netted at its close a generous and much needed sum for the Post. The working organization of Ward 6, Newton Centre, unwilling to disband at the close of the fair proposed to continue its meetings and also to form a permanent organization for purposes "charitable, educational and social." It voted to ask other women of the city to join our organization, and we have now an increased membership, and are now nearing our second anniversary bearing our new name, "The Newton Centre Woman's Club." Our meetings are regularly held on the last Friday of each month, at the house of some member of the club. The November meeting was held at the house of Mrs. F. M. Johnson, and was attended by Mr. B. T. Washington as he told us of his work among the colored pupils at the Tuskegee Normal School in Alabama. The next meeting will be held at the house of Mrs. McIntyre, Institution avenue, Dec. 28.

### NEWTON HIGHLANDS.

—We are sorry to hear that Miss Margie Strong is ill in Leipzig, Germany.

—Lawrence Strong is home from Amherst college for three weeks vacation.

—We hear that Mrs. Emily W. Hyde has bought the Skinner estate on Lake avenue.

—Rev. Mr. Phipps lectured at Taunton, on Tuesday evening, on "Owls, or the wise and otherwise."

—Mr. C. F. Clement from Philadelphia, has taken the house lately built by Mr. Young on Woodward street, at Waban.

—There will be music appropriate to Christmas, under the direction of Mr. A. E. Brickett, at the Congregational church, next Sabbath morning.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Fales, who have occupied a part of the house of Mr. C. H. Young on Tappan place, have moved to Watertown for the winter.

—Mr. Christie and family from South Boston, have taken the house on Floral avenue belonging to Mrs. E. W. Hyde, and lately vacated by Mrs. Everett.

—Mr. C. D. Pingree and family of Boylston street are now disposing of their household property, and will shortly remove to Los Angeles, Cal., where he is to engage in business.

—The Chataqua club, which was to have held its meeting this week with Mrs. Whittemore, on account of the storm was postponed. There will be no meeting of the club next week.

—Miss Nellie Tighe, who has lived with the family of Mr. F. W. Dorr for two or three years past, died at the Massachusetts General hospital last week. The funeral services were held at Roslindale, at the home of her father.

—The alarm, rung in from box 45, on Thursday last week, was on account of a fire in the house of Mr. Darius Cobb, caused by articles drying near a stove, and being upset by a young child, coming in contact with the stove, were set on fire, and communicating with the carpet, bid fair to be a serious matter.

—We must not pass without notice the fine lecture given by Mr. E. Gott. It was very entertaining as well as instructive. He has, by long years of study located the spots upon the sun, etc. After his lecture, he exhibited to all the spots on the sun and it was universally agreed that his long study was well rewarded.

—Mr. J. E. McKinnon, for several years one of the best clerks in the city, has left the market, and now with his successor, Mr. Chamberlain, will open a fish and vegetable store, Jan. 1, in Dr. C. H. Newhall's block. Mr. McKinnon is well known to Mr. Alcott's former customers. In the city, and it will be a great convenience to have such a store here.

—Butterfly fete at the Congregational vestry, Wednesday evening, Dec. 19. The ladies of the sewing circle of the Congregational church, having established a working fund, and wishing to increase it, decided to give an entertainment, also to have on sale fancy articles, ice-cream, candies, cake, etc. The vestry was crowded with ladies, and young and old, and the eagerness of all to patronize the different tables, we should say that the result was highly satisfactory. The ladies decorated the vestry quite tastefully and the tables were very finely arranged, showing that the articles in such an inviting way that it was almost impossible to pass without buying, especially when one could be served by fair ladies with pleasant smiles and courteous so very becoming. We wish them success for their work and trust that they have added a goodly amount to their fund, which we know will be wisely spent for the good of all.

—The ice houses of Mr. Ellis, on the Wellesley side were burned on Sunday morning.

—Rev. G. S. Chadbourne, D. D., presiding elder of Boston of Boston district, will preach at the Methodist church, next Sunday evening at 6 o'clock.

—The Methodist Sunday school will have a Christmas tree and other appropriate exercises at Prospect hall, next Tuesday evening.

—At the Baptist church next Sunday, preaching, morning and evening, at the usual hours by Rev. A. M. Higgins, Sunday school after the morning service. Pastoral talk with Christians at 3.30 p. m.

—Mrs. Christine, wife of Andrew Knapp, Sr., passed away Monday afternoon. Deceased was 72 years of age and leaves a husband and 5 children to mourn the loss of a devoted wife and loving mother.

—The Quinobquin Association had a very lively and pleasant time at their room on Monday evening, the occasion of one of their annual spreads. There was a good number out in spite of the extremely bad weather, and all thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

—On Wednesday afternoon, Mr. Samuel G. Curry, after a long sickness, died at his residence on High street. His death will leave a place which will be difficult to fill, as he was one who was always interested in everything pertaining to the welfare of the village. He was a prominent member of the Methodist church, and a constant attendant at all of the various services of the church, always willing to do more than his share in carrying forward the church work, and his death cast a shadow over the society which is only felt the more because of his prominence. He was also a valuable member of the Quinobquin Association, taking an active part in the meetings. His fund of knowledge was so large, and his ability to express in an eloquent and forcible manner, made him an antagonist in his debates to be dreaded. He will long be remembered by the Association as a member to take pattern from and to be held as an illustrious example.

—The ladies of the Methodist society held their annual sale on Wednesday evening

in the vestry of the church. There were the usual tables for the sale of fancy and useful articles which were very liberally patronized. The entertainment was mostly of a musical nature, under the direction of Miss Hattie E. Sturtevant, consisting of an organ solo, a quartet, a trio, and solos. The quartet, consisting of Mrs. Dresser, Miss Billings, Messrs. Everett and Hale, was the first number on the program and was well rendered. The organ solo was a masterpiece, executed with that musical precision and expression for which the performer, Miss Sturtevant, is so well known. The next was a very pleasing song by Miss Edith C. Newell, which was greatly enjoyed. The reading of the original story by Rev. Mr. Wade of Newtonville, was the next treat for the audience. The next artist to appear was Mr. George P. Kendrick, whom we gladly welcome to the ranks of our local talent, who rendered a selection in a manner which won for him at its close a hearty and deserved applause. The entertainment closed with a double trio, consisting of Mrs. Dresser, Misses Newell and Billings, and Messrs. Everett and Hale. The supper and ice-cream was served to those desiring it in the vestry by a competent committee. The committee having the affair in charge are to be congratulated upon their success.

### NEWTON LOWER FALLS.

—Mr. Faxon Atherton and family have taken a trip to New Orleans to pay a visit to his father.

—A large and successful auction of men's and boys' clothing is being held at Rice's block, original story by Rev. Mr. Wade of Newtonville, was the next treat for the audience.

—The Christmas sale held in Boyden hall by St. Mary's Guild was very successful, bringing a clear gain of about one hundred dollars.

—In spite of stormy weather and high water, work is progressing slowly on the new bridge, and the abutment on the Newton side is nearly completed.

—The brick engine house of the Boston & Albany road, near the Newton line, was damaged by fire, Tuesday evening. It caught in some waste and scorched the interior, burning a hole about 8 feet square in the woodwork. The damage, however, was slight.

—The bright light which illuminated this section of the city, on last Sunday morning, was caused by the burning of Mr. George Ellis's house, on what is known as the Pond road, on the West side. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin.

—The children's Christmas tree will be held Tuesday evening at the North church.

—Holidays goods of every description at way down prices at Hudson's popular store near the bridge.

—James M. Blue is home from Williams College to spend his holidays with his parents and friends.

—A quiet wedding took place on Tuesday evening here, the contracting parties being Mr. James Boyce and Miss Annie Fish.

—Work on the new bridge has again been retarded by the heavy rain of last Monday; the dam has been over flowed for several days.

—Our people are in hopes that the electric lights on the bridge may be established as permanent things here, in a place where they are much needed.

—Mr. Frank Getchell, who recently opened a hair dressing salon in this village, has found a fire in the house of Mr. Darius Cobb, caused by articles drying near a stove, and being upset by a young child, coming in contact with the stove, were set on fire, and communicating with the carpet, bid fair to be a serious matter.

—The Christmas concert of the North Evangelical Sunday School will not be held next Sunday evening, as announced in the GRAPHIC last week, but one week from Sunday, on the last Sunday in December.

—Mr. Hudson, the steamship agent in this village, has made drafts to the amount of three hundred dollars during the past ten days, eleven hundred dollars being drawn on the bank of Ireland and two hundred dollars on the bank of England; this is mostly sent as Christmas presents.

—The policeman's club and belt, which was voted the most popular object at the entertainment held by the young men last Tuesday night, was captured by Officer Davis. The voting was quite spirited and ran very close between Officer Davis and Conroy, the former receiving sixty-two votes and the latter sixty-one, thus Officer Davis won it by just one vote.

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The well-known carriage painter of West Newton, calls special attention to all owners of carriages to his great reduction in prices for painting and reupholstering of carriages. His prices are now lower than any one in the State who can justly claim to do good honest work. Owing to the general depression in business he has made such liberal reductions in prices that every owner of a carriage can afford to have it painted and repaired, while the low prices will no way detract from the superiority of stock and workmanship, as he warrants all work to customers' approval or no charge.

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**Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate.**

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage given by Samuel A. Albert Gates, Jr., dated August tenth, A. D. 1882 and recorded with Middlesex South District Deeds, Libro 186, folio 260 and for breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed will be sold by public auction upon the premises hereinafter described on Wednesday the sixteenth day of January A. D. 1884 at 3.45 o'clock P. M. all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed viz: certain lots of land situated in Newton in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts and shown on a plan entitled "Plan of lots in West Newton belonging to S. A. Albert Gates, dated June 30th 1882, J. F. Fuller, Surveyor, to



# THE NEWTON GRAPHIC.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 12.

NEWTON, MASS., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1888.

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## ELIOT HALL, DEC. 29,

At 7.45 P. M.

## Grand Concert

—BY THE—

## Yale Apollo Glee

—AND—

## BANJO CLUBS.

The Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo clubs appear at Eliot Hall, Newton, Dec. 29. These are the same clubs which appeared to an unusually large audience in Newton last April. The organizations have been so much improved during the past year, that their concert will undoubtedly excel any that has ever before been given in Newton, and the indications are that every seat in the hall will be sold at an early day.—Boston Globe.

One of the most successful of the social events at Newton last spring was the concert given by the Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo Clubs before one of the largest and most fashionable audiences ever assembled in Eliot Hall. The same clubs will give another entertainment on Saturday, the 29th of December, and as this is the last day of the Christmas vacation, the outlook is that a large number will decide to attend the concert as a fitting close of the jollifications of the week.—Boston Herald.

Tickets, 50 and 75 cts.

All seats reserved.

For the convenience of those who intend to attend, the train which passes through Newton at 7.32 p. m. will, on Dec. 29, stop at Abnurdale, West Newton, Newtonville and Newton.

Tickets may be obtained of Hubbard & Procter, Newton; Gaudet, Newtonville; A. F. Wright, West Newton; Alfred Krush, Abnurdale; John J. Noble, Newton Centre.

## A. J. MACOMBER.

Jeweller and Optician.

has removed to

21 Beach St., Boston, near Washington.

Where he will be pleased to continue his services for his Newton patrons. Work left at his house 655 Washington St., (near Crafts), will be done promptly and returned. Also with John A. Evans, 65 Elmwood Street, Newton.

## CLARA D. REED, M. D.

RESIDENCE AND OFFICE.

Centre Street, Cor. Richardson, Newton.

Hours—1 to 3 and 7 P. M.

## MRS. R. E. CROSSLEY.

NURSE.

HYDE'S BLOCK, NEWTON. 50 3/4

## CHARLIE CHING.

## Quick Laundry.

THE BEST WORK AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

315 Centre St., Hyde's Block, Newton.

Clothes Repaired Free.

## Charles S. Holbrook.

Fire, Life & Accident Insurance.

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POST OFFICE BOX 241, NEWTON.

Insurance placed in reliable companies at lowest rates.

## DOMESTIC BAKERY.

Hot Brown Bread and Beans Saturday Night and Sunday Morning.

Sumner's Block, Centre Street.

Opposite Newton National Bank.

Home-made Bread, Rolls, Cake and Pastry. Orders filled at short notice.

## Dr. F. L. MCINTOSH,

Corner of Washington and Jewett Sts.

(Office of the late Dr. Keith.)

Office Hours: 4 to 7 P. M. Usually at home until 9 A. M.

Refers to Dr. W. P. Wesselschoff, and Dr. James B. Bell.

Telephone, Newtonville, 46-2.

## NEWTON.

—Miss Laura Lane has gone to Milford, where she will spend the holidays.

—If you want the best, buy Dana's Red Seal cigar of C. O. Tucker & Co.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Mellet spent Christmas with their parents at Milford.

—Mr. Haines spent Christmas here with his daughter, Mrs. Robert Brackett.

—Miss Cora M. and Mr. George Lane of Milford spent Christmas here with their parents.

—Charles Henthorn has been spending the holidays here with his father, Officer J. C. Henthorn.

—Newton lodge 121, A. O. U. W., will hold a special meeting for the election of officers, Monday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Stanton of Saratoga spent the holidays here with Mrs. Stanton's father, Mr. Joseph N. Bacon.

—Bailey's concentrated clam juice for soups and for dyspepsia, can be found at G. P. Atkins. Try a can.

—The Clafin Guards had a very pleasant social at their armory last Friday evening, which was largely attended.

—The Yale Apollo Glee and Banjo Clubs appear in one of their popular concerts at Eliot Hall, to-morrow evening.

—Mr. H. J. Woods has been ill for about two weeks with a severe neuralgic attack, but is now able to be out again.

—The Garfield tea is something new in the way of remedies, and you can get a free sample by calling at G. P. Atkins in Bacon's block.

—Officer Baker is still confined to the house, but is improving in health and will soon be able to resume his accustomed duties.

—Steamer 1 made excellent time in reaching the high school building at the trial test of the auxiliary fire alarm signal, Wednesday evening.

—The Christmas concert of the Methodist Sunday school will be given at the church on Centre street at seven o'clock, Sunday evening, Dec. 30, 1888.

—There was a Christmas tree for the children of Eliot Sunday school at Eliot Lower Hall, Sunday afternoon, at which all received gifts, and there was a large attendance.

—The house of Ellen Hayes, Cook street, was raided by Officers Conroy, Quilty and Libby, Saturday evening, and a small quantity of lager beer seized.

—Rev. Dr. Shinn introduced resolutions in regard to the prompt dismissal of pupils from school buildings at the meeting of the school board, Wednesday evening.

—There was a very pleasant family party at Mr. Henry E. Cobb's, Tuesday evening, the younger guests appearing in fancy costumes, some of which were very handsome.

—The mild weather of Christmas day was a great disappointment to the owners of new skates and sleds, and they thought it the weather was decidedly unseasonable.

—The common council of 1879 will meet at the Boston office of ex-Mayor Ellison, on Saturday, to pass resolutions in regard to the death of the President of that year, Mr. J. Q. Henry.

—At the hotel Hunnewell, Christmas day, a Christmas tree well supplied with useful and pretty presents found a source of rare pleasure to the children. The usual social features were enjoyed.

—The children of the Methodist Sunday school were visited by Santa Claus, Monday evening at their church, and he dispensed gifts to all from a tree laden with good things. The children of the Wesleyan Home were very liberally remembered.

—Mr. Lancaster has refused to accede to the terms offered by the government for the post office, and Postmaster Morgan is negotiating for a new office on Centre street near the present location, which promises to be just as convenient for the public, and will be comfortably fitted up.

—A Christmas tree for the poor attracted many children to the school of Miss Speare, Washington street, where the little folks were treated to an agreeable surprise. Each child was presented with a gift and bright faces attested the sincere enjoyment, so much a feature of the Christmas time.

—Mr. Hackett of the Channing church quartet, is a member of the Harvard Glee club, and sang at the concert at New York last Saturday night, and the members of the enthusiastic ensemble his bass solo received. He returned from New York to sing here on Sunday and on Monday rejoined the club on its western trip.

—The Newton Baptist Sunday school had a very interesting Christmas concert Sunday evening. The church was decorated and the program consisted of the singing of hymns by the congregation, responsive readings, recitations, an exercise by the primary department with singing and recitations and an address by Rev. J. B. Thomas, D. D.

—We are informed that a series of conventions will be held in the Orthodox churches of this city during the week beginning Monday, Jan. 7. The first will be in Eliot Hall, Monday, Jan. 7, and the last in Newtonville, Friday, Jan. 11. The meetings will be at 3.45 and 7.30 p. m. We shall publish full announcements next week.

—The Republican ward and city committee will give a dinner to their chairman, Mr. C. Bowditch Coffin, at the Hotel Thordike next Monday evening. The dinner is a testimonial to Mr. Coffin's efficient services during the national, state and city campaigns, when all the arrangements were admirably made, as the handsome majorities given by Newton proved. Mr. Coffin has made an admirable chairman and all work entrusted to him has been done promptly and well.

—Mr. Stephen Moore has resigned as superintendent of the Baptist Sunday school, a position which he has filled to the satisfaction of all connected with the school, and his decision has caused great regret. He has held the position for nine years, and his resignation is due to his many and absorbing business cares, which leave him too little leisure for the responsibilities of the position.

—Those who have help employed so that they cannot attend any of the church or Sunday school services are earnestly requested to do the good which lies in their power in interesting themselves in their spiritual welfare and if possible help them to go to the Y. M. C. A. class for the

study of the Sunday school lessons, led by Mrs. Chas. Laurence at 3 o'clock, in the association rooms, and to the regular service at 4 o'clock.

—Nonantum Colony, Pilgrim Fathers, met in Cole's Hall, Monday evening, and elected the following officers: W. H. Pearson, governor; John Weir, lieutenant; W. A. Prescott, treasurer; W. L. Stiles, Jr., collector; G. W. Bush, S. A.; Mrs. Addie M. Peck, D. S. A.; Mrs. M. M. Prescott, chaplain; W. S. Miliken, S. L. J.; J. A. Tupper, S. D.; G. M. C. Rich, secretary. The same board of trustees were re-elected.

—Mr. J. Dunn, of the Clafin Guards, was at the Malden rifle range on Christmas day and made a score of 62 out of a possible 100, winning the first prize, a handsome silver medal. The contest was open to all and some handsome scores were made. Mr. Dunn is one of Major Benson's pupils in rifle practice, and six months ago had but very little practice in rifle shooting.

—There were large congregations present at the Christmas day services at Grace church. The church has been very attractively decorated with evergreens, and the music was unusually fine. In Miss Hamblen the double quartet one of the best sopranos to be heard in the city, and her singing is a great addition to the fine voices in the quartet. The musical program will be repeated Sunday morning, and there will be a special program of Christmas music at the evening service.

—The Board of Health has sent postal cards to the physicians and others calling attention to the powers conferred upon boards of health in regard to diseases that are dangerous to public health. These are cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, varioloid, diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, dysentery, cerebrospinal meningitis and cholera infantum. They request physicians to give prompt notice of any of these diseases, and a refusal or neglect to comply with such request, the physician is liable to a fine of not less than fifty nor more than a hundred dollars for each offence.

—In the Church of our Lady, Christmas was observed with the usual impressive ceremonies and the music was finely rendered. At 10.30 a. m. a solemn high mass was celebrated and the choir sang the Christmas hymns, Kyrie Gloria, Credo, offertory (Agnus Christi), O Salutaris, Agnus Dei and the Noli Temere. The sermon by Rev. Fr. Gilfether was very instructive, explanatory of the solemnity and grandeur of Christ's birth, and pointing out the benefits to be derived from Christmas by a proper observance of the day. In the evening the vesper services were held and were largely attended, the musical numbers being rendered by the full choir. Mrs. C. P. Harkins presided at the organ.

—At the Channing church Sunday morning, the services were of an impressive character. The decorations were a tasteful feature and the music was finely rendered. The selection "And There were Shepherds," and a Christmas hymn was finely rendered by the choir, followed by the service of holy communion. In the afternoon at 3.30 o'clock, the Sunday school participated in a carol service, comprising singing, recitations and readings, written by Rev. H. G. Spaulding, the instrumental music being furnished by the Sunday school orchestra. In the evening there was quite a large attendance at the vesper services. The program comprised selections by Dr. Volkmar, H. R. Shelley, R. H. Clouston, Seneca and W. C. Grubbank. A bass solo was finely rendered by Mr. Hackett and the organ numbers by Mr. Clouston were an artistic feature. The quartet choir of the church comprises Miss Laura E. Beck, soprano; Miss Annie R. Clevy, alto; Mr. Arthur F. Burnett, tenor; and Karl S. Hackett, bass. Musical director and organist, Mr. R. H. Clouston.

—Sunday evening, there was a Christmas carol service at Eliot Hall, for the Eliot Sunday school. The platform was trimmed with evergreens, with an arch over the desk, and trees arranged in front. There was a large attendance and the services were unusually interesting. The title of the service was "The Child Immanuel," and it began with a carol, followed by reading of Scripture and prayer by the pastor, Dr. Calkins; an anthem "Calm on the listening ear of night, with a solo by E. Marsh; Responsive reading; carol "Peace on earth" recitation by Masters Allen and Emery, H. Stone and Warren Partridge; carol "Ring the Bells Merrily;" responsive reading led by Mr. Agry; recitations by Maud Bush, Mamie Childs, and Miss Anderson; anthem, "Behold I bring you good tidings;" responsive reading led by Mr. H. E. Cobb; recitations by Alex. Buchanan, Albert Partridge and Masters Childs and Whitney; carol, "Hark! the Christmas Bells are Ringing;" recitation, "The Wondrous Story," by Thomas Weston, Jr.; recitation, "Legion of Virtue;" song, "The Wonderful Shepherds," by Mr. Hubbard; recitation, "One day for Christ," Miss Nichols; address by Mr. E. P. Wright of Denver, Col., who spoke of the ten years that had passed since he was last present in the Eliot Sunday school, the many changes that had taken place, and the lesson to be learned from such a Christmas service. The service closed with a song, "O Come, All ye Faithful," by the school.

## New Year's Calls.

—Mrs. C. A. Haskell and Miss Story will receive their friends at 27 Sargent street, assisted by Mrs. E. H. Haskell of Newtonville, Miss Story of Swampscott, and Miss Marshall of Waverly avenue.

—Mrs. Henry E. Cobb will be at home, Bellevue street, January 1st, from 6 to 12 p. m. Mrs. Cobb, Mrs. Theodore Nickerson, Miss Nickerson, Miss Cobb, Miss May Eddy and Miss Page will receive with her.

—Mrs. Albert Brackett and Mrs. Albert Clinton Brackett of Sargent street, assisted by Miss Hoogs, will receive their friends on the evening of January first.

—Mrs. Moses R. Emerson will receive with Mrs. Umberto C. Crosby, Park street.

—Mrs. Geo. R. McFarlin, Mrs. Geo. T. Coppins and Mrs. H. C. Sawin will receive with Mrs. James Eggleston at her home on Newtonville avenue, Ward One.

—Mrs. M. W. Austin, Miss M. J. Austin, Miss E. G. Leonard, Miss Belle Stone, Miss Nellie Clarke, Miss Sarah Stuntz, will receive at the house of Mr. George Leonard, Jan. 1st, after 7.30 p. m.

For all Throat and Lung Diseases take Dr. James M. Solomon's Fr's Cough Cure. It has cured thousands. All druggists, 50 cents per bottle.

## NEWTON'S BI-CENTENNIAL.

### Interesting Speeches Made at City Hall.

SOME ACCOUNT OF THE GREAT THINGS IN OUR HISTORY.

The celebration of the 200th anniversary of the founding of Newton was held at City Hall, Thursday afternoon. The rain interfered somewhat with the attendance, and the hall was nearly filled. The Germania orchestra furnished fine music during the exercises. Mayor Kimball presided and among the invited guests present were His Excellency, Governor Ames and his staff, the visiting mayors and other guests.

Rev. Daniel L. Furber, D. D., a former pastor of the first church of Newton, formed in 1620, opened the exercises with prayer, the audience standing, in accordance with the old custom, after which Mayor Kimball delivered the

### INTRODUCTORY ADDRESS.

We have convened today to celebrate an interesting and important event in the history of Newton—the two hundredth anniversary of its incorporation as a town. It is appropriate that we should assemble to review its history, and to consider its present condition and, from the past and the present, to judge what may be its future. It will be interesting and instructive to trace the history and progress of the town for the two centuries, to observe its growth and development from a sparsely settled town, possessed of only moderate means, to a populous, substantial and wealthy city; to note the many difficulties in both public and private affairs, that were encountered by our fathers, the hardships endured, the sacrifices made, and the grand successes ultimately achieved.

The successes were won under adverse and discouraging circumstances. They were attained by ceaseless industry, the exercise of sound judgment, undaunted courage, and fidelity to the unalterable principles of equity and justice.

The fundamental principle of action, which guided those who administered and co-operated in public affairs, was to secure such a government as would not only command obedience to law, but would also bestow the greatest good equally on all; one that would be worthy of the support of an intelligent and liberty-loving people.

Conforming to this idea and appreciating the value of order and intelligence the church was founded, so that religious and moral truths might be disseminated. The public school was established, that the youth of the land might be taught to read and skillfully engage in the various pursuits of life, and understandingly perform the duties of citizens; that they might attain to the privileges and responsibilities and be eligible to the honors which may be conferred upon loyal American citizens.

Time has not changed the principles nor lessened the vigilance necessary to insure a permanent and good government, and the peace and prosperity of a free people.

The exercise of constant care, the enactment of wise laws and a liberal provision for general education are required now as then.

Let us pay our tribute of respect and regard to those who, so long ago, laid the foundation of our liberties and prosperity; who were devoted to the welfare of mankind; and whose lives were ennobled by heroic deeds.

They have long since passed away; and now in the resting-places of the dead, sleep those who so actively and grandly performed the important and trying duties of their time. When we read their names inscribed upon tablets erected to their memory, let us but speak their praises, and be thankful for the blessings they have bequeathed to us.

Nature, I think, has been partial to Newton in beauty and healthfulness of location. The diversified and charming scenery, the wooded hills, the picturesque valleys, the salubrious air, and the clear sparkling waters of its lakes and murmuring brooks, give it especial attractiveness to those who admire the beautiful in Nature, and appreciate health and the strength and enjoyments derived from it.

Newton has now become large and prosperous and holds an honorable place among the cities and towns of the commonwealth. A liberal provision is made to supply the best means for the protection and safety of our people, and care is taken to suitably provide for their education, comfort and convenience.

The rapid and substantial growth of the city, the increase in population and in the number of buildings, are evidences that the policy which has been pursued was wise and beneficial, and that it has been generally approved.

We are surrounded by cities and towns of historic interest, having universities and schools of learning, and a great variety of enterprises and industries. We are so near the metropolis of New England, one of the finest cities of the country, and access to it is so easy and rapid, that those whose interests attach there find it equally convenient and comfortable to have their residences here.

Judging from the past and present, and taking into consideration the natural advantages of location, and the enterprise, wealth and culture of our citizens, it may safely be predicted that the future of Newton is destined to be one of marked growth and prosperity, and that the many villages which at present are somewhat separated from each other will become united, making a compact, beautiful and great city.

### GOVERNOR AMES

was introduced by Mayor Kimball and read a short speech, referring to the anniversary and the pleasure and profit to be got from such celebrations. With our present advantages and our large and growing population, it is difficult to imagine the hardships of those who founded the town in the new world. It was one of the most beautiful towns in the commonwealth, and reliance was safely placed on its prudence, wisdom and intelligence.

When he laid down his notes, Governor Ames said, "Here ends my official speech. I want to say just a word to you in confidence. It is a fact that there is a feeling of jealousy towards Newton all over this Commonwealth. You have made it so beautiful, have provided such fine roads, have built such beautiful homes, that this is regarded as the model city, and it has come to such a pass that I can't appoint a judge without he comes

to settle in Newton. The only way to get rid of the friends of applicants for the position of judge was to say to them, you don't want this man to leave Newton, do you? If I appoint him, I shall have to banish him to Newton. Go on and make your city as beautiful as possible, and I shall almost feel like coming here myself. (Applause.)

EX-MAYOR J. F. C. HYDE

was next introduced and made the historical address, prefacing it by stating that it was only last Friday that he consented to give a historical address, on account of the absence of Ex-Governor Rice. He had only had these few days to write up two hundred years of history, and if he had made mistakes, that must be his apology. His address was as follows:

### HON. J. F. C. HYDE'S ADDRESS.

It is fair to presume that all present know more or less of the history of their native or adopted town. In the brief time allotted me only a few facts can be touched upon, the suggestion of which may lead some to further study of the history of Newton. Might it not be profitable for the scholars in our schools to devote some attention to this history so that they may become more familiar with the lives and character of those who laid the foundations upon which we are building and from whose planting we are reaping such rich fruits.

It is said by the historian that the settlement of Newton-Cambridge, began in







## DEATH OF JOHN Q. HENRY.

HIS CAREER AS A BUSINESS MAN AND PUBLIC OFFICIAL OF NEWTON.

Mr. John Q. Henry, of the firm of Henry & Daniels, 143 Summer street, Boston, and president of the Shoe & Leather National Bank of Boston, died suddenly at Young's hotel Friday afternoon of apoplexy, while attending a meeting of Forbes' creditors. He was sitting in a chair, and those present noticed that he seemed to be gasping for breath, but before any one could reach him he was dead.

Mr. Henry was 66 years old, and was a native of Rutland, in which place he received his early education. When about 18 years old he came to Boston, and was first employed at taking fares on King's line of Roxbury coaches. By steady perseverance and much hard work young Henry gradually rose in business life, and about the year 1856 he entered the firm of Burrage & Henry as junior partner. In 1871, a dissolution of partnership took place, and then followed the formation of the boot and shoe firm of Henry & Daniels, the latter being a brother-in-law of Mr. Henry. Formerly Mr. Henry was located on Pearl street. For about six years he was located on Summer street, and latterly on High street. He was a resident of Newton for about 25 years, and the news of his death was received in this city with sincere sorrow. During his residence in Newton he had won the respect and esteem of many people in various sections of the city. He had been prominent in social circles and had always taken an active interest in all matters relating to the prosperity and welfare of the city. He was elected a member of the common council Dec. 5, 1876, and was re-elected for the three succeeding years, serving as president during 1881. In 1882 he was elected a member of the board of aldermen from Ward 7, and was re-elected to the upper branch of the city council in 1883 '84 '85, serving as president of the board during his last year of service. In 1888 he was elected president of the board of health, and during his nine years' service in the city council, served on many important committees, including finance, claims, highways, license, fuel and street lights and public parks. He was chairman of the committees of finance and claims during his four years' service in the board of aldermen. He was a conscientious official, careful of the city's interests and opposed to extravagant expenditures. His retirement from the city council was regarded as a public loss.

While a resident of Newton he had been a member of the Eliot Religious Society. He was president of the Newton Musical Association and a former member of the Handel and Haydn society. At one time he was associated with E. Burt Phillips in the management of the Empire State, one of Boston's pleasure steamboats. While an alderman of the city of Newton it was his annual custom to invite the members of the city council and heads of departments, with their wives and families, to accompany him on an all-day trip on the Empire State, and the occasions were always much enjoyed.

Mr. Henry had accumulated a considerable fortune. He was a successful business man. His judgment was often relied upon by his business associates, and he early won from them their confidence and esteem. Mr. Henry, at the time of his sudden decease, occupied the prominent position of president of the Shoe & Leather bank of Boston, and was a member of the board of trade. He was also an assignee of the Shaw Bros. tannery firm, which failed about five years ago.

Personally he was a man of buoyant spirits, a cordial and sincere friend, and a gentleman of kindly disposition and affable character. He removed from Newton about three months ago, and occupied his elegant residence at 231 Newbury street, Boston. Mr. Henry married the daughter of Mr. N. P. Smith, formerly of Newton. The widow, three daughters and a son survive him.

The funeral took place on Monday from his late residence, 230 Newbury street, Boston. There was a large number of prominent business men present, especially those representing the shoe and leather trade. The Shoe and Leather Bank, of which the deceased was president, and the Shoe and Leather Association, of which he was a member, were prominently represented by delegations. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful, and included a large wreath of roses cut in twin by a sickle of immortelles. On the pedestal were the words, "Faithful to his trust." This was from the bank. The city of Newton, where the deceased formerly resided, sent an elegant lamp with broken strings, composed of roses with a base of ivy and fir. The employees of the bank sent a large floral cross. On the rosewood casket in which were the remains there was a large wreath of ivy with pansies, a pillow with the words, "At Rest," and a beautiful wreath of variegated roses and magnolias. The services were conducted by Rev. Wolcott Perkins, D. D., assisted by Rev. Francis C. Hornbrook. These consisted of the reading of Scripture and prayer and brief eulogies on the life and character of the deceased. The interment was at the Newton Cemetery.

## Civil Service Resolutions.

The following resolutions were adopted by the executive committee of the Newton Civil Service Reform Association, Dec. 22, 1888.

Resolved, That the recent declaration of the Republican party in its platform, that the reform of the Civil Service should be extended "to all the grades of the service to which it is applicable" and "that the spirit and purpose of the reform should be observed in all executive appointments," and the statement of the president-elect that he "cordially approves this clear and forcible expression of the convention on the subject" are to be regarded as distinctly pledging the incoming president, and the Republican party to a faithful carrying out of the spirit of Civil Service Reform, in all removals from and appointments to inferior public offices, and that they hail with pleasure this favorable prospect for the spread of Civil Service Reform, and will gladly co-operate with the party coming into power in all its endeavors to secure that end.

Resolved, That as it is a cardinal principle of Civil Service Reform that public servants shall retain their places so long as they are faithful and competent, and do not make themselves offensively partisan, we have a right to expect that if "the spirit of the reform" is "observed in all executive appointments," no persons will be removed merely because he is not a

Republican or because his place is wanted by a Republican.

Resolved, That to secure the faithful application of Civil Service Reform, it is necessary that the classified offices and so far as is practicable, the unclassified service should be put under the control only of those known to favor the reform, for we cannot expect that any one opposed, or indifferent to it, will faithfully apply its provisions.

Resolved, That the four years' term of office should be abolished, as opposed to the fundamental principle, that public servants should be retained in office while faithful and efficient, and because it indirectly opens the way for making changes, which, without violating the letter of the law are entirely contrary to its "spirit and purpose."

JAS. P. TOLMAN, Secretary.

## Grade Crossings.

The committee appointed to consider the question of a gradual abolition of crossings of railroads by highways at grade, had another hearing at the State House last Saturday. President Choate of the Old Colony favored their abolition and especially those in the country, which were much more dangerous than the carefully guarded ones in the city.

Mr. Samuel Hoar of counsel for the Boston & Albany, said that he hoped that no action would be taken by the railroad commission that would imperil or retard the abolition of these crossings. If the expenditure be left in the hands of a railroad, such action would be to retard abolition. He had always believed that the principle on which this separation of grade should be made was that the railroad should do the work within its lines and the town the work outside. Such arrangement had been carried out in Springfield. He knew of no fixed rule which could be made in these cases, and he knew of no fairer way than to have a fair apportionment in each particular case. The B. & A. desired that every grade crossing should be separated, abolished, and were willing to do their fair share in such abolishment, and to abide by the decision of any tribunal. The safety of the community was a great factor. It was the particular notion which should determine the apportionment to be paid, and a special tribunal should be appointed by the court to settle it.

Mr. J. T. Furber of the Boston & Maine did not believe in attempting to do away with the crossings, chiefly on the score of expense, but he thought a law should be passed to prevent the construction of any more grade crossings.

A large number of gentlemen from different towns spoke in favor of abolition, and Mayor Kimball appeared in behalf of the city council of Newton and recommended against any portion of the expense being put upon the city of Newton. No one except the railroad, unless it may be the State, should be asked to pay any part of this expense. The corporation that wants these things should pay for them.

## THE SPEAKERSHIP.

REPRESENTATIVE SLOCUM SAID TO BE THE COMING MAN.

[Springfield Republican.]

One of the most important offices in the state-house is that of speaker of the House. It has been filled by such men as William B. Calhoun, Julius Rockwell, Robert C. Winthrop, George Ashmun, Francis B. Crowninshield, E. B. Kellogg, George Bliss, Otis P. Lord, Alexander H. Bullock, Harvey Jewell, John E. Sanford and John D. Long. The standard thus maintained is none too high for to-day, but we are not likely to see a speaker elected this year who will start off with such an equipment as these men had. There are four "clever fellows" aspiring to the speakership—Messrs. Barrett, Wardwell, Bottom and Slocum. Three of these men, at least, have active canvasses in progress, conducted from Boston. Mr. Slocum's friends are not idle, and perhaps he is not. Not one of these men stands out in a way to make his choice a matter of course, and the politicians are proceeding on the theory that the boldest hunter will bag the game. Mr. Barrett is a newspaper man of experience and ability, who has served one year in the House, and sees no reason why journalists should always give way to lawyers in politics. Mr. Wardwell has been assistant secretary of the Republican State committee for some years, and thinks the political worker ought not to yield even to the manager of two Republican newspapers, both daily; Messrs. Bottom and Slocum are lawyers who stand well at the bar without being recognized yet as great lights, but both are promising, and either ought to develop safe and capable qualities in the chair. Ex-Speaker Noyes and Tom Marsh are Barrett men and predict his election for the policy of claiming every thing is popular with the Noyes men. This has led to the statement that the lobby favors Mr. Barrett, and in answer to that his friends point out that he is a young man you had better court the fresh breeze—[Danville Breeze.]

Not reduced to want: "I desire to insert this small advertisement in your paper to-morrow morning," she said. "This," said the advertising clerk, looking it over, "will go among the 'wants.' " "Have you no 'wish column'?" "No, mum." "Then, sir," said the young lady from Boston, haughtily, "you need not insert it." "I simply wish a situation as governess. That is all. It is not a case of want. Is there any newspaper printed in English in this place?"—[Chicago Tribune.]

## Co-operative Banks.

Speaking of the benefits of the co-operative bank system, one who is familiar with its workings and results says: "The savings of the mechanic and laboring man are necessarily limited, and, in the ordinary way of laying by a little now then, they may get discouraged on account of the length of time necessary to accumulate sufficient to accomplish their desires, and are very likely to give up in despair when year after year passes and they still see the object far off. But with the assistance rendered by the union of individuals exactly in the same condition of life with himself, he can command, in the beginning of practical life, the means which, without this union, would require years of toil and self-denial, and then he would only arrive at the ideal of his mind when his capacity for its enjoyment would have passed the meridian, and his pathway, in consequence of years of toil, is necessarily downward. Here he begins at the end, as it were, and secures the benefits of years of saving before he has made any accumulation; and in liquidating his engagements with the association, only returns thereto what he would have to pay

a landlord for rental, while feeling that only for a short time is this necessary, and then his obligations are ended, renders it a comparatively easy task; for he is working to the end he wishes to attain, and there is positive, moral certainty that he will and can reach it. How much better, then, for every man who is within reach of these great and good institutions to connect himself therewith and secure his own independence, and thus feel conscious that his energies have not been expended in producing an income for the support of another to the exclusion of his own person and family."

## Flying Fishes.

In Mr. Maynard's lecture before the Newton Natural History Society he gave the result of his investigation of the habits of flying fishes, which was so interesting that we have secured the following extract from his letter for publication. He says:

"It was a most lovely day and as we coasted along the shore of the island I had an excellent opportunity to study the aerial evolutions of the flying fish which were constantly springing from the water in schools. These fish use the pectoral fin just as a bird uses its wings, or rather as some birds use their wings, the vibration being very rapid and as evidently maintained throughout the entire flight, that varies from 1 to 200 yards. They can turn to the right or left at almost any angle, fly either up or down the wind or across it. In alighting they sometimes fall flat or often drag the tail to slacken the speed, but in any case appear to try to alight against the side of a wave. I have seen them many times in all weathers, and have concluded that while they are often obliged to take wing to avoid the devouring jaws of some larger member of the finny tribe, they frequently rise into the air through pure caprice or for enjoyment. I must also state that I have yet to see a single flying fish caught by a bird of any species, nor do I think they form the habitual prey of any of the fish eating birds, although they may occasionally be caught by them.

In order to show that I have not trusted wholly to memory, or rather to show that my memory was secured well in making these statements regarding the flying fishes I here transcribe my notes made on the spot.

Sat. Nov. 12th, Off Great Bahama. This morning dawned fair and lovely, finding us off Wood Key, which is well known to the sailors of the Bahama. The west end of the latter named Key was in sight and we are now running along the Key-in a smooth sea, with the flying fishes jumping around. These often take a turn, when flying, at nearly right angles but cut off the corner of the angle a little like (Then follows a diagram of a right angled triangle with the apex rounded) and their flight is often erratic, that is, they twist about. The motion of the wings appears to be vibratory, like that of some insects, notably the Sphinxes.

The flying fishes certainly twist and turn in almost all directions and usually alight by throwing themselves against a wave, sometimes striking it with the entire under parts, at other times drawing the tail through the water, but they almost always alight against the side of a wave.

Previous and subsequent observations, upon the method of flight practiced by the flying fishes, have convinced me that they "fly" in the truest sense of the word, using the wings as stated.

## The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing."

Abraham Hare, druggist, Belleville, Ohio, testifies: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 30 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters are a cure for all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Bladder. Only a half dollar a bottle at Arthur Hudson's drug-store.

## Newton Cottage Hospital.

The generous work of the Newtonville Women's Guild in meeting all the expenses of the training school for nurses at the Hospital, has been previously acknowledged in your issue. The receipt of \$100 from the Guild last week, on account of this work, leads us again to return our sincere thanks for the valuable help thus rendered. The total expenses of the school from March 1st, when it was begun, to Dec. 31st, will be about \$1850.

E. A. WINSTON, Sec'y.

## Androsils.

Dr. F. E. Conant's Compound Vapor Bath, directly penetrates the body, purifies the blood, and expels all impurities and poisonous deposits which are the basis of all disease. Hundreds of testimonials of well known citizens in New England. Write for particulars to the doctor at Skowhegan, Me.

"Court the fresh air day and night," says a medical exchange. "That's good advice for girls, but if you are a young man you had better court the fresh breeze—[Danville Breeze.]

Not reduced to want: "I desire to insert this small advertisement in your paper to-morrow morning," she said. "This," said the advertising clerk, looking it over, "will go among the 'wants.' " "Have you no 'wish column'?" "No, mum." "Then, sir," said the young lady from Boston, haughtily, "you need not insert it." "I simply wish a situation as governess. That is all. It is not a case of want. Is there any newspaper printed in English in this place?"—[Chicago Tribune.]

## Scrofula Humor.

Miss Mary Etta Leighton, a daughter (16 yrs. old) of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison G. Leighton, 16 Bickford Court, Lynn, cured by Longue's Vitalizing Compound of a deep seated Scrofula Humor with discharging eruptions, which had baffled eight physicians and the combined forces of two prominent hospitals. Perfectly cured and without blemish. Sworn to before CALVIN B. TUTTLE, Justice of the Peace.

## Ingalls' Specific.

A singer who never has a cold—The Teakett. This is not the case with singers generally, nor with those whose business necessitates the use of the voice. Such are liable to hoarseness and sore throat consequent upon special exertion, even though they may not have taken cold. Ingalls' Throat and Lung Specific soothes any irritation, strengthens the vocal organs, and thus gives and continues a sweetness and purity of voice. Ask your druggist for it.

Now is the time to use Ingalls' Specific. It will cure Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma and Catarrh. It is an infallible remedy for croup.

## HONESTY.

REV. M. J. SAVAGE DEFINES WHAT THE WORD MEANS.

Rev. M. J. Savage in a recent sermon gave some old-fashioned doctrine that is always worth reading and thinking over: We are too apt to think that a man is entitled to claim the character of honesty if he refrains from cheating in business, if he keeps within the limits of the law and in those limits of respectability which his neighbors demand of him. I propose to widen the use of the term, and make it include a complete manhood—in politics, business, social life, religion. An honest man ought to be like a tower that stands four-square, facing and defying every wind that blows. Let me touch for a moment on several aspects of honesty. First, there is business honesty. Here we have a simple, fundamental principle upon which all honest dealing turns. There must be an equality in the exchange, so that the person who gets, as well as he who gives, is better off than they were before, or are at least as well off. If they are not, then there is dishonesty involved somewhere in the process.

Now, as this world in its needs is constantly only a little way from destitution, and as, if nothing new were added, it would soon use out and eat out what it has, any man who proposes to take out of its accumulated wealth the tiniest particle for his own use, must see to it that he adds something to the general welfare; else he is taking what he has no right to, and matters what position he may occupy in the world, he is a thief.

In politics, again, there is one thing to be aimed at by those who would be honest—always public good in the use of public money, public time, public positions. He who attempts to gain position for the sake of a contest, he who does any of these things to help on a personal or party triumph is a dishonest politician. Again, any man who interferes in any way with the free, intelligent expression of the popular will in a popular government is a dishonest politician. Any man who attempts to get laws passed which are unequal laws, devised to help a person or a class or a clique anywhere to the disadvantage of others, is a dishonest politician. An honest politician, on the other hand, is he who honestly helps to serve his time in a position that is won honestly and in a manly way. An honest man will stand by the sentiment: "It is better to be right than to be President."—better to be right than to have any position of political power.

Dr. Longue's Vitalizing Compound is the only great remedy for the Radical Cure of Scrofula, Cancerous Humors, Diphtheria or Mineral Blood Poisoning, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Dropsy and Liver Complaint. \$1 per bottle (6 for \$5). At druggists.

Unable to Tell. Yes, that was so. For years I suffered severely with scrofula; sore broke out all over my body, and I am unable to tell one half that I suffered. I was not able to obtain relief until I used Sulfur Bitters, which completely cured me.—C. B. DALE, 17 Allston street, Boston.

THE Photographer! Nearly opposite the B. & A. R. Station, Newton, Mass.

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If not convenient to call at my office will meet customers at any place in Newton or Boston.

E. B. Blackwell, 43 THORNTON STREET.

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left either at the Gas Works or at their office, Brackett's Block, Center street, near the Depot, Newton, will be promptly attended to.

WALDO A. LEARNED, Supt.

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West Newton, Mass.

AUSTIN R. MITCHELL, President. JAMES H. NICKERSON, Treasurer. ALFRED L. BARBOUR, Clerk.

Trustees—Austin R. Mitchell, Benj. F. Houghton, Dwight Chester, Edward L. Pickard, Prescott C. Bridgman, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett, Alfred L. Barbour, Edward W. Cate, Adams K. Tolman, C. F. Eddy, Lyman K. Putney. Committee of Investment—Austin R. Mitchell, Edward L. Pickard, Dwight Chester, Samuel Barnard, Fred E. Crockett. Open for business daily, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. Deposits will commence drawing interest on the first days of January, April, July and October.

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NEWTON LAUNDRY. J. FRED RICHARDSON. Thornton (formerly School) St., near Washington St., Newton. Best and Most Modern Improved Facilities for Laundering by Steam. Without injury to clothing of any description. Send postal and team will call for and deliver work.

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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

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TELEPHONE NO. 80.

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THE NEWTON GRAPHIC HAS BEEN CONSOLIDATED WITH THE GRAPHIC.

## THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Shrewd judges say that the chances are now in favor of the election of Representative Slocum as speaker of the next house. Of all the candidates, he has been conspicuous for the dignified and manly way in which he has acted. He has not gone about, begging for the votes of fellow members, he has not made promises and pledges to every one who had or was reported to have any influence, he has started no "advertising" bureau in the country press, and in short he has acted as any man who places his own self-respect above mere political success must act.

Mr. Slocum did not nominate himself as a candidate, but he was nominated on account of having been one of the leading members of the House last year, and because all who knew him had confidence that he was in every way qualified for the office. While other candidates, who have proclaimed their own virtues too loudly, have lost, Mr. Slocum has steadily gained in public favor, until now the Springfield Republican, which can not be accused of any partiality for him, acknowledges in an article quoted in another column that he is the most promising of the gentlemen mentioned for the position and that the chances are in his favor.

His election would be a victory for pure politics and honest methods that would be very encouraging to the great mass of voters who believe that the man best fitted for an office should be chosen and not the man who pulls the most wires, or makes the most promises. There is certainly need of a reform in public sentiment, and a return to old-fashioned methods in politics. It is getting to be the custom to hold that success justifies any means, and that the office should be given to the man who seeks it, and not to the man best fitted for it. In former and better days it was held to be undignified for a candidate to even open "head quarters" on the eve of a nominating convention, and he was sure to be defeated if he was even suspected of making active efforts to win the prize, but that day has passed and now the man who works up his own boom most actively carries off the prize, without much regard to fitness or anything else.

Mr. Slocum's choice will be a return to better methods, he has given no pledges to the lobby or any corporation or other interests, but has acted throughout as a man who respects himself should act, and those who know him best are perfectly assured that he will be one of the best speakers that ever presided over the lower branch of our general assembly. He is by nature fair-minded and conservative, his partisanship is never extreme, and he inherits a name that leads people to have confidence in him, even before they know him personally. Fortunately there is no opportunity on this question to divide the vote of Newton, even if it would be possible to do so, with a man of Mr. Slocum's well-deserved popularity, and his success would be cause for rejoicing on the part of all who believe in the best man carrying off the prize.

## THE COMMON COUNCIL CAUCUS.

The caucus of the members-elect of the common council was held last Friday evening, and Mr. Lawrence Bond was nominated for president by a vote of 7 to 5. There was a feeling that Ward Seven had held the office so many times that it should be given to another section of the city, and so it goes back to Ward Three, which ward had the office for several years after the adoption of the city government, when the late Geo. E. Allen was president. Mr. Bond will have an excellent example to follow in Mr. Allen, and there is no doubt that he will make an admirable presiding officer. He has the advantage of a careful legal training, which will enable him to decide upon all technical points, and he is also personally one of the most popular men in the board. In the making up of committees, President Bond will be in perfect sympathy with Mayor Burr, which is a great advantage, and as Mr. Bond is a thorough business man, the sessions of the common council will be quite as business-like as they have been the past year.

For clerk of the common council, the vote was 8 to 6 in favor of Mr. Albert S. Glover, the former clerk of the board. Many of the members felt that they did an injustice to Mr. Glover by their votes a year ago, and as they had investigated the matter more thoroughly, they wished to express in this manner their perfect

confidence in him, both as clerk and water registrar.

The nomination was certainly a great and well-deserved compliment, for no clerk could be found who has a more thorough knowledge of all the details of council business, and Mr. Glover so regarded it, but he has decided to decline in favor of Mr. John C. Brimblecom, who has been clerk the past year, and who was suggested by Mr. Glover a year ago as a good man for the position. The endorsement of a nomination satisfied his desire for a vindication, and has shown the strictly political character of the contest made against him a year ago. The duties of water registrar, which Mr. Glover has performed to the perfect satisfaction of the water board, are arduous enough to content any man's ambition for work, and he did not desire to take up again the additional burden connected with the office of clerk of the council.

It might be added that one of the most earnest workers for the nomination of Mr. Glover, was Councilman Wiswall, for the past year a member of the water board. He voted against him a year ago, and feeling after investigation that an injustice had been done, he was determined to correct it and the vote showed that he succeeded.

The only objection to Mr. Glover as clerk is the inconvenience of having the records divided between two offices, which causes a waste of time for those who wish to ascertain the exact condition of any piece of legislation. With Mr. Brimblecom as clerk, all the records are kept in the city clerk's office, and if either the city clerk or the assistant clerk is absent, the other can refer to the records of both branches. Mr. Glover's friends were much gratified at his nomination, and they also feel that he has acted wisely in declining it.

## NEWTON'S BI-CENTENNIAL.

We devote a great deal of space today, to the exercises at the celebration of the 200th anniversary of the founding of Newton. Such events are worthy of commemoration, and the future historian will find much of value in this issue of the GRAPHIC. It the anniversary was to be celebrated this year, it is to be regretted that the plans were not made for it a year ago, at least. The speakers should have had as many months as they had days, in which to prepare themselves, and they would then have had time for original research, and many facts of interest might have been collected and embodied in the addresses, which could then have been issued in pamphlet form, and have been preserved for reference.

Ex-Mayor Hyde, who gave the historical address, did remarkably well, considering that he was only notified last Friday of what was expected of him. Probably no other man in Newton could have got together such a mass of interesting facts and figures, but as he said in opening his speech, he had had no time to arrange them, or to do justice to the task.

The hurried nature of the preparation prevented any great interest being aroused, for the people had hardly time to get used to the idea that Newton could have a 200th anniversary, before the celebration was over. Nevertheless it was a very interesting occasion, and no Newtonian could help feeling proud over the high compliment paid us by Gov. Ames, and the many pleasant things said of the city by Collector Stanton, Mr. Farlow, Mr. Fowle, Mr. Pettie, Mr. Clarke and by the venerable poet of the occasion, Rev. Dr. Smith. Evidently Newton has a right to have a high opinion of itself, and to look with pity upon those who are so unfortunate as to live in some less favored suburb.

The GRAPHIC acknowledges the receipt of a goodly number of Christmas presents, in the form of new subscribers, most of whom also sent along the two dollars for the year. Little presents of this kind are always acceptable and fortunately New Year's day remains for those who were too busy to attend to the matter this week.

The new city government will be inaugurated on Monday, Jan. 7, when Mayor Burr will deliver his inaugural address, and the new members will take the oath of office. The exercises will be held in City Hall and will be as usual open to the public.

## NONANTUM.

The Nonantum Young Men's Association are to give an entertainment at the Athenaeum Hall, Jan. 16.

The annual Christmas tree was held at the North church on Tuesday night, and a good time was enjoyed by all present. An old fashioned fire place had been erected on the platform and all the surroundings made to represent a cozy sitting room. In a large arm chair was a little girl robed for bed, watching for Santa Claus. In the distance the sleighbells could be heard. Now the children begin to sing "Merrily, merrily, children us, gather around the Christmas tree." Nearer and nearer grows the sound of the sleighbells, and down the chimney land out of the fire place comes Santa Claus. The little girl rises, and tells how naughty she knows she has been, but says she has tried to be good and when her "remember grows" she is sure she will be better, and pointing out her stocking which hangs by the fire side, begs he will not leave it empty, which he promises he will not, and the little girl retires. Then began the distribution of the gifts, and after every scholar in the school had received a gift and a box of bon-bons, all united in singing Coronation, and after the benediction departed for home. Much credit is due the pastor and officers of the school and committee for the admirable way in which Christmas has been observed this year.

The Christmas concert at the North Evangelical Church, last Sunday evening, was well attended and was a grand success. The recitations by the scholars were almost perfect and well suited to the occasion. The singing of the school was excellent especially the third number "Chime on Christmas bells," the chorus of which was accompanied with bells. The closing piece, "Here again," was heartily rendered. The concert was said to be one of the best ever held here. Rev. Mr. Lamb made a short address at the close.

## MEETING OF THE SCHOOL BOARD.

THE ANNUAL REPORT PRESENTED—TESTING THE AUXILIARY FIRE ALARM SIGNAL.

The final meeting of the school board for the present year was held in the high school building, Newtonville, Wednesday evening, Mr. Thomas Emerson, secretary of the board, presented the annual report, and 2,500 copies were ordered printed. Of the appropriation for the school department for the year, \$121,031.59 has been expended, leaving a balance of \$8,81 on hand. The report contains the full report of the special committee on manual training and recommends the establishment of a gymnasium in the high school.

On motion of Mayor-elect Heman M. Burr, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

"The school board, in view of the retirement from office of His Honor Mayor J. Wesley Kimball, and the consequent severing of the pleasant relations which have uniformly existed between the board and him as its presiding officer, desire to express to him its cordial appreciation of his unflinching courtesy and kindness, and to extend to him its best wishes for his future prosperity and happiness."

Mayor Kimball responded pleasantly, expressing his appreciation of the action, and alluding to his pleasant relations with his associates of the board during his official career.

Mr. Dickinson for the committee on text books recommended the adoption of Fontaine's historical sketches and Buckingham's French grammar, to be acted upon by the next school committee.

On motion of Rev. Dr. G. W. Shinn the following resolution relating to the rapid dismissal of scholars from school buildings was unanimously adopted:

"The principals of the various schools are directed to drill the pupils in rapid and orderly dismissal from the school buildings, so that panics may be avoided in a time of danger by fire or otherwise; that the superintendent be requested to arrange with the principal as to what signals shall be adopted for such rapid dismissal."

A petition from Messrs. Isaac T. Burr, C. H. Graves, W. H. Brackett and about 40 others was presented, requesting the construction of a drill shed on land in the rear of the high school building, and referred to the committee on high school.

At the request of Mr. Otis N. Howland, a test of the auxiliary fire alarm signal system was made. Mr. Barton, chairman of the school board, rung in the alarm, (box 231) at 13 1/2 minutes past 8 o'clock. The apparatus responded promptly, arriving at the high school building in the following order: No. 2 hose and No. 1 truck in 3 1/2 minutes after the sounding of the alarm; Chemical 1, West Newton, 7 minutes; No. 1 engine, Newton, 8 1/2 minutes; No. 3 hose, West Newton, 9 1/2 minutes; No. 3 engine, Newton Centre, 11 minutes; No. 4 hose, Auburndale, 16 minutes. The chief and assistant chief arrived at the building promptly.

After the trial, which was very successful, Chief Bixby was requested to explain the system to the board. He stated in substance that the auxiliary signal system was entirely separate from the general fire alarm system. The boxes which connect with the wires of the auxiliary system can be placed in any or all of the rooms in a large building, and in case of fire the alarm can be promptly given, it being unnecessary to travel from one portion of the building to the other in order to ring it in. Over each box, a glass is placed and under this glass there is a button which is attached to a mechanical contrivance, and which upon being pressed rings the alarm.

In regard to receiving the alarm, the chief said that the department was unaware that the trial was to occur at the time fixed by the board. The first intimation was received when the alarm was sounded, and if the department has acquired itself credit, none will feel more sincere pride than myself. We do not expect trial alarms at such an hour, and when I started for the high school building it was with the belief that we were called to a fire. Experiments arranged to test the efficiency of the department generally occur in the daytime.

Rev. Dr. Shinn asked if the department preferred to be called upon the first indications of danger or after a more careful estimate of the nature of the fire? Chief Bixby in reply said that the department was always willing to be called upon in the latter case, but he would prefer to apprehend a fire of a serious nature. It was better if there was any fear of danger to property to promptly call the fire department.

Mayor Kimball asked if the drilling of students with regard to taking action in case of fire was advantageous? In reply the chief said that in case of danger, the pupils would most naturally look out for No. 1, and it was best to call the department, as its members possessed experience and would be cool in such an emergency. It was a good plan, however, to introduce the drill as a precautionary measure.

Mr. Barton said that it was a source of much gratification to him to see with what celerity the department could arrive at a given point after the alarm had been sounded. The test was made in the evening for the reason that the trial in a time would not be anticipated. The result is satisfactory and evidences the efficiency of the department. To the chief and assistant chief great credit is due. They are men who understand their work as well as any officials in other departments.

Mr. Parker said that he was impressed with the discipline of the department. I had not anticipated such a manifestation of discipline as I have witnessed. When the men arrived here to learn that they had been called upon for a false alarm, I failed to hear one unpleasant word from any member of the department.

Mayor-elect Burr said that he was not surprised. It was just what he expected. He had been a member of the fire committee and knew that we had in this city an efficient and well regulated department, comparing favorably with that in other cities and towns. It was gratifying, however, to me, said Mr. Burr, in conclusion, to have the members of the school board witness the success of the trial.

## Newton Natural History Society.

Guzzot's "Earth and Man," Marsh's "Man and Nature," and other like works belong to a recent and fascinating field of thought and study, viz: the life of man as affected by the natural surroundings, soil, climate, etc., amid which he lives. Man, in proportion to his energy, regards himself, and really is a sovereign, extorting both wealth and beauty even out of rugged and barren New England. While, in proportion to his feebleness of will, he is a creature of cir-

cumstances, happy when it is warm, miserable when it is cold. Every man then, is what he is, partly through the force of his own character, and partly through the force of this given condition under which he works out his life.

All, to whom the line of thought here indicated is interesting, will be glad to hear that a treat is in store for them at the meeting of the Newton Natural History Society, on Wednesday evening next, Jan. 2d, in room 4, Eliot block. A paper will then be read by Prof. J. R. Richardson, formerly of Newton, now of Wellesley Hills, on "Geography as a Factor in History," or, with many and varied illustrations, how men and nations are what they are, partly by reason of their earthly location. Every member should be present with a friend.

## RAILROAD STATIONS ROBBED.

TWO SAFES BLOWN OPEN AND RIFLED OF THEIR CONTENTS.

At an early hour Tuesday morning thieves broke into the stations of Eliot, Woodland and Waban, on the line of the Circuit railroad. At the Woodland and Waban stations, the safes in the ticket offices were blown open and rifled of their contents, \$33 in money being taken at the former depot and \$22 at the latter. At Woodland the force of the explosion was so great that the door of the safe was blown through the office window out upon the platform. Every window in the station was shattered and the little depot at daylight looked as though it had been struck with a cyclone. At the Eliot station, which was quite recently completed, nothing of value was taken.

The job was probably the work of local parties, and the authorities are of the opinion that the same gang who broke into the station at Newton Lower Falls about six months ago are responsible for the present crime. City Marshal Richardson and Sgt. C. E. Heustis are investigating the case, but no arrests have as yet been made.

## Y. M. C. A.

The meeting at the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday was largely attended and full of interest. At the praise service selections from the gospel hymns were sung appropriate to Christmas, and at its close Mrs. Hibbard sang a beautiful Christmas song, Mr. Cobb accompanying her. Dr. Callins took charge of the meeting and called on Bro. H. Leonard to offer prayer. The Dr. took for his text, "Call His name Jesus." He illustrated the significance in names by numerous incidents, some of which were somewhat humorous but well calculated to fix the thought of the speaker on his subject. His remarks were listened to with thoughtful attention and we trust some will begin at once to make the words of the text the constant aim and purpose in all that may be done or spoken. The meeting next Sunday will be one of prayer and praise. Come early to help and enjoy the praise service.

The reception and dance of the Newton Tennis Club last night proved a most enjoyable occasion. The hall was appropriately decorated with flags and with the emblems of the club, rackets and balls. Nearly fifty couples waltzed and schottische to music furnished by an orchestra of six pieces under the leadership of Mr. Cole. The refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were supplied by Mr. Parker to the number of twelve o'clock the party broke up and many were the congratulations tendered to the members of the club for so successful an entertainment. The thanks of those who participated in the pleasures of the evening, and the club members, are due to the manager, Mr. Eben H. Ellison, for the energetic and persevering manner in which he conducted the affair. Those who assisted him as aids last night are as follows: Messrs. John K. Taylor, Sydney Harwood, Horace H. Stone, Fred D. Woodford, George C. Brewer, Herbert S. Potter.

## MARRIED.

BENNETT-GREENE—At Newton Centre, Dec. 26, by the Rev. Lemuel C. Barnes, F. M. Bennett and Annie M. Greene, both of Newton Centre.

HUBBARD-ODIERNE—At Auburndale in the Congregation 1st church, Dec. 24, by the Rev. Calvin Cutler, William Chester Hubbard of Auburndale and Emma Eliza Odierne of Wellesley.

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Is made only of strictly pure grape cream of tartar, strictly pure bicarbonate of soda, and a small portion of flour as a preservative, none else whatever, and is warranted entirely free from alum, ammonia, phosphates, lime, and all the adulterants frequently found in baking powders. The character of materials used, their purity, and the nicety of their combination, render Cleveland's superior baking powder the most healthful and most economical in use, and it always affords wholesome, nutritious and delicious food.

It is recommended for purity, healthfulness and efficiency by Government and State chemists, chemists of Boards of Health, and professors in institutions of learning throughout the country.

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BOSTON.

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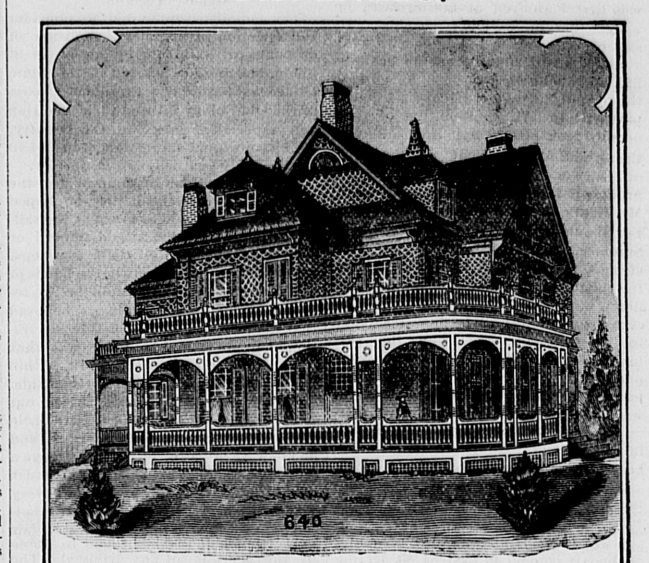
## Mortgages.

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"The Citadel of Hope for Earth is Home."

This place is a charming home. It is situated on high land, in a neighborhood unexcelled by any other. It is in fact,

"A bower of ease in which

The past may be forgot."

Neither money or labor was spared in making the house as thorough as brains and talent could devise. It is situated on the corner of two streets; the architectural effect on each is equally pleasing and is so arranged that every room is very sunny and pleasant.

On the first floor are five rooms beside a large hall and back room, with large and numerous closets. The smallest room on this floor is 12x15 feet, and are finished in hard woods rubbed down and polished to a mirror surface. The floors are inlaid, polished hard woods. There are eight open grates with mantles and tiled hearths. Four large chambers and the bath room open from the front hall up stairs, and one from the back hall several of the chambers have large dressing rooms connected with them, set bowls, hot and cold water, etc. The closets are all very large and well fitted up. The back stair case is in quartered oak and is continued up into the third story, which contains four large, airy, pleasant chambers finished in pine in the natural color, with large closets and ample store rooms. The house is heated throughout with the most recently improved steam apparatus, by indirect radiation. The lawn is large and beautifully laid out. This is a genuine home."

"Here, as in earth's first garden, dwells sweet Peace."

This estate is located in Ward Seven, City of Newton, and is only twelve minutes walk from the railroad station, public library, churches and schools. The estate cost nearly \$30,000 was built for ready cash and is free and clear. It has never before been offered for sale but owing to changed circumstances will now dispose of it at a bargain on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of

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## BUSINESS NOTICES.

FOR SALE—A ten-foot double runner in good condition; has been used one winter. Apply at John Flood's store, Nonantum Block, Newton. 12-2w

DOG FOUND.—Came to my house about the 17th, a brown pup with white breast, a cross between a setter and spaniel, which the owner can have by paying charges. N. L. Webster, Station street, Newton Centre. 12-1t

FOUND—A stray terrier dog on Lincoln street, Newtonville, the owner can have him by paying description and paying board and charges. Apply to GRAPHIC office. 1t

FOR SALE.—Retail Provision route of one hundred and fifty to two hundred customers. Apply to A. D. Hall, Newton Highlands, Mass. 12

BOARD WANTED.—For gentleman and wife in a private family. Six o'clock dinner. Address stating location and price, "M. O.," Graphic Office. 12-1t

FOUND—Gordon setter pup. Owner can have him by proving property and paying charges. Apply to J. A. M., 26 Thornton Street, Newton. 12-3t

TO LET—Three rooms with board on Thornton Place, Ward One. First-class in every respect. Apply at the second house on the left. 6t

FOR SALE—A thoroughly built, upholstered single sleigh. Enquire at this office. 9t

TO LET—A suite of rooms or the whole of a house containing 11 rooms, to responsible tenants. The situation is one of the best in West Newton, fine neighborhood, centrally located and desirable in every way. Address: Mrs. G. M. Chase, West Newton. 8t

TO LET—In West Newton, near depot on hill side of railroad, a tenement of 6 rooms, \$15 per month, also apartment of 7 rooms, \$25 per month. Apply to C. F. Tuttle, Hunter St., or at office, 112 Devonshire St., Boston. 9

TENEMENTS—To let in Newtonville. Apply to D. P. O'Sullivan, Cabot street, Newtonville. Telephone 55-5. 24t

TO LET—In Newton, house of 10 rooms and bath, gas, furnace, etc., near depot. Moderate rent. Address G. S. Brazor, 24 Hayward Place, Boston. 4t

FOR SALE—Roan horse, six years old, 1600 lbs., sound and kind. An excellent roan horse, single or double. Apply to J. Baker, Sergeant St., Newton. 4t

FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, if desired, in house having modern conveniences, situated on Jefferson Street, Ward 7. Address 317 Lincoln St., Box 878, Newton. 45-4t

## FOR SALE.

## NEWTON LOWER FALLS.

The Flagg estate on Grove St. House has 9 rooms; is in good order, 13,750 feet of land with fruit trees and grape vines, good neighborhood, near churches and schools, 5 minutes walk from Lower Falls R. R. Station. \$2100. Best would be sold to settle the estate.

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## NEWTONVILLE.

—Mr. Everett Smith has purchased a fine racing cutter in anticipation of the sleighing season.

—A regular meeting of the Goddard Literary Union will be held Tuesday evening, Jan. 1, at 7.45.

—Mr. Chas. Curtis has commenced operations on two new houses to be erected on Walnut Place.

—Rev. Mr. Hunter will address young men of the Congregational Church next Sunday evening.

—Mrs. C. S. Keene will receive New Year's calls with Mrs. H. D. Kingsbury, Otis street, from 7 to 11.30.

—Mr. H. F. Ross and Mr. C. T. Pulsifer are building five new houses on Clyde street. The cellar foundations are already laid.

—The engagement of Miss Nellie Vose, daughter of Mr. W. T. Vose, of Clinton, Mass., to Mr. W. B. Bates, Jr., of Iowa City, Iowa, is announced.

—The stores of Mrs. A. Williams, H. P. Dearborn, C. H. Tainter and John Payne were decorated with flags in honor of the observance of Newton's bi-centennial anniversary.

—Mr. H. F. Ross has purchased the Pulsifer property embracing Tremont Hall, the building occupied by Mrs. Williams and J. Cheever Fuller, and the carpenter shop in the rear.

—Herbert Stiles and Herbert Chase are home from Amherst during the holidays. Wm. Dennison of Tufts and Walter Pulsifer of St. Paul's academy are among the Christmas visitors.

—The children of the M. E. Church assembled around the Christmas tree, Monday evening, and many happy and joyous faces indicated the pleasure derived by the little folk upon that occasion.

—Hugh McIntosh was thrown from his carriage in the square Monday morning, his horse becoming frightened by a passing train. Mr. McIntosh was uninjured and the horse was caught by Herbert Hunting.

—Mr. Bacon's horse became frightened in the square by the cars last Saturday morning and tipped the carriage over upon its side. Officer Bosworth caught the horse by the head, and a more serious accident was, perhaps, thus averted.

—The ladies' sewing circle of the Universalist Church have presented Mrs. R. A. White with a very handsome Afghan, Mr. H. B. Parker with a handsome clock, and Mrs. George W. Pope with a beautiful lamp shade, in recognition of services rendered to the circle.

—Monday afternoon from 4 to 7 o'clock, the children of the Universalist Sunday School enjoyed themselves at the church. There was a play by the children entitled "One good turn deserves another," and a very pretty operetta. A Christmas tree, heavily laden with all manner of attractive articles was one of the most popular features.

—Last Saturday afternoon, at 1.30 o'clock, as Mr. Geo. Pickard was driving down Washington street, his horse shied in front of a broken down wagon last, and on one side dashed the carriage against a telegraph pole. It was a substantial Goddard buggy and withstood the severe strain fortunately, the axle being sprung and the horse killed. It was a narrow escape for Mr. Pickard.

—At a largely attended and very harmonious meeting of members of the Central Congregational Church, held in the church parlors Saturday evening, by unanimous vote a committee was appointed to purchase land upon which a new church edifice will be erected. The society have contemplated the step for some time. The present building was built a number of years ago, and a larger and more convenient church has become necessary.

—A very pleasant event occurred last Saturday evening at the residence of Mr. H. Carter, Highland avenue, the occasion being the 90th birthday of Mr. Timothy H. Carter. There were about 40 present, and the venerable gentleman who has lived so many years and who still enjoys good health, was presented with an elegant gold headed cane. The event was of especial interest, as it was also a reunion of the Carter family and rendered thus doubly enjoyable to those present. During the evening an original poem was read, and the usual social features were interspersed with music and a fine collation.

—Mr. John E. Abbott of Lowell street and Mr. John Viles were out enjoying a ride in a demure wagon last Saturday evening, and while driving through Walnut street at the junction of Lowell, the horse became frightened, shied toward the sidewalk and threw out a number of articles. Mr. Abbott received very serious injuries, a scalp wound around his head requiring 13 stitches. His leg was also broken in two places. Mr. Viles who was not seriously injured, took the horse to his home, where he resided, and after his wounds had been dressed, he was removed to his home. He is reported as comfortable, but his wounds are considered serious. Mr. Abbott is 65 years of age.

—Christmas Day, Miss Howard of Watertown, accompanied by two other young ladies, were out taking a ride in a phaeton buggy on Watertown street. The horse became unmanageable and the phaeton fell into a gravel pit, throwing out the occupants. Miss Howard receiving injuries, the wheels having passed over her shoulder. She was attended by Dr. J. J. Coxeter, and arrived upon the scene at just the right moment. The horse ran down Watertown street and took the sidewalk at the junction of Lowell street, knocking down and running over Minnie Boynton, aged 10 years, and Olive Allen, about the same age. The children were playing upon the sidewalk, and the Boynton child received serious bruises, the other girl escaping with slight injuries. The horse kept down Central avenue and up Washington street to West Newton, where he was stopped by Mr. W. E. Glover, who kindly drove Miss Howard to her home.

—At the Methodist church, Sunday evening, the usual Christmas concert took place. There was a large attendance and the exercises were of an interesting character. The program followed: Short address and prayer by the pastor; singing; quartet; singing, Sunday school; "Waiting for the Messiah"; recitation, Nellie Harrington; recitation, Samuel Eaton; singing, Sunday school; "Unto us a child is born"; recitation, Helen Dyson; reading, Cora Carter; singing, Sunday school; "The angel chorus"; recitation, Charlie Carter; recitation, Blanch Ellis, 10 years; singing, Helen Dyson, Betsey Dyson; singing, school; "The Shepherd's Song"; recitation, Gertrude McKenzie, Ida Lyons; singing, Sunday school; "Kings of the Orient"; reading, Fannie Stowell; singing, Sunday school; "The Wonderful Star"; recitation, Stanley Scott; recitation, Lillie Lyons; recitation, Fred Coleman; singing, Sunday school; "Wake the song of Jubilee."

—Rev. R. A. White gave a very interesting sermon last Sunday morning from the text "Lord, to whom shall we go, Thou hast the words of eternal life." In the course of his discourse he said what a grand church we could have if we could combine the enthusiasm of the Methodists, the positiveness of the Catholics, the impressiveness of the Episcopalians, and the missionary spirit of the Congregationalists, with the liberality of the Universalists. The speaker dwelt on the necessity of right living, and the attention to the simple duties taught by Christ in his sermon on the mount, and in all his sayings. The dogmas for which men have suffered and inflicted martyrdom were not heard of until the first of years after Christ, and are not to be found in his teachings. To do right, to carry the spirit of Christ's words into our daily life and our dealings with our neighbors, is the great thing. Look to Christ for instruction and not to the doctrines and dogmas of men.

## WEST NEWTON.

—Little Dora Kimball was the recipient of a large number of Christmas gifts, a tree well supplied with pretty and useful presents meeting her astonished gaze on Christmas morning.

—Newton Lodge, 92, I. O. O. F., elected these officers last evening: James Anderson, N. G.; Oscar S. W. Bailey, V. G.; William E. Glover, secretary; Horace E. Williams, treasurer; E. H. Pierce, trustee for three years.

—The next meeting of the West Newton Women's Educational Club will be held on Friday, Dec. 28, at 2.30 o'clock p. m., in the parlors of the Unitarian Church. Subject for discussion, "China; some questions answered." Opening paper by Mr. Edward Drew.

—A pistol shot from the direction of River street Tuesday evening frightened several ladies in the neighborhood and when they fled to the house of a friend, a stream of bright visions of Christmas, turkey and plum pudding, but of desperadoes with loaded pistols and other similar utensils.

—A Christmas concert by the Sunday school of the West Newton Baptist church, which the children vestry last Saturday evening. Selections were rendered by a choir of children from the Home for Little Wanderers, Boston. The usual recitation, readings and singing by the classes took place.

—The members of the West Newton Women's Educational Club will receive their friends on New Year Eve, at 7.30 o'clock, in the parlors of the Unitarian Church at 7.45. Professor Charles E. Fay, of Tufts College, will give a paper entitled "A pedestrian tour through the Rocky Mountains," illustrated by the stereographs. Refreshments will be served at 10. A large attendance is anticipated.

—Newton Council, 830, American Legion of Honor, elected the following officers at a meeting held last Friday evening: Mrs. S. D. Crockett, commander; Mrs. A. G. Stacy, vice commander; Mrs. E. J. Bailey, orator; Dr. F. E. Crockett, secretary; J. B. Stewart, treasurer; C. Seaver, Jr., guide; Franklin Metcalf, warden; Mrs. M. J. Langley, chaplain; Charles F. Cutting, chaplain; Miss Maria W. Tyler, organist. The former trustees were elected.

—The operetta "Golden Hair," by J. Astor Broad, will be given in the City Hall, this evening, under the direction of Miss Guiney of Auburn and Miss Fitz of West Newton. The following gives the cast of characters: Bear—Big Bruin, Mammie Muff, Tiny Cub, by Mr. Pearce, Mr. Hasset and Master Barry, respectively; hard, Mr. O'Neill, Will O' the Wish, Miss Martin; Frailty, Miss Hackett; Faithful, Miss Kiley; Alry, Miss McGlinchey; Light-foot, Miss McCarthy; Queen, Miss Barry; Golden Hair, Miss Healy.

—Mr. John Atkinson died at his residence, corner of Washington and Fuller streets, Friday evening, aged 60 years. He was a native of Newburyport, and was formerly engaged in the East Indian trade, in which he was very successful, and accumulated a large fortune. During the civil war he suffered great losses, many of his vessels being captured by the blockade runners, but when the Alabama yard was destroyed he was partially reimbursed. About ten years ago he retired from business and for several years has resided at his beautiful home in Newton. He was well known for his generous disposition and was highly esteemed. He leaves a widow, two daughters and a son.

—The Unitarian festival, Monday afternoon, was a very happy one. Mr. Eustace Barker being the inspiring spirit of the occasion. Previous to its appearance, a number of Claus, the pretty drama of the little ones appearing on the stage half asleep, with their candles, searching for him until wearied, disappeared. A number of the doors are opened and the lovely tree disclosed, loaded with gifts, was most beautifully enacted. The recipients of these were the little ones of Miss Williston's home of Auburn, who were the guests of the school, and for whom they were furnished by the children. After games, and a bountiful supper provided for all, they returned to their homes, leaving a pleasant lesson of giving rather than receiving.

—John B. Wright was arrested by Boston officers yesterday for disposing of stolen property taken from the residence of Mr. C. H. Capen, Elm street, West Newton. The Newton police were notified and Capt. Davis secured Wright and brought him to headquarters where he is now locked up pending an investigation. The property recovered is valued at about \$50, and includes articles of silver, lace, handkerchiefs, etc. The house has been thoroughly overhauled by persons evidently looking for smuggled articles and articles of value. A valuable French mantle clock, worth \$40. Rugs and mats have been tied up into neat bundles all ready for cartmen to take away at some future date. The floor of the room was strewn with burned matches where the thieves had been prosecuting their search. The rear door of the house was unfastened, and the family were away. It looks as though an organized effort to carry off everything but the house was fortunately interrupted.

—Christmas Sunday was observed at the Baptist church with interesting services. The musical program was arranged by Mr. F. B. Rogers, the director, and selections were rendered by a double quartet, comprising Mrs. A. F. Harvey, soprano; Mrs. C. F. Fisher, contralto; Mr. H. S. Fowles, 1st tenor; Mr. F. B. Rogers, 2nd tenor; Mr. F. B. Rogers, 1st bass; Mr. F. B. Rogers, 2nd bass. The organ movements were rendered by Mr. W. E. Frail. The program included an organ voluntary, "Christmas Morn"; "Joy to the World"; hymn, congregation; reading Scriptures; Christmas carol, "The Angels sang"; prayer; Response, male quartet; hymn, congregation; Christmas carol, "Sing high, sing low"; selection, male quartet, "Remember now thy Creator"; postlude, Allegro Moderato.

—At the Unitarian church, Christmas Sunday was appropriately observed. The morning service for the Christmas festival was taken from Charles W. Wendt's music book, "The Carol." The exercises comprised an organ voluntary by Miss Sybil, aged 14.5 by the Sunday school; readings and responses; carol 140; scripture reading and Hallelujah chorus; carol 140; scripture reading; carol 75; reading; soprano solo and chorus; scripture reading and chant, "Gloria in Excelsis"; scripture reading; carol 82; reading from New Testament; prayer, Rev. Mr. Jaynes; solo, Mrs. Barnes; sermon, Rev. J. C. Jaynes; singing, "Joy to the World"; and the benediction. The organ was supplemented by instrumental musicians, consisting of Mr. Severance Burrage, first flute; Mr. Chase, second flute; Mr. Arthur Plummer, colour; Mr. Theodore A. Flen officiated as leader and director.

—Services appropriate for Christmas were held in the Second Congregational church last Sunday morning and evening. At the morning service, the pastor, Rev. H. J. Patrick, preached his annual Christmas sermon to the young people and the following music was rendered by the chorus choir of the church: Anthem, "While the stars are shining brightly," Newcomb; anthem, "Be joyful, O Earth," Maey. The organ numbers by Mr. Trowbridge included, "Let all the Angels of God Worship Him," Handel's Pastoral Symphony, Handel; overture, "Messiah," Handel. In the evening at 6 o'clock the Sunday school concert took place. The new carol service, "The Child Emmanuel," was rendered, consisting of recitations, scripture readings and a responsive carol service, in which the Sunday school chorus, the church choir, and the boys of the Pine Farm family participated. The organ numbers were rendered by Mr. Trowbridge, "Summer Beloved" from the Christmas oratorio by Bach, and a selection from the "Messiah" being finely given. The church was appropriately decorated and there was a large attendance at the services.

## AUBURNDALE.

—Albert Little has gone to New York for a few days.

—Miss F. D. Hoffman is spending her vacation in town with friends.

—Mrs. Emily Bliss is building a house near her father's at Riverside.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Cutler are spending their vacation at the parsonage.

—A New Year's party will be given at Auburn Hall next Monday evening.

—Miss Ada Hatch of Dakota is visiting Mrs. Chas. B. Bourne on Auburn street.

—Mr. E. E. Hardy is having quite a large addition made to his house on Central street.

—Miss C. L. Stewart will spend the remainder of her vacation in Montclair, New Jersey.

—Mr. F. F. Davidson has been confined to the house for several days on account of illness.

—Mr. Edward Hardy is building a handsome addition to his house on Crescent Hill.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Cutler are visiting Rev. Calvin Cutler at his residence, Grove street, this week.

—Miss Nellie Walker, of Aurora college, and her brother Dean of New Haven are at home for the holidays.

—Mrs. Dr. Davol of Portland, formerly a resident of this place, is to have charge of a hospital for Indians in Dakota.

—Miss Edith Farley has returned from New York, during her absence, she visited friends in Philadelphia and Washington.

—A young people's society has been formed by the young folks of the M. E. church with Mr. F. F. Davidson as President.

—On Friday evening, Rev. George Constantine, a native Greek, will speak in the Congregational chapel, of Missionary work in Syria and Smyrna.

—The Christmas tree for the children at the M. E. church on Christmas eve was an agreeable attraction. The distribution of presents was followed by a musical and literary entertainment.

—The Sunday School was entertained on Tuesday evening by a stereoscopic exhibition of views from the Holy Land. There was a good audience and some of the pictures were of much interest.

—Some misguided but earnest person sends a batch of quotations against holding services in church to one of the ladies connected with the Methodist church fair. Had the writer been posted, she would know that the fair was held in Auburn Hall and not in the church, so the quotations do not apply.

—The children of the Williston Home and other little folks found a sincere friend in Mr. Samuel Ritchie, Tuesday evening. At his residence special preparations were made for their reception and entertainment. A Christmas tree, provided with useful and pretty gifts proved a source of unalloyed delight to the young people, and an excellent collation was partaken of. The friends were warmly welcomed. About social enjoyment and the happy occasion will long be treasured in the memories of its participants.

—Auburn Council, R. S. G. F., elected the following officers at its meeting held last evening: Fred L. Kallach, ruler; Bernard Early, instructor; George E. Pond, Jr., counselor; J. F. Falkenberg, secretary; James H. Dooliver, financial secretary; Charles L. Markham, treasurer; George Mann, prelate; Benjamin M. Small, director; Martin Walsh, guard; Samuel Ritchie, scribe; B. C. Baker, P. A. McVicar, Chas. A. Miner, trustees; George W. Boone, representative to grand assembly; Elliot W. Keyes, alternate.

## NEWTON CENTRE.

—Mr. Fred Bates is at his home on Beacon street for a week or more.

—The Orthodox Society enjoyed a Christmas social on Wednesday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Reed of Montreal are visiting their daughter here, Mrs. George of Ridge avenue.

—Mr. and Mrs. Walter Webber, of Station street, left for New York on Monday, for a short visit.

—Miss May Caldwell is home for a week or more from Framingham, where she is attending the Normal school.

—George F. Richardson received, on Christmas day, substantial evidence of remembrance from his employers.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gardiner, of Lake avenue, leave on Sunday for Canada, where they intend passing a few days.

—The Stebbins Aid Society met on Wednesday afternoon at the house of Mrs. Eliza Basset, Parker street.

—Mr. Henry S. Williams has had two pretty Christmas trees in view of his show windows during the last week.

—Mr. Augustus Ferry of Warren street has bought a new house on Pleasant street, lately occupied by Dr. Hayden.

—Miss Minnie E. Chester left on Tuesday for Washington, D. C., where she will pass the remainder of her vacation.

—Miss May Smith, of Smith college, is spending her vacation with her sister here, Mrs. Gardiner of Summer street.

—Ex-Mayor Swan of Bangor and his daughter are spending a short time at Mr. James Gammon's on Pleasant street.

—Mr. J. E. Rockwood has moved into his new and pleasant looking home, next to Mr. W. E. Webster's on Beacon street.

—Mr. A. C. Ferry, late of Warren street, has bought a house of Mr. Charles P. Clark, on Pleasant street, and moved into it.

—The National flag was flying through the day yesterday in commemoration of the 20th anniversary of the incorporation of Newton.

—One of the attractions of the theatrical entertainment to be given the latter part of January, will be an orchestra composed of local talent.

—On Saturday a large Christmas box, containing clothing and reading matter, was sent to the Crow Indians by the Women's Auxiliary.

—The Baptist chapel in Thompsonville had Christmas exercises on Sunday afternoon, in which the children participated. Mr. W. Claxton Bray is the superintendent.

—Miss Charlotte Harbach and Prof. Andrews were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends.

—Mr. Edward A. Mason of Ward street, gave a Christmas party on Monday evening. A play was very well given by some of the young people, which was much enjoyed by all.

—The slide of the Newton Centre Toboggan Club will be located this winter at the last place.

—The ladies of the club will please apply to Box 52.

—On Wednesday evening there was a very pleasant social given at Mr. Moses G. Crane's on Lake avenue for the young people of the Unitarian church. After some dancing and music, supper was served.

—Messrs. Noyes & Cobb intend leaving their store on Tremont street for a corner store on Park square and Boylston street. One old firm after another moves westward and after the 18th of February, Mr. Noyes will be found up town.

—The Ladies Union has changed its

name to the Women's Club, and had a meeting this morning at Mrs. Frank P. McIntyre's on Cypress street. Mr. E. B. Drew of West Newton read a paper on Chinese home life and manners.

—There was a very happy party in the Unitarian church on Sunday evening. Some of the little folks presented a play called "A True Christmas," and there was a beautiful Christmas tree, the gifts upon which were sent to the Children's Mission in Boston, in season for Christmas day.

—Wm. McCarthy died a few weeks ago, leaving a wife and 5 children, at Upper Falls, without ample means of support. Patrick McSweeney and Dennis Foley, of Newton Centre, called on a few friends, Christmas day, and received \$37.21 for the family.

—The frequent accidents to the skaters on Crystal Lake of late, have suggested the desirability of having some kind of apparatus within convenient reach to rescue such as may happen to break through the ice. Two or three long ladders and some rope would answer the purpose.

—There will be a Christmas concert in the Unitarian church Sunday evening, at half past seven. There will be music and recitation by the children of the Sunday school. An address will also be made. The service will begin at half past seven and all are cordially invited to be present.

—There will be a Sunday school convention of all the Methodist churches of Newton, including also the Methodist churches of Brookline, Allston and Highlandville, at the Methodist church, Newton Centre, next Wednesday evening, Jan. 2. The subject will be discussed and the interests of the schools considered. The public are invited.

—The Baptist Bible class gave a pleasant Christmas concert on Sunday evening. Besides some good chorus singing, Mrs. Daniel White sang "If I were a voice," in her always pleasing manner and Mr. George Walton sang a solo which was much enjoyed by all. Pieces, appropriate for Christmas, were spoken by Fannie Edman, Miss Smith, soprano; Mrs. Shaw, alto; Mr. C. P. Clark, tenor; Mr. A. E. Brickett, bass. The opening piece, "Alleluia Forth," song by Dudley Buck; also a Christmas Anthem by the choir, was finely rendered. The annual decoration of the church and chapel by the young people of the society was very finely executed, and has a very cheerful appearance.

—The meeting of the Newton Highlands Congregational Society was held in the chapel on Thursday evening, Dec. 20. The meeting was called to order by Mr. George Beal, clerk. Mr. S. W. Jones was called to the chair. The following persons were elected as officers of the society for the ensuing year: W. C. Strong, A. F. Hayward, E. H. Greenwood, parish committee; H. L. Whiting, treasurer; S. D. Whittemore, auditor; W. B. Wood, clerk. It was voted to appropriate \$3000 to meet the current expenses of the ensuing year, the amount to be raised by voluntary contributions, and that the seats be made free.

—The chapel of the Congregational Church was completely filled on Wednesday evening at the Sabbath school children's festival. After the children had enjoyed a supper together a Christmas cantata was rendered. This consisted of choruses and solos by Miss Emma Stevens and by Mr. Will Ryder, who took the part of Santa Claus most acceptably. Six boys, George Pond, Charles Logan, Ray Bates, Harold Gilbert, Wallace Stevens and Earl Atwood, added much to the success of the entertainment by their sweet singing. A chorus, "Hail to Christmas" was followed by recitations and songs and the presents were then distributed by the Superintendent, Mr. A. F. Hayward.

—The Billings family enjoyed the Christmas season at the home of Mr. Homer Tilton of West Newton.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dresser spent Christmas with Mr. Otis W. Everett at Worcester.

—Most of the manufacturing establishments of the village were closed on Monday as well as Tuesday, thereby giving the employees quite a little vacation.

—The Baptist Sunday school enjoyed their Christmas tree on Monday evening and the Methodists celebrated the event on Tuesday evening at Prospect hall.

—Christmas services at the Methodist church next Sunday, at 10.30 a. m.; there will be hymns and anthems appropriate to the occasion. Sermon by the pastor adapted to the young—"What to do with Christmas."

—It is hoped that the next city government will see that this section has some street lights during the next season. We have endured the present lights, so called, until forbearance ceases to be a virtue. It is a waste of time and money to provide lights that are of such poor quality, that they will not even cast a shadow. We cry aloud for an improvement.

—Rev. Mr. Higgins, who has recently been acting as pastor of the Baptist

church in this village, will preach next Sunday morning and evening. Mr. Higgins is doing a good work for his people and a great blessing is confidently expected as a result of his efforts among them. The usual prayer meeting will follow the evening service, and Brother Charles W. Davidson is expected to assist the pastor.

—There was quite a daring robbery on Monday night of the stations on the Circumlocutionary. At Eliot the thieves were evidently frightened away, as the safe was not molested in any way, although every thing was cleared away from it and preparations made to force an entrance. A glass was broken in the office through which they made their entrance. At Waban and Woodland they were more successful, securing money as each place by blowing open the safe. This is a good chance for the Newton police to exercise their detective ability.

—The Forfarshire foot ball team of Boston and the Newton Upper Falls team played an interesting game of association foot ball at Newton Upper Falls Christmas morning, and the former team won by a score of 5-0. The grounds on which the game was played were in a very poor condition; nevertheless, the game was an exciting and interesting one. The teams were made up of the following players: Newton Upper Falls team—J. Smith, J. Proudhon, E. Skelland, W. Washington, A. Proudhon, J. Archibald, J. Dawson, K. I. Brown, W. Brown, W. Smith and T. Dempsey. Forfarshire team—P. Connor, J. Ritchie, J. Strachan, A. Cranmer, A. Faris, W. Robb, H. J. Lees, W. Friendly, A. Carey, J. Strachan, G. Reid, Referee, James Connor.

All persons having a Cough or any Pulmonary Disease may be relieved by Dr. J. M. J. Solomons. Dr. J. M. J. Solomons. 50 cents per bottle at all druggists.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

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## HENRI GREVILLE'S IDYLLES.

THE POTTER OF TANAGRA.

(Translated by Mrs. D. H. R. Goodale for The Springfield Republican.)

The sun was not yet up in the sky, blue as a flax flower,—not even the rosy dawn, that immortal blush, could be perceived, when Charmide, the potter, opened the door of his house. All were asleep in the narrow street; the soft roar of a fountain in the square near by was the only sound that stirred between the sonorous walls. The young man shook his head and retreated; his impatience had awakened him too soon.

Sleep had fled from him for this night; instead of regaining his couch, he turned toward the little inner court of his dwelling, and seated himself with a thoughtful air upon the end of a stone bench, incumbered with pottery. As he meditated, he mechanically took up these products of his art and examined them, the better to know their merits and defects.

There were long-necked amphore, with slender sides and delicate profiles, fit to hold the most precious wines; there were olive jars, shaped like the fruit itself; there were drinking vessels with a round lip, and simple, noble shape; however common these objects of daily use might appear, the potter loved them, for he had made them himself on his facile wheel, his fingers had fashioned them, his mind had conceived them, in that love for beautiful form which satisfies at once the mind and the hand.

Charmide caressed one by one his beautiful amphore, which a discreetly managed fire had brought unharmed through the baking; he passed his finger along their necks, he laid the palm of his hand upon their swelling sides, and his face expressed content, the satisfaction of the artist pleased with his work. The art of the potter was an art then, and he who knew how to guide the wheel dexterously was sure of recognition.

With a slight sigh Charmide rose, and lifting a reversed flower-pot in the corner of the court, he drew out with care from under this protection an object in clay which he regarded for a long time with a kind of awe. It was a little statue, a few inches high, so like the human form that Charmide himself doubted its reality.

"Is it really I who have made it?" he asked, looking attentively at the pure features and the supple limbs of the little figure. "Is it I, or has some goddess finished the work in my sleep?"

It was the image of an elegantly formed woman; draped to the neck in many folds of light drapery, the head inclined a little forward, one arm folded upon her chest, the other hand lifted toward her face, she smiled with a grace mixed with modesty; her eyes seemed striving to read the eyes of the one who looked at her. The young artist gazed for a long time and sighed again. The woman whom the statue represented had never condescended to smile at him.

With a careful finger he arranged a disordered fold in the drapery, he lightly ceased the line which separated the bands of her hair, then he placed the figure before him; the work was ready for the test of drying before submitting it to the oven. Anxious, fearing lest it should crumble, he decided to wet it again.

But time was pressing; the sun had risen and was gilding the top of the wall behind him; he went into the chamber where he had placed the statue, took from a stool a figure as like the other, less perfect, not baked and lightly colored upon the lips, cheeks and eyes. It was even dearer to him, for it was the first attempt in this direction of his still hesitating fingers.

"It costs me something," he said to himself, "to part with thee; for many days thou hast guarded my pillow like a protecting spirit, but to-day—I have sworn it—Chrysis shall know that I love her."

He carried the statue and placed it beside the other, comparing them for an instant, with the gravity of the artist who judges his own work, then he left the house, leaving the door ajar, and directed his steps towards a little street near by which sloped down gently into the open fields.

He stopped before a modest little cottage and would have knocked; the door yielded to his hand and he entered a paved court. The sound of the door turning on its hinges made an old woman look up; she was occupied in sorting flowers on a marble slab.

"What do you want, Charmide?" she said, recognizing the young man.

"I have come for the garland which I ordered yesterday of your daughter," he answered.

"She is in the garden picking flowers and sweet-smelling plants. You are in a great hurry, my fine fellow. It is hardly sunrise!"

Charmide turned away without answering, and took a few steps upon the flags. Opposite him the court opened upon a garden sloping gently down to the Asopos; the little river bathed a bank shaded with oleanders, and flowers and green branches hung double in the water. The freshness of morning and of spring lent an incomparable sheen to the clumps of laurel and to the glistening green of iris and lily. At the end of the garden, in the shade of a group of trees, the young man perceived the bending form of Nais.

She had gathered up in her skirt a great mass of flowers and foliage; the morning dew had dampened the folds of her dress, which clung to her slender, nervous limbs; from time to time her bare arm was raised above her head to reach a high branch, and the artist admired the grace of her agile movements.

"Nais!" he cried aloud.

An echo answered from the laurels; the young girl turned her head, made a signal to him, and continued picking, as she approached the house. She stopped here and there, stooping to the ground or extending her arm toward the bushes, and her pretty pink heels lightly lifted the wet skirt. She came near the young man.

"I have made you wait," she said gently. "I beg your pardon; I got up before daylight and for an hour I walked in the dew; but I calculated wrong, the garland was too short. See; I had to go back to the brook-side."

She spoke with a gentle, pleading voice, that seemed to implore pardon for her tardiness.

"The young man replied carelessly:

"Hurry! the streets are full of people! It will be too late."

"Is it for some one that you love?"

she asked mockingly.

"So it seems," said Charmide, stily.

Nais dexterously wove together the flowers and leaves, the garland, already long, grew rapidly under her hands; the young potter watched her for an instant, then suddenly exclaimed:—

"I have no time to wait; when it is ready bring it to me."

"Very well," said the young girl, without raising her eyes. A slight flush stole over her face as she bent over the garland, but Charmide was already gone.

He was arranging the articles about him mechanically, preparing for the work of the day, when the door of his house slowly opened, pushed by a timid hand, and Nais stood upon the sill, waiting for a word of encouragement. He turned toward her and remained motionless, struck with admiration.

In the protecting shadow of the portico, the figure of a young girl appeared in herself. Unable to carry the long and heavy wreath upon her childish arms she had passed it twice around her slim neck; the mass of flowers fell down to her waist, the two ends, hanging to her knees, were supported by her drooping shoulders and extended arms; with her head bent and her blue eyes lost in the shadow of her bright wavy hair, she looked like a young victim prepared for sacrifice.

"Come in, then," said Charmide, his artist's admiration lost in the pre-occupation of the lover.

"I cannot walk," she said, "it is so heavy."

He approached to relieve her of it, then, moved by a selfish thought—"Cross the street," he said, "I will carry the two ends, and you shall help me arrange it."

She obeyed and crossed the threshold without reply. Nais was accustomed to such demands, as her mother sent her to carry home the wreaths which they both prepared from the flowers of their garden to supply their wants. The flower merchant must not refuse the commands of lovers, an inexhaustible source of wealth to those who know how to profit by it.

But Nais did not seem to feel the pleasure in her work which she usually showed. She stopped before the house opposite the potter's, the door of which, adorned with carving, indicated a certain luxury. The young girl held up the wreath while Charmide fastened it to the two iron hooks placed at the top of the door and intended for this use; then she remained motionless, her eyes fixed on his figure, which he placed upon the sill, in the midst of a mass of fragrant branches.

"That is all," said Charmide, falling back to contemplate the effect of his offering.

"Good-by," said Nais in a gentle voice, without looking at him.

"But your pay, are you not coming for that?" said the young man, approaching and offering her change. She refused it with a gesture and followed him to his house.

"Not that," she said. "I gave you my own work; give me something of yours."

"Very willingly," said the potter. "What will you have? A vase? Here is one with black figures on a ground of the color of the dawn. Or perhaps a jar to put oil in, for the winter. Or—"

"No, I want one of those little figures that you make to please the children."

"A toy? I am quite willing, Nais; but are you not past the age of dolls?"

"I like the figures," said the girl; "you make them well. However small they are, they have a life-like air."

She stretched out her hand to take up a little image of baked clay which was smiling like a child in its mother's arms, and looked at it with delight, then her eyes caught sight, in the shadow of the portico, of the clay figure that morning finished.

"You made two of them!" she exclaimed. "Oh! give me that!"

Charmide placed himself between her and his creation.

"No," he said; "I am sorry to refuse you, but I cannot give you that."

Nais wished and resented a step. "I understand," she said; "I was wrong. But, Charmide, you are stirring up trouble."

"Why?"

"It is not for me to say; but you know that Chrysis loves more for gold than she does for tenderness."

Charmide frowned. "Perhaps she will allow herself to be touched by the artist who can reproduce the image of her beauty."

"Perhaps she will," Nais docilely repeated, but she looked at the potter with a slight frown.

"And the money, have you forgotten it?" said Charmide. "My work may pay for yours but the flowers have some price."

"Is it Flora who gives them to you?" said Nais, gently waving her hand. "If you think you owe her something, offer a libation."

She went out, and the young man, left alone, found the court darker.

"It was the white drapery of the child," he thought, "that lighted up the potter."

He set himself at his wheel, for he had sent away his apprentice for the day, and as he pressed the clay in his hands and governed his work by the measured movement of his foot, he thought of the beautiful girl whose door he had just adorned. Chrysis had traded love, that was true, and Charmide, without being poor, was not among those who could make rich offerings. He knew it; however, the young man did not allow himself to believe that his wishes would be denied. Have not women been known, even those who make a trade of love, to care for a fine fellow who loves them, and to give to him what they sell to others, less favored? Charmide was handsome, and he fancied that his beauty might attract the eyes of a woman free to love whom she would.

Besides, if he did not possess a fortune, he was master of his art; the vases that came from his hands were much liked by his fellow-citizens, who always admired the harmonious grace of his figures, and the serenity of his beautiful lines. If he was not yet considered a great artist, he might be any day. Let Chrysis but love him, and in the joy of satisfied desire, and the expansion of a lover's pride, he would execute a work which should go down to posterity.

"What remains of us when we are gone but the remembrance of our beautiful work and our great deeds?"

Charmide did not feel impelled toward those actions which leave a trace in history, but he was sure that some day he should produce an immortal work.

He thought of these things and worked on with increasing ardor to beguile his impatience to know his fate. Finally he could bear it no longer; he rose hastily, washed his smeared hands in a basin filled with clear water and posted himself in his door-way, to discover what reception Chrysis had given to his offerings.

The tumbled garland was cast into the street; the little tower of leaves which he had placed upon the sill, swept away with the broom, was scattered on all sides, and last and most cruel outrage, the statue, crushed by an unfeeling foot,

and broken into a thousand pieces, had been trampled down before his own door.

With a feverish haste he picked up his work, seeking the smallest fragments; his blood was boiling with rage; for the moment the artist suffered more than the lover. He re-entered his house, deposited the debris of the figure upon his bench; then he returned to the streets ready to force the inhospitable door of Chrysis. He was about to knock, with a heavy hand, when the door opened and the slave of the handsome coquet appeared.

"Your mistress?" Charmide demanded, furious with rage.

Daphne laughed in his face.

"She is gone to the bath. You stopped up her door with a lot of trash; she almost fell over it when she came out. She was in a fine humor, I can tell you! You should have been pleased with her own image; but Chrysis cares for nothing but money."

"Very well," cried Daphne, lifting up her red hands: "what would you have her care for? Does not money buy everything? If you had money yourself she would love you."

"You think so?" said the amazed Charmide.

"I am sure of it. We like rich people, all of us," she added with an air of importance; "they are agreeable in a thousand ways, they are sweet smelling; their clothes are made of rich stuffs; and then they give every conversation with a pretty person."

"Then I have no chance of being loved?" the young man asked, restraining his anger.

"None, my fine friend, unless you have a purse in your hand, and take care that it is well filled with ringing pieces."

She flung him another scornful laugh and retired to the house.

Charmide remained for a moment undecided. After all, this insolent slave who had laughed at him might not know what was in her mistress's heart; who knows? He himself, pleading his own cause, with the enthusiasm of his great longing, might not win the love of Chrysis? He determined to wait for her, and left his door open in order to distinguish the least sound in the street.

He did not have long to wait; a heavy step sounded on the flags, the voice of a man offering some dull joke, a burst of gay young laughter answering him—Charmide frowned.

He knew well that laughter; but he had hoped to supplant the rich young man, and he was not to be so easily deceived; he himself the sharp irony of those lips, red and glossy as the cactus flower; he was mistaken? He wished to satisfy himself, and rushing to the door, he reached the entrance at the moment when Daphne opposite, was opening his charm of red lips.

Giton entered with the air of a master. Chrysis was about following him; the potter called her by name; she stopped, her head thrown forward, like a bird ready to seize its prey.

"What do you want?" she said.

Charmide was only a workman, but he was a handsome fellow, one might stop to look at him.

"I want your love," the young man replied with a boldness which he did not feel. "I am not rich; I cannot deck you with necklaces and the heavy gold ornaments with which the ridiculous person who has just entered your house loads you; but I am a master in my art, and I will transmit your features to posterity."

Chrysis, who had at first listened with indifference, looked at him with an amazed air, threw back her pretty braids, as head, and burst into peals of laughter.

"Posterity?" she exclaimed, in the midst of paroxysms of laughter. "Posterity! For those who come after us! Who thinks of posterity when they are not yet born? The heat has affected your brain, Charmide, or perhaps among the flowers that you hung at my door this morning there was one that had taken away your senses. Some dark, mysterious flower that makes one melancholy and deprives you of your wit. Keep away from me, fine young man, for folly is sometimes contagious."

She laughed and showed her white teeth; the flame of her youth glowed in her dusky cheek, her whole being melted in her supple pose. Charmide extended his hand toward her, but she drew it away. Her features contracted and her glance seemed to the young man like lightning.

"It is not in return for money that I would have your love," said Charmide, darkly.

"I will retract to his own door."

"You are beautiful, O Chrysis, well named; I would mold your supple body, as sculptors do, and preserve its brief beauty for those who come after me. You refused? It is well, I should have been ashamed to offer you gold, when I had something finer to give you. I dreamed of enshrining your memory, O mortal woman! But since you prefer gold—"

"Gold? that is all that gives all!" cried the handsome girl, laughing again; she spoke as her slave had done. "My supple body is handsome now that it is young; but I neither desire to grow old and look like a witch, nor when I am old to see myself as I am now, in the light of my beauty."

Charmide made a gesture of disdain.

"I will not leave you at any price," he said; "you who prefer gold to all that is worth living for. You shall survive your body, Chrysis, but for not wishing to be loved you shall be punished in the eyes of your contemporaries; every one shall know that you care only for gold."

"Ah, poor! there is no man in that!" exclaimed the insolent beauty, shutting her door angrily.

Charmide did not long remain gazing at the wall before him; he went into his court, and taking up the statue which he had moulded in the morning, he crushed the two arms between his hands; he trembled with anger. Under his finger another piece of clay took a new shape; one arm was held toward the body in a boldly expressive gesture; the other hand lifted a full purse; the expression of the face lost its modesty and became audacious.

"There you see her as she is," said Charmide aloud; "there she is, the coquette who loves only money, and who, for money, accepts the ugliest or the foolishest of those who own houses and lands. She will live, this insolent Chrysis, she will live in handsome now that it is young; but I neither desire to grow old and look like a witch, nor when I am old to see myself as I am now, in the light of my beauty."

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"I will not leave you at any price," he said; "you who prefer gold to all that is worth living for. You shall survive your body, Chrysis, but for not wishing to be loved you shall be punished in the eyes of your contemporaries; every one shall know that you care only for gold."

"Ah, poor! there is no man in that!" exclaimed the insolent beauty, shutting her door angrily.

Charmide did not long remain gazing at the wall before him; he went into his court, and taking up the statue which he had moulded in the morning, he crushed the two arms between his hands; he trembled with anger. Under his finger another piece of clay took a new shape; one arm was held toward the body in a boldly expressive gesture; the other hand lifted a full purse; the expression of the face lost its modesty and became audacious.

"There you see her as she is," said Charmide aloud; "there she is, the coquette who loves only money, and who, for money, accepts the ugliest or the foolishest of those who own houses and lands. She will live, this insolent Chrysis, she will live in handsome now that it is young; but I neither desire to grow old and look like a witch, nor when I am old to see myself as I am now, in the light of my beauty."

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## BOSTON THEATRES.

## GLOBE THEATRE.

The Hulton Brothers' gorgeous pantomimic spectacle "Fantasma" is billed for two weeks—ending Dec. 29. The Haultons have always been prime favorites in Boston; many wonderful improvements have been added this season (third act being all new) and they are playing to large and appreciative audiences as usual. The Deluge in the first act is new and very realistic. In the last scene the Volcano, and the transformations, are truly wonderful scenic productions.

## HOLLIS STREET THEATRE.

Miss Mary Anderson is playing with great success. She has packed houses at each performance. Such audiences as do great honor to the stage, as well as to America's greatest actress. Miss Anderson alone is sufficient attraction generally speaking, but when supported by Dan, J. Maginnis, in the comedy role, makes the effect simply perfect.

## PARK THEATRE.

Evans & Hoey in "A Parlor Match" are just as good and even more funny than ever, having added many new features. They are without question the most satisfactory funny men in their great varieties known to-day. If you enjoy a good laugh see Evans & Hoey.

## BOSTON MUSEUM.

"Shenandoah," the military drama, will be withdrawn after this week. On Monday, Dec. 31, a new comedy, called "Sweet Lavender," will make its first appearance in Boston here for an unlimited run. The cast is strong, including Mr. J. B. Mason, Mr. H. M. Pitt, and Miss Fanny Addison (new lady here) in the leading roles. This play is now running most successfully in London and New York.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Charles T. Ellis, in "Casper the Yodeler," is playing to full houses. His singing and dancing is a special feature and very pleasing. Dec. 31, James A. Herne's Company in "Drifting Apart," Seattle, may be secured over the telephone without extra charge.

## Gaiety Musee and Bijou Theatre.

(next to Boston Theatre). General variety performance on the stage. A pleasant retreat, where one may spend an hour or two very pleasantly any time after 10 a. m.

## Miscellaneous.

The incoming administration is in receipt of its sine qua non by this time.—[N. Y. World.]

"I thought that joke of mine was a good one," said Tubbs, "but the editor said it was farfetched. I wonder what he meant." "Farfetched," echoed Merritt, "I suppose he meant Noah brought it over in the ark with him."—[New York Sun.]

Professor of journalism—Mr. Smith, how would you answer an unanswered argument in an opposition paper? Student—Call it a "yawn."—[Terre Haute Express.]

"Did that lady buy anything?" asked the jeweller of his new boy, as the lady in question left the store, apparently in a temper. "She did not. She asked me for an old gold breast pin, and I asked her if she took this for a junk shop. Then she went out."—[Jewelers' Weekly.]

Popinjay—"I see Bigsby hangs around your store a good share of the time. I suppose he is going to be your tried and trusted friend?" Blobson—"Yes, he is my trusted friend; and by and by, if he doesn't pay up, he will be my tried friend."—[Burlington Free Press.]

Many humorists during the past four years have been writing imaginary conversations between the President and his private secretary beginning: "Dan?" "Yes, sir." They have now begun issuing a new series, starting out with: "Lige!" "Yes, m'ud."—[Chicago News.]

Worthy of it: Scribsey—"Hallo! Deacon Fenderly is dead." Quills—"How much space shall we give him?" Scribsey—"Well, as he was a pillar of the church I suppose he ought to have a column, but I shall only give him a stick."

"Mr. Plunkett," called out the new night editor through the speaking tube, "I've got to crowd out either a column of poetry or a column of versements. Which shall it be?" And the discharge of lurid wrath that went up that tube from the editor in reply warped it all out of shape.—[Chicago Tribune.]

Not Havanas after all: Gladby—"Try one of these cigars, my dear boy. They're the real imported article." Mrs. Gladby (innocently)—"Yes, I tell him it's wicked extravagance to pay \$5 for a box of cigars. Don't you think so, Mr. Ferguson?" Ferguson (who has lit one of them)—"I think it is, Mrs. Gladby—for these."

A serious fault: Bookley—"I am very sorry, Mr. Quills, but your novel doesn't seem to me to be worth our while. It would be too great a risk to publish it." Quills—"I took a great deal of pains with it, Mr. Bookley." Bookley—"Ah, that is just the trouble! If you knew a little of grammar and loss of rhetoric, it might have done very well."

Editor of the Whopper (to tramp)—"You can't get anything to do? Sorry; can't help you. Stop! Here's a penny, and a pad; you might sit down on the curb and busy yourself writing a series of candidates for General Harrison's cabinet; you'll find it an infinite source of amusement, and come about as near to the right one as any of us."—[Harper's Weekly.]

"One hundred thousand missionaries and \$10,000,000 in cash can find plenty of work at home every year," remarks Sam Small. We think Samuel is in error. A presidential election occurs only once in four years.

There are newspapers which do more blowing about their circulation than we do, and there may be a few who add more subscribers in a single week, but The Kicker gets there just the same. We began on a circulation of two (2) copies, one of which we carried about in our own pocket, and the other was as a deadhead to the postmaster. We now work 198 copies, which are paid for in advance. This is an increase of 94 per cent in seven months, and we've got a dollar which says no other newspaper in the world can equal it. We don't claim that The Kicker makes kings and emperors tremble on their thrones, or that it has bettered the moral standing of the American masses a thousand per cent, but we do know that we have made life worth living for a good many people out this way who were ready to hang themselves when our first number was issued, and that every new subscriber who comes has faith that we will make a better man of him.—[The Arizona Kicker, in Detroit Free Press.]

## Woman's Education in the South.

There is a movement started in South Carolina to establish an industrial school for girls, and in the interest thereof an effort has been made to withdraw from the Winthrop training school in Charleston the beneficiary scholarships unanimously extended by the Legislature of last year. The students of the Winthrop school have sent a petition to the committee on education protesting against the bill now pending before the committee to abolish these state scholarships. The News and Courier says this petition is signed only by women, and it is written in a fair, "Spencerian feminine script," and the signatures are "pretty and appealing." The Winthrop school is the only one in the state where women are trained for teaching. All the friends of education there are in favor of sustaining it. The governor in his message to the General Assembly strongly commends it. The state superintendent of education urges its support, and the state teachers' association at its annual meeting last July, unanimously endorsed it. In view of the fact that the state spends over \$70,000 for white young men, that provisions are also made for colored men and even for colored young women, it seems strange that this small sum, \$5,000, which covers all that the state does for the education of its white women, should be a bone of contention. The senator who proposes to withdraw this aid is Mr. Hemphill from Abbeville.

The trustees of "Judson female college" at Marion, Ala., whose edifice was recently burned, have resolved to rebuild at once at a cost of \$60,000. There was an insurance of \$25,000 on the building and already \$10,000 has been subscribed for the new one.

Alabama does not wait for the Blair bill. A bill has just passed their House of Representatives adding \$100,000 to the public school fund. It has already passed a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment allowing a special local tax of 50 cents on \$100 for school purposes.

A friend of the school for young women in Columbus, Miss., says that the idea on which the school is founded is the "Women being physically inferior to men, should be more carefully educated in order that they may make the most of such opportunities as are offered them." This school has more than 200 boarders, and they are taught, aside from the regular course of study, various kinds of house work, telegraphy, typesetting, type-setting, stenography, art decoration, wood-carving, dress making, as they may elect, and all are carried to a proficiency to enable self-support. It is claimed by the supporters of the school that the young women when they have finished the course are as well fitted as science can make them for earning a living unaided, or for making a home happy by a proper performance of those domestic duties which fall to the part of wife or mother.

The board of trustees of the prospective girls' reform school of the District of Columbia, of which Judge Samuel Shellabarger is president, at a recent meeting adopted a set of resolutions for the government of the school, and are now looking for a suitable location.

It is an interesting fact that while Virginia, until William and Mary college was rescued from decay by the purpose of preparing teachers, has had only one normal school for white students, and that is for women, she has two for colored students.

One of the oldest and one of the most useful charities of the capital is the Washington city orphan asylum, which was founded in 1815 by Mrs. Madison, while her husband was president.

## BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

FIVE LITTLE PEPPERS AND HOW THEY GREW, BY MARGARET SIDNEY.

This book published by D. Lothrop & Co. is a bright and wholesome story fitted for children, but containing some of the deeper of life's lessons of courage and faith which touch the older people.

The sweet home spirit, the natural life, the desire to help each other and to help their mother, speak lessons to all. Mrs. Pepper, a young widow, is left with the care of five little children. In the "little brown house" they live with few if any of the comforts of life. The oldest boy, Ben, works hard on the deacon's woodpile, and his halves and quarters form quite a help for his mother. She is employed to do the village tailoring, and this throws the household cares upon Polly, who although but eleven when the book opens, is a great help to her mother, as she cares for the daily tasks and the younger children.

The time when the measles visit them is one of real trial, but soon after kind friends are interested and a brighter leaf is turned.

Through the generosity of a wealthy man, education and a home for all are found and in the person of his daughter's husband Mrs. Pepper finds a very dear cousin.

The story throughout is full of interest, and the chief part of this volume we learn to love them all and bid farewell, wishing for a sequel to the Five Little Peppers.

## THE LUCK OF EDENHALL.

The story of "The Luck of Edenhall," by Amanda B. Harris, published by D. Lothrop & Co., is one of the prettiest gift books of the season.

The poem by Longfellow, translated from the German, by Uhlend: "The Story," and "Edenhall" by Susan Coolidge, picture to us life in Edenhall, the olden times, show us the "Hall" and its beautiful lawn, the old cottage with its quaint flower garden and its ancient dame, basking in the sunlight.

The story of its being taken by one of the Lords of Musgrave from the fairies in their midnight revels is charmingly sung, and the sad fate, if by chance any accident should come to it, is best told in the words of the poem itself.

"This glass of flashing crystal tall Gave to my sires the Fountain Sprite; She wrote in it, 'If this glass should fall, Fa-ew! then, O Luck of Edenhall!'"

The Forum will begin the New Year with an exhaustive discussion by Senator Morrill, of Vermont, of the subject which Mr. Butterworth's resolution in Congress has made uppermost—The annexation of Canada. He reviews the agitation of the subject from the colonial times and discusses commercial union, which he holds is unconstitutional, and political union, which should be sought by Canada and not by us, pointing out the practical political disadvantages of admitting a number of States with British political ideas, and the possible European complications. Senator Morrill regards political union as inevitable, but he does not think it ought to be sought by us. Apropos of the Saville West incident, President James B. An-

gell has prepared for the January Forum an historical review of the recalling and dismissing of ministers of our government and by it, James Parton will write of "Defeated Presidential Candidates," making a review of the most notable presidential campaigns since Henry Clay was first a candidate. This number of the Forum will contain also an epitome of Max O'Rell's forthcoming book on America and American manners.

Leonard Woolsey Bacon in the January Forum will take the politicians of both parties severely to task for pension legislation past and prospective in an article which he calls "A Raid upon the Treasury." He undertakes to show that our war taxes are likely to be as burdensome as those of European nations, where "every workingman carries a soldier strapped to his back." Other essays are by James Payn, the English novelist, by Andrew D. White on "The Need of Another University," by Edward Atkinson, by Geo. B. Cowan on Southern Industrial Development, and by Senator Dawes.

The January number of Scribner's Magazine, beginning the third year, was published on the Saturday before Christmas, and, in varied contents and rich illustrations, was an appropriate holiday number, and fitting successor to the very popular Christmas issue. The romantic and picturesque side of "Castle Life in the Middle Ages" is described by E. H. and E. W. Blashfield, and Thomas Bailey Aldrich, editor of the Atlantic, writes of some bright memories of his birthplace, Portsmouth, N. H. His paper, "Outsiders' Views," is the first of the series of final papers which replaces the feature contributed last year by Robert Louis Stevenson.

The January Century will contain Mr. Kennan's paper on "The Life of Administrative Exiles," in which the writer will break the continuity of the narrative of his journey through Siberia, to bring together the fragments of material relating to only one branch of the subject, but gathered piecemeal at different times and in many widely separated parts of Siberia.

## NEWTON FREE LIBRARY.

## List of New Books.

- |  |         |
|--|---------|
| Arnold, M. Essays in Criticism, vol. 2. Contents—The Study of Poetry; Milton; Thos. Gray; Keats; Wordsworth; Byron; Shelley; Count Leo Tolstoy; Amiel. | 52.28   |
| Bissell, E. C. Biblical Antiquities; a Hand-book for Seminaries, Sabbath Schools, Families and Students of the Bible.                                  | 104.200 |
| Brooks, E. S. The Story of the American Sailor in Active Service on Merchant Vessel and Man-of-War.  | 74.219  |
| Clouston, W. A. The Book of Noodles; Stories of Simpletons; or Fools and their Follies.  | 52.411  |
| Codman, J. Winter Sketches from a Cuddler; by a Septuagenarian.  | 31.263  |
| Cooper, Peter. Ideas for a Science of Good Government, in Addresses, Letters and Articles on a strictly National Currency, Tariff and Civil Service.   | 86.43   |
| Eddy, R. Universalism in America; a History, 2 vols.   | 93.478  |
| Heimburg, W. The Noddy Brother; translated by J. W. Wylie.   | 66.606  |
| Henry, G. A. Yarns on the Beach.   | 63.689  |
| Herrick, S. B. The Earth in Past Ages.   | 101.298 |
| An elementary treatise on geology.   |         |
| Hott, J. B. Excellent Quotations from Home and School; selected for the Use of Teachers and Pupils.  | 52.407  |
| Hugo, Victor. Selections chiefly lyrical from the Poetical Works of Victor Hugo; translated by Various Authors; collected by H. L. Williams.           | 54.475  |
| James, H. The Aspern Papers; London; Pallant; The Modern Warning.  | 65.614  |
| Kay, D. Memory; what it is, and How to Improve it.   | 101.297 |
| Martin, B. E. Old Chelsea; a Summer Day's Street History; illustrated by Joseph Pennell.   | 33.374  |
| Peters, C., ed. The Girls' Own Inland Club, containing Practical and Useful Hints on Matters relating to their Material Comfort and Moral Well-being.  | 104.261 |
| Piereson, H. W. History of France in Words of One Syllable.  | 74.211  |
| Quick Cooking, a Book of Culinary Heresies for the Busy Wives and Mothers of the Land; by one of the Heretics.   | 101.403 |
| Rensselaer, M. School, Henry Robinson Richardson and his Work.   | Ref     |
| Rogers, J. E. Thorold. The Economic Interpretation of History; Lectures delivered in Westminster College Hall, Oxford, 1887-1888.                      | 86.46   |
| Serviss, G. P. Astronomy with an Opera Glass; a Popular Introduction to the Study of the Starry Heavens with the Simplest of Optical Instruments.      | 105.249 |
| Smith, H. A. History of Japan in Words of One Syllable.  | 74.207  |
| Taylor, I. Leaves from an Egyptian Note-Book.  | 33.373  |
| Notes of conversations with Egyptians on politics and religion.  |         |
| Tristram, W. O. Coaching Days and Coaching Ways.   | 37.131  |
| The chief part of this volume has appeared in the English Illustrated Magazine.  |         |
| Villari, P. Life and Times of Girolamo Savonarola; translated by L. Villari. 2 vols.   | 95.397  |
| Wiggin, K. D. The Birds' Christmas Carol.  | 65.615  |
| Wilde, Oscar. The Happy Prince and Other Stories.  | 66.600  |
| E. P. THURSTON, Librarian.   |         |
| Dec. 26, 1888.   |         |

## A Woman's Discovery.

"Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this country. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. But she recovered, and she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Katz. Her wife W. C. Hamrick & Co. of Shelby, N. C.—Get a free trial bottle at Arthur Hudson's drugstore.

## The Speakership.

(Springfield Republican.) An experienced political observer, who has circulated pretty extensively over the state, gives these conclusions. "The race for the speakership of the next House of Representatives grows more interesting as the times approaches for the beginning of the session. The contest will lie mainly between John B. Bottum of Northampton, Winfield Scott Slocum of Newton, and J. Otis Wardwell of Haverhill, while W. E. Barrett of the Boston Advertiser and Ferdinand A. Wyman of Hyde Park, will bring up the rear vote.

## KASKINE

THE NEW QUININE.



Gives  
Good Appetite,  
New Strength,  
Quiet Nerves,  
Happy Days,  
Sweet Sleep.

## A POWERFUL TONIC.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, Nervous Prostration. THE MOST SCIENTIFIC AND SUCCESSFUL BLOOD PURIFIER. Superior to quinine. Mine was about as bad a case of Malaria as could be, and yet Kaskine cured me after I had been dosed with almost every drug in the Pharmacopoeia.—J. D. Bird, B. A., Chemist, Farmington Agricultural College. "For eight years I had dumb ague intolerably. Wished myself dead a score of times. I never found a medicine worth the bottle that held it, until I took Kaskine. That was a happy day for me. It gave me appetite and strength, and I could sleep at a nap, and by every word of this. Thos. Toole, Schuylerville, N. Y. Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. \$1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

KASKINE CO., 168 Duane St., New York.

## A FAIR SAMPLE OF 40 SWORN CASES OF THE VALUE OF



## THE RADICAL BLOOD PURIFIER.

DIPHTHERIA. SCROFULA. Miss Lena Jenkins, a daughter (17 years old) of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Jenkins, 67 Boston St., Lynn, CURED by Dr. Lougee's Vitalizing Compound of severe cases of Scrofula, with Malignant Ulcers of eight years' standing. After 11 Physicians had failed. Almost a miracle. Now in perfect health. *Sworn to before* HARMON HALL, Justice of the Peace.

## SCROFULOUS HUMOR.

Miss Mary Etta Leighton, a daughter (16 yrs. old) of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison G. Leighton, 16 Bedford Court, Lynn, CURED by Dr. Lougee's Vitalizing Compound of a deep seated Scrofulous Humor, with discharging eruptions, which had baffled eight physicians and the combined forces of two prominent hospitals. Perfectly cured and without a blemish. *Sworn to before* CALVIN B. TUTTLE, Justice of the Peace.

Send for circular of 40 Sworn cases. They are solid facts and carry conviction.

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## VITALIZING COMPOUND.

Is absolutely the greatest known Remedy for the Radical cure of Scrofula, Cancerous Humors, Diphtheritic or Mineral Blood-Poisoning, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Dropsy and Liver Complaint.

\$1. per Bottle (6 for 5). At Druggists.

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I have taken your Bitters for a scrofulous humor; and they have effected a complete cure; something eminent physicians have failed to do. I consider it my duty to recommend them to others.



Send for book on fortune telling, etc., free.

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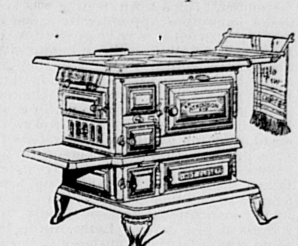
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Nice Work Guaranteed by the NEWTON CARPET CLEANING COMPANY.

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Sole Manufacturer of the ROCHESTER BUG EXTERMINATOR. Price 35 cents a bottle; 3 bottles for One Dollar.

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Which is made from carefully selected Herbs and Drugs, compounded under the immediate supervision of competent pharmacists.

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Such as Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Loss of Voice, Tickling Cough and Croup causing Night Sweats, Hectic Fever, Chronic Catarrh, Asthma, and other Pulmonary affections as shown by discolored expectorations, etc., is to procure a remedy that has proved itself, through years of practice to be invaluable in such diseases, and which is commended by all who have used it. Such a remedy is

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Has had exceptional opportunities for studying these forms of diseases, and his success is sufficient evidence of his skill in treating them. It is apparent that his professional success is due to the fact that he has been able to attach his name to any worthless remedy, and giving unreliable people the benefit of a prestige that it has taken over a half century to establish. This Remedy may be taken with a greater degree of confidence than any similar preparations in the market. It is comparatively inexpensive, and may be found

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Ladies and gentlemen of integrity, who are in search of a lucrative profession at home, should investigate the great human vitality Compound (Vapor Bath) as a source of income in practice and sale of domestic outfits, the demand of which increases as the public learn that all deposits of poison must leave the body by this ruling luxury. O. W. F. Snyder, of Chicago, and many others, have copied my cuts to deceive the people. Look out for them! DR. CONANT, Skowhegan, Maine.

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Eight Flanges, Angle Fronts and

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## NEWTON'S BI-CENTENNIAL.

(Continued from Page One.)

lage, the first church was organized and the Rev. John Elliot, Jr., son of the apostle to the Indians, organized as its pastor. This consummated the ecclesiastical, though not the civil separation of Cambridge village from Cambridge. The congregation of the church comprised about 30 families, with 80 members in the church, 40 of each sex. In 1672, our sturdy ancestors again petitioned the general court to set them off and make them a town by themselves. In answer to this request, the general court in 1673 declared "that the court doth judge meet to grant to the inhabitants of said village annually to elect one constable and three selectmen dwelling among themselves to order the prudential affairs of the inhabitants there according to law; only continuing a part of Cambridge in paying county and country rates so far as refers to the grammar school, bridge over Charles river and their proportion of the charges of the deputies." This action of the court they refused to accept and act under, although it was quite a step in advance. In 1678, a lengthy petition was drawn up and signed by 52 freemen, praying that they might be granted their freedom from Cambridge and that they might receive a name. The selectmen of Cambridge remonstrated, but the general court, now ever, granted to Cambridge village "the right to choose selectmen and to manage the municipal affairs of the village, but not the right to elect a constable, which was reserved to the mother town in the year 1679, when Jackson says the town was incorporated, for they did from that time control the prudential affairs of the village; but it is equally true that they were taxed together for several years after, for state and county rates, and some other purposes. It is certain that they were not allowed to send a deputy to the general court until 1685, when the separation was fully consummated. The records of Cambridge, the old town, show that constables were elected for the village after 1679, and that they were not elected for the village after the year 1685. Paige's recent history of Cambridge seems to entirely clear all doubts as to the true date of the incorporation of Newton.

He was fortunate enough to find two documents which probably Mr. Jackson never saw. One is an order of notice preserved in the Massachusetts archives, of which the following is a copy. "To the constables of the town of Cambridge or either of them: you are hereby required to give notice to the inhabitants of said town that they or some of them be and appear before his Excellency in council, on Wednesday, being the 11th of this inst., to show cause why Cambridge village may not be declared a place distinct by itself and not longer a part of said town as hath been formerly petitioned for and now desired; and thereof to make due return year after year, on the 11th day of January, in the third year of His Majesty's reign, A.D. 1687. By order etc., J. West, D. Sec'y."

What was the result of this process does not appear of record, for the records of the council during the administration of Andross were carried away. Andross, however, a certified copy of the order which is equivalent to an act of incorporation, is on file in the office of the clerk of the judicial courts in Middlesex county. At a council held in Boston, January 11, 1687, present his Excellency, Sir Edmund Andross and seven councilors, an order was issued, a part of which we give. "Upon the reading this day in the council the petition of the inhabitants of Cambridge village, being sixty families or upwards that they may be a place distinct by themselves and freed from the town of Cambridge, and that they may have the first settlement they were annexed, they being in every way capable thereof, it was ordered that the said village from henceforth be, and is hereby declared a distinct village and place of itself, wholly freed and separated from the town of Cambridge and from all taxes, rates, payments or duties to them whatsoever." The order further provided how Cambridge bridge should be supported. This order was signed, John West, Dep'y Sec'y. Then followed: "This is a true copy taken out of the original 14th day of December, 1688, as attested, L. Hammond, clerk. Dr. Paige adds, "There remains no reasonable doubt that the village was released from ecclesiastical dependence on Cambridge and obligations to share in the expenses of religious worship in 1691, became a free town in 1673, received the name of Newton, in December, 1691, and was declared to be a distinct village and place of itself, or in other words, was incorporated as a separate and distinct town by the order passed January 11, 1688."

After Cambridge village was set off, it was sometimes called New Cambridge, until 1691, when, in answer to a petition to the general court, it was called Newton and so the name was spelled until 1700, when Judge Fuller became town clerk, and spelled it in the town records "Newton" and which Newton it has been ever since. We have devoted much time and space to establishing the facts concerning the incorporation of Newton, because Mr. Jackson, in his history, published in 1854 the date as 1670, which has since been shown to be incorrect both by Dr. Paige and Dr. Smith. After a careful examination of the facts, we are fully satisfied that they have fixed on the true date.

At this time, ten of the first settlers had passed away. Sixty families were dwelling within the limits of the town. We give a few brief items relating to the people living on these broad acres from 1680, onward.

In 1634, at a court held in Newton, Cambridge, the records show it was "ordered, that no person shall take tobacco or any other commodity, but by license of the court, under penalty of eleven shillings."

In 1643, same court "ordered, that no person shall be allowed to sell cakes or buns, except at funerals and weddings."

In 1643 six acres of land were conveyed on payment of £5. In 1645, "There were in all Cambridge 135 rateable persons, 60 horses, 208 cows, 131 oxen, 229 yoke of cattle, 37 sheep, 62 swine and 58 goats."

In 1646, Rev. John Eliot first attempted to Christianize the Indians. He was welcomed to a large wigwam on Nonantum Hill. A considerable number of Indians assembled to hear a sermon an hour in length. The Indians were instructed in husbandry and some taught trades.

In 1647 the town bargained with Waban, the Indian chief, and first convert to Christianity, "to keep six score head of dry cattle on the South side of Charles River."

In 1656 persons appointed by the Selectmen to execute order of the General Court for the improvement of all families within the town in spinning and manufacturing cloths.

In 1650 wild land sold for one dollar and a quarter per acre. In 1670 Town Meeting called to consider the matter of fortifying the town against Indians.

In 1691 first couple married in Newton after it was incorporated. In 1693 Town paid 20 shillings for killing three wolves.

In 1690 voted to build a school house 14x16 feet.

In 1700 hired a school master at five shillings per day. In 1707 paid twelve pence per dozen for heads of black birds. Also voted to choose two persons to see that hogs were yoked and ringed according to law.

In 1711 voted to have collections taken up Thanksgiving days for the poor. In 1717 vote passed to prevent the destruction of deer; same in 1741.

In 1700 voted to have a stove to warm the meeting house. The same year voted that the deacons have liberty to sit out of the deacon's seat.

In 1800 voted to disannul the ancient mode of seating parishioners in the meeting house.

The people of Newton from the very first took great interest in military affairs. The men of Newton took prominent part in all the Indian wars and some lost their lives in that service. They were King Philip's war, and the wars with the Indians as well as in the old French and Indian war. Col. Williams, the founder of Williams College, was shot in the memorable battle fought with the French and Indians near Lake George in September, 1755.

Of the part taken in the war of the revolution by the inhabitants of this town, it has been well said, that "almost to a man they made the most heroic and vigorous efforts to sustain the common cause of the country from the first hour to the last, through all the trying events which preceded and accompanied the war." Our fathers were jealous of their rights and while they were willing to stand by the government they were not the men to submit to any injustice. In December, 1772, a town meeting was held and a committee appointed to consider and report what it may be proper for the town to do relating to the unhappy situation of the country. In 1773, they trusted their representative, Judge Fuller, to use his influence against the salaries of the judges of the superior court being fixed and paid by the Crown, instead of by the great and good people. It is probable that not a person in the colonies at this time seriously entertained the thought of taking up arms against the mother country, but relied upon constitutional methods, only, for redress of grievances. Later, during the same year, a large committee was chosen "to confer with the inhabitants of the town as to the expediency of leaving off buying, selling or using any India tea."

On Dec. 16, 1773, there was a famous tea party in Boston such as was never seen before, nor has been since. Newton was represented on that occasion by two or more of its citizens. One in particular who drove a load of wood to market, staid very late that day and was not very anxious the next morning, to explain the cause of his detention, but as tea was found in his shoes, it is not difficult to understand what he had been doing. The following year, 1774, the town adopted a series of resolutions declaring they would not voluntarily and tamely submit to the levying of any tax for the purpose of raising a revenue, when imposed without their consent, or that of their representatives, and that any persons who advised or assisted in such acts, were inimical to this country, and thereby incurred its just resentment; and in such light they regarded all merchants, traders and others, who should import or sell India tea, until the duty so justly complained of should be taken off. They further pledged themselves that they would not purchase or use any such tea while the duty remained upon it. A committee was appointed to confer with like committees of sister towns as occasion required. During the same year the town voted that the Selectmen use their best discretion in providing fire arms for the poor of the town, where they were unable to provide for themselves. In October of the same year the town sent delegates to the Provincial Assembly, at Concord, and the next year to a meeting of the same at Cambridge. Early in the year 1775 the town voted to raise men to exercise two field pieces that had been given, and also to raise a company of minute men, and thus be prepared for any emergency. This action furnishes the explanation of the fact that Newton had so many men engaged in the battles of Lexington and Concord.

On the 19th of April, 1775, a day ever memorable in the history of our country, when the first battles of independence were fought at Lexington and Concord. Newton had three organized companies of militia men all of whom were present and took part in the battles of that historic day, during which they marched about thirty miles. The two hundred and eighteen men composing these three companies were not all that Newton sent to the battle fields that day; for many went who had passed the military age, and so were exempt from duty, but who felt as did Noah Wiswall, the oldest man who went from Newton, and whose son commanded one of the companies, and who had other sons and sons-in-law in the fight. He could not be induced to remain at home because he said "he wanted to see what the boys were doing," and when shot through the hand coolly bound it up with a handkerchief, and brought home the gun of a British soldier who fell in the battle. Col. Joseph Ward, a master of one of the public schools, a Newton man, took a very active part. On the 19th of April he left Boston for Newton, took horse and gun, rode to Concord to animate and assist his countrymen. He also greatly distinguished himself at the battle of Bunker's Hill, when he served as aide-de-camp to Gen. Artemus Ward. Soon after these earlier battles two companies were raised in Newton. In March following these companies with others took possession of Dorchester Heights, which proved a short service; as on the 17th of that month, the British evacuated Boston, much to the joy of the good people of that town.

Soon after, one of these companies joined in an expedition to Canada. On the 17th of June, 1776, the first anniversary of a day made memorable in the history of our country, by the heroic struggle on Bunker's Hill, where Newton was well represented, and two weeks before the Declaration of Independence our forefathers in this busy season of the year left their fields and quiet homes, and gathered in town meeting to discuss and pass upon a matter of vital importance to them, their posterity, and the world. At this town meeting where Capt. John Woodward was moderator, the second article in the warrant was: "That in case the Honorable Continental Congress, should for the safety of the American Colonies, declare independent of the Kingdom of Great Britain, whether the inhabitants of this town will solemnly engage with their lives and fortunes to support them in the measure. After debate the ques-

tion was put and vote passed unanimously.

These bold and memorable words meant the sacrifice of comfort, fortune, home, friends, and life if need be, for the right to govern themselves and enjoy the privileges of freemen.

In winter's snows and summer's heats the men of Newton, old and young, able and disabled were found filling the ranks of the little American army. They formed a part of nearly every expedition and were found on nearly every field from the opening battles of Lexington and Concord, to the final surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown.

Newton, then a little country town with only about 1400 inhabitants, entered upon the War of the Revolution with great vigor and spirit, contributing liberally both men and means, as she always has done and always will do, when her country calls. No town in Massachusetts can show a more honorable record. It is said by the historian that nearly every man in Newton served in the army some time during the war.

The history of the world scarcely affords a parallel to all our fathers did and suffered during the long struggle they endured in the cause of liberty. Let us not forget that Newton enjoys the honor of having been the birthplace of one of the immortal band of men who signed the Declaration of Independence, Roger Sherman, a name embalmed in the hearts of his countrymen as well as on the pages of history.

Of the part Newton took in the war of 1812 little is known, but it is no doubt true that the sons of such worthy sires were found fighting when the country was in need. Let us briefly consider Newton in the War of the Great Rebellion. From the opening gun fired on Sumter, April 12, 1861, until the close of the rebellion, Newton nobly performed her part.

She furnished at least thirty-six commissioned officers, two generals and 129 soldiers who formed a part of thirty regiments.

These men gave themselves to their country in the hour of her need and went forth in her defense, and to their duty called they were found, whether amid the malaria of southern swamps, on the march, leading a forlorn hope against the enemy, or in vile prison pens, the mention of whose names brings a thrill of horror to all hearts. They fell by the great and good people, to follow them to the hospitals; they went down before the rush of the enemy and were killed or reported missing, and never again heard from; they endured privations and hardships such as we cannot comprehend, and they did it all without murmur or complaint, for the love and respect they had for the heroes of '76 and their regard for the liberty and good name of their country, for their homes and firesides and the still more tender regard for the dear ones in those homes whose prayers for them were their only comfort. They loved their homes and firesides as we do ours, but loved their country more.

The spirit that actuated them was well illustrated by one who said: "If my country needs me, I will die, I will die to follow them to the sacrifice." This was Charles Ward, a worthy son of one of the first settlers, who cheerfully gave his life at Gettysburg.

Our ancestors early recognized the importance of education and all through the two centuries that have passed since its incorporation Newton has made the most liberal appropriations for its public schools, thus standing well among the many cities and towns of the Commonwealth.

Early in the history of Massachusetts, slavery was introduced and it is not surprising that some should have been found in Newton. The records show that at least 36 slaves were mentioned in the inventories of deceased persons, and there were probably others.

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Newton was a purely agricultural town, and its farmers were prosperous. Large sums, before it became the houses for the times, but which would hardly compare with many of the palatial residences which we see today. As early as 1688 a mill was built at Upper Falls. Still later other mills were located along the Charles river for the manufacture of cloths, still existing today.

In 1788 a library was formed at West Newton. The Adelpian library formed by gentlemen interested in the temperance cause was the next step and both of these finally merged in the West Newton Athenaeum in 1840, still existing today. In 1848 the Newton Book Club was formed, which later took the name of the Newton Literary Association, and from this small beginning has come the magnificent Free Public Library of Newton which contains many thousands of volumes. Large sums, before it became the houses for the times, but which would hardly compare with many of the palatial residences which we see today. As early as 1688 a mill was built at Upper Falls. Still later other mills were located along the Charles river for the manufacture of cloths, still existing today.

The first cemetery was around the first church. Later, burial grounds were located at West Newton, near Upper Falls, and one at the Lower Falls. The Newton Cemetery Corporation was finally organized, resulting in the establishing of one of the most beautiful rural cemeteries in New England.

The town had a fire department as early as 1813. A steam fire engine was purchased in 1867, another in 1871, and a third in 1873. This was followed by the introduction of the fire alarm system. Newton has always provided generously for its poor. In 1824 John Kendrick created a fund to aid the poor. This fund was faithfully administered from that time to this, and has proved a source of comfort to many. We could speak of the Cottage Hospital, the Pomroy Home, the Pine farm school and other charitable institutions that have been established here. A system of water works was completed in 1876, and Newton has enjoyed from that time the luxury of pure water in abundance.

The town having outgrown its old form of government, April 7, 1873, by vote in town meeting, it was decided to petition the General Court for a city charter, which was granted in October following. Two hundred years have passed since the legal incorporation of Newton, then a small town with a very sparse population, now a city of more than 20,000 inhabitants. Then with a single church, now 26 or more churches, and an increasing number of schools, and \$200,000. Then here and there a lane or town-way, now more than 130 miles of well kept streets; then no school houses, now those of magnificent proportions, with schools of all grades,

private academies and other institutions of learning; then a few farmhouses, now beautiful villages, costly business blocks, palatial residences and cozy cottages, showing culture and progress on every hand.

HON. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL.

of Chestnut Hill, was next introduced, as both an honored citizen of Newton and a representative of the National Government. His address was as follows: "I am not a native of Newton and have had no opportunity to prepare a fitting address for this occasion, but should be hardly true to the town where I have passed the most important and larger half of my life were I to refuse the earnest request of our mayor to address you if only a few brief words."

No one can have lived in this beautiful place for over thirty years without being impressed with its numerous attractions, favored as it is in every way by nature and rendered more desirable as a place of residence by all that its worthy citizens can devise for the promotion of health, comfort, education and intelligence.

There is, I believe, no town or city in the neighborhood of Boston which can compare with Newton. Her commanding hills, each offering an extensive panorama peculiar to itself, all exquisite, but none alike, her lovely meadows and valleys, her beautiful river gracefully and quietly winding around her borders, furnishing her people with purest water, her sweet invigorating air bringing health, especially to those whose good fortune it is to live on her higher plains and hillsides, her roads of such unrivaled excellence, her numerous schools and numerous churches, her pretty cottages and handsome villas resting in their well kept lawns and gardens, her intelligent and thrifty population, all constitute Newton the gem in the coronet of beautiful towns and cities which envy no man merits.

Let us ever be proud of her, and be grateful, too, that our lives are cast in such pleasant places. May we ever be ready to speak for her, work for her, and by one individual and united effort to defend her against every open or covert foe, and her homes may be free from vice and intemperance, her schools true to their well earned reputation, her officers above suspicion, and her church bells never may be silent.

So shall we hand down to posterity the rich legacy received from the fathers for which they labored and toiled, as never before nor since have men labored and toiled.

The early history of Newton has always seemed to me to be in one way especially interesting, and quite above the story of the dull, dreary routine of toil and drudgery which fell to the lot of most of the other towns, for was it not here that John Eliot, that true apostle, labored to teach the poor Indian the great truths of Christianity?

I know no more touching tale in our early history than the account handed down to us of those poor sons of the forest seated around Eliot, who had after years of careful study mastered their language, eagerly drinking in his words, and tearfully questioning him. "Did God understand Indian prayers?" "Were the English ever so ignorant as the poor Indians?"

The confession of Waban, too, the first Christian convert, before he died, might well bring tears to the eyes of anyone reading it, in view of the sad fate of these native tribes.

What a shame to our race that the work of this noble apostle should have been allowed to perish with him, and the original owners of the soil abandoned to the contamination of vice and disease, to be followed by annihilation. I hold in my hand a sermon which I accidentally found among some old papers printed in 1723, entitled "Question, whether God is not angry with this country for doing so little toward the conversion of the Indians?" "Discourse by the Reverend and Learned Mr. Solomon Stoddard of North Hampton," in which the good man exclaims: "The possession of this noble apostle should have been allowed to perish with him, and the original owners of the soil abandoned to the contamination of vice and disease, to be followed by annihilation. I hold in my hand a sermon which I accidentally found among some old papers printed in 1723, entitled 'Question, whether God is not angry with this country for doing so little toward the conversion of the Indians?' 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